The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

NEW ENGLAND

Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, CATTLE, and SHEEP Insured against *death*, or *damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon the returns for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured, before they are injured or take sick and die. E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Wm. Coulson, *Inspector.*

November 12, 1851. y19

Insurance Agency.

THE subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct 30 1851. 517

Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at very low rates.

DIRECTORS.—Wm. Burnet, E. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Peison, S. W. Reeder Sec. Wm. Parker, Pres't.

Office No. 3, Front Street, Cincinnati.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. y44p

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,

Agent Protection Insurance Company

Fort Wayne, Jan 16, 1850. 45y

CITY Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE

Stores, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.

DIRECTORS.

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E. B. REEDER, *President.*

N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

Office.—No 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.

A VIGOROUS LIFE.

Or a Premature Death.

Kinkelin on Self Preservation.

ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency, Dr. K. would say—

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of Lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Union streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid,) and be cured at home.

PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. 1y4

NEW GOODS.

WILSON & TRESSELT are now receiving, direct from New York, a splendid assortment of New Goods consisting of

Dry Goods. Groceries.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

to which they respectfully invite the attention of those wishing to purchase.

They will also, until the close of navigation, be constantly receiving additions to their stock, which will enable them to keep their assortment as good as any in town.

Those wishing BARGAINS will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell quite as cheap if not a little cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept 9, 1851.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

CHARLES CASE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

OFFICE—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurers office. y3

J. L. WORDEN. W. S. HOAGLAND.

WORDEN & HOAGLAND,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

August 16, 1851. y6

L. M. NINDE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

AND

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets. y47p

WILLIAM H. JONES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.

OFFICE—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 43y

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

Land and Collection Agent,

FORT WAYNE, IA

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co. } *New York.*
Dibblee, Work & Moore, }
John Steward, Jr. & Co. }
Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, }
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Stedman, Maynard & Co. *Cincinnati.*
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Allen Hamilton, } *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, }
R. W. Taylor. }

OFFICE—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church. July 18 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. K. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents.* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

OFFICE.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets. Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will be attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Snydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex Kevan, "
" Jas Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun

JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

FORT WAYNE, Ia,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Young & Waite, Maumee.	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland.	Halsted Hamer & Co., "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, "	Halstead & Buckaw, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq., "
Fox & French, "	Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Levering, "
Corson, Tweed & Co., "	McDowell & Day, Philadelphia
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noye, "	Bullitt & Fairthorne, "

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville Ky., and of the University of New York and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Henderson's Boarding House, near the Hedekin House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.

May 2, 1851. y43

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish such services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 1f8

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged p6m8

PIQUA HOUSE,

JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.

Corner of Main and Water Sts.,

6m24p **PIQUA, OHIO.**

Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders She has several pleasant rooms now vacant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,000 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by

WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept 9, 1851.

POETRY.

THE PRINTER.

Among the ranks of human men,
Some go before, and some behind,
But mark them well and you shall find
Not hindmost is the Printer.

Of numbers oft he takes the lead,
And is a gentleman, indeed,
For whom the world has utmost need,
This very self same Printer.

The lessons which you learn at school
That you might not grow up a fool.
Had all in scientific rule,
Been published by the Printer.

How do your Presidents and Kings
Govern so many thousand things,
'This by the types, and screws, and springs
Belonging to the Printer.

The farmer, and mechanic, too,
Would sometimes scarce know what to do
Could they not get a certain view
Of work done by the Printer.

The doctor cannot meet the crooks
Of all his cases till he looks
Upon the pages of the books
Supplied him by the Printer.

The lawyer for a wit has passed,
But high as he his head may cast,
He would be but a dunce, at last,
Were it not for the Printer.

Who is it that so neatly tells
The various goods the merchant sells,
Inviting all the beaux and belles?
Who is it but the Printer.

Two classes of the human race,
Of different size, of differentace,
Appears of this and every piece—
How obvious to the Printer.

One sings the bass or sharps and flats,
Bedecked with pantaloons and hats,
And long-tailed coats, and smooth cravats
Of this class is the Printer.

The other sings the treble sweet
Adorned with frocks and bonnets neat,
And look! how beauteous and complete,
And lovely to the Printer.

'Tis Hymen's will, of course, you know,
These classes should in couples go,
And since the world will have it so,
So be it, says the Printer.

There's not a man below the skies,
Who better understands to prize
The charms that grace a lady's eyes,
Than does this very Printer?

Young maidens, then, without debate,
'Tis hoped you'll duly estimate,
Before in fact it be too late,
The value of the Printer.

THREE CHEERS.

AN ELECTION DAY ANECDOTE.

On the morning of the election, Mr. Trimmer, one of the candidates for the office of constable in a town "out West," said to his confidential serving man:

You must keep your eyes open to day Jerry. Always see what's to be done and do it.—Remember that the saving of one vote may put one into office. And one thing in particular I want you to bear in mind. There will be some speechifying, and of course I'll be called on; so the moment you hear my name proposed, I want you and your friends to be ready with the *three cheers.*

Jerry had a thick skull and a dull brain; but after considerable scratching of the cranium, he brightened up and said he understood his matter perfectly, and that he could depend upon him.

That's right, said Mr. Trimmer. You are a stupid fellow sometimes, Jerry; but *you* make yourself useful, when you try. Now do your work and I'll reward you. And Jerry—don't forget the three cheers.

The polls were opened. At first the election was dull business; but towards the middle of the forenoon, the people began to assemble, and considerable excitement was raised. The party to which Mr. Trimmer belonged, made the old Red Tavern their head quarters. Liquor was drank in the bar room, and speeches made on the steps, all for the public good.—Mr. Trimmer's purse was opened, and so was his mouth. He treated the crowd to bad liquor and worse harangues; while Jerry at the same time was making himself useful. Affairs prospered favorably, when, after a number speeches were made from the door steps, somebody called for Trimmers.

Trimmers! Trimmers! echoed the crowd.

Now was the critical moment. The candidate for constable had done is share of talking that day: but this was the first time he was called upon for a speech. He passed through the crowd and reached the open space alloted to the speaker.

Trimmer! Trimmer! cried a small boy in the crowd.

Trimmer bowed. Trimmer cast his eyes about him to see what had become of Jerry.

Hem! coughed the candidate a little disconcerted.

Put'er through, screamed the small boy.

Trimmer bowed, and attempted to smile.—But he had set his heart on the three cheers and he need them to encourage him. After some hesitation, however he began—

Fellow citizens.

A dead silence followed.

Hem—the day is one of—of—immense importance to the country.

Trimmer glanced his eyes around him for some manifestations of approbation. How he cursed the stupid Jerry in his heart, for not breaking the embarrassing silence with tumultuous applause. He was cut short by the provoking spectacle of Jerry and a companion elbowing their way through he crowd toward the speacker.

Give us room, cried Jerry. Out of the way here. Let us pass.

Having attracted the popular eye, and drawn attention entirely from the speacker to himself, he emerged from the crowd with his companion, and placed directly under the nose of the horrified Trimmer a stool and two cheers.

What does this mean? whispered Mr. Trimmer, turning very white, then flushing very red.

Wall, said Jerry, loud enough to be heart by the whole crowd, I couldn't do no better. You said you wanted three cheers but we couldn't get but *two* CHEERS *and a stool!*

Up went a roar of laughter, and down went the disconcerted candidate. The confusion was great, speechifying was at an end, and Jerry's mistake about the three cheers defeated Trimmer's election.—*Carpet Bag.*

A wit being told that an old acquaintance was married, exclaimed—"I am glad to hear it." But, reflecting a moment, he added, in a tone of compassion and forgiveness—"and yet I don't know why I should be; he never did me any harm."

Advice to Wives.—Should you find it necessary, as you undoubted will, many of you, to chastise your husbands, you should perform this affectionate duty with the soft end of the broom, and not with the handle.

The Known and Unknown.

Great though man is, intellectually, still all the finowledge which he possesses is as vanity, compared to the great misterious unknown—that wich he does not know. He makes the lightning his messenger, and sends words of hope, love, or fear to distant places on its fiery wings. He takes iron from the mine and wood from the forets; the one he makes his steed, and the other his driver, and away he roars on the iron track faster than the eagle cleaves the air. He throws his iron bridge over the sea; and his iron cords span the yawning chasm, where Niagara's waters run dark and deep. The ocean billows are smoothed by the wheels of his steamships; he pierces throuh the Alps with the chisel and drill; he makes his pathway beneath greath rivers, and walks dry shod beneath the keels of huge ships. All this he does, and much more, by the force of his splendid mind—that constructive faculty implanted in him by his great Creator. But great though mas is intellectually, and vast though the os his mind are, to comprehend and plan; extensive as is his knowledge of things in earth, water, air and sky, still as this but teaches him that he knows nothing in comparison with that which is hevond his ken.

The astronomer had constructed his telescope six feet in diameter, and with it he seeth clearly five hundred times further than he can with his naked eye; with it he hath made many discoveries in the starry heavens, for he can tell the height of the mountains and the deeths of terrific craters in the moon; he hath counted other systems beside our own solar corner of the universe; but these things only impress more strongly upon his mind the simple fact, "he is but a babe in knowledge." He sees double, triple and quadruple stars; one red, another blue; one crowned with revolving rings, and another oscillating like a pendulum; and viewing these immensities, the conclusion if forced upon his mind, that this earth in the universe of worlds, is like a cork on the great ocean, and himself like a butterfly which dances in the sunbeam.

It may be acnowledged that man can know but little of those immensities which are so far removed from the sphere in which he dwells, but it is different with those things which are brought under his strict observation. There is some force in this remark, still the knowledge which man has accumulated in all the generations of his existence, forms but a small mound in comparison with the unknown. No machine hath yet been built which can cleave the air like the swallow, or dwell continually amid the storms of the ocean like the "petrel."—No steam or other engine ever constructed, can give out such an amount of power every day, with three pounds of fuel, as the human machine, which, in a full grown man, consumes only three pounds of food. In apparently very simple things we know comparatively little. Who can detect that influence in a bank note whibh carries disease and death from an infected person to another, hundreds of miles distant. Plagues and fearful diseases are carried on the wings of the wind, but not chemest by the most refined analysis, has been able to detect the subtile destroyer, which tells man "he dwells in a cottage of clay and is crushed before the moth."

We enter the flowery garden, and our sense tell us there are substances floating in the atmosphere which has been cast off by the rustling *rose and geranium*, to give pleasure to the mind; but those substances cannot be seen by the eye, heard by the ear, of felt by the hands; they are too fine for the scale of the chemist his weights and measures are yet far too coarse to weigh an atom or circumscribe its dimensions; and here may lie some of those secrets which for want of a better term, chemists give the name of "isomeric compounds." In the organic cell of the lottiest and lowliest known existences, there is a world beyond the search of the most powerful microscope that has yet been constructed. If there is in an overpowering sense of man's ignorance derived from an examination of the universe, as strong a sense of our ignorance is derived from contemplation of a single molecule of matter,—the universe of a drop of water—a single organic cell.

It is not to be supposed, however, that because many things are now hidden a secret to us, they will always remain so. There is a limit to the mental grasp of man—beyond it he cannot go, but the world is full of wonders yet to be discovered—nature hath already revealed many of her secrets, and she will tell us many more. The qualities of a great and good discoverer and inventor are, a good judgment—common sense—reflection, industry, observation, and arrangement. Newton was preeminently distinguished by those qualities; and by the falling of an apple, his observing mind took that which, to all others had, since the world began, excited no curious emotion, and it led to the discovery of that law which binds the sweet influences of the Pleides, guides the planets in their courses in the stellar heavens, and which as hath been well observed by an *eloquent astronomer*,—"conveys the thrill of the thrush's song to the remotest star in the universe." Every man, then, who has the least ambition to extend the borders of our knowledge—an doh what a field there is before us still,—should observe, reflect, arrange, and gather up facts,—for science is but a collection of well arranged facts.—*Scientific American.*

MINESOTA is doubtless a great country, and St. Paul's a thriving place; but we should judge by the following extract from the Minesota Pioneer that they do not have much better beef there than we do in Fort Wayne. In that respect St. Paul's and Fort Wayne are about on an equality.

Fresh Tendelines.—The work oxen now being driven down from the pineries, the butcher shops of St. Paul are again supplied beeves. Their yokes, sawed up, are about as tender *stakes* as any part of the animal. Slices of sled tongues for soup, would probably be cheaper; and ox chain links, rather more substantial food; and as juicy and palatable. The choiest pieces of the animal, between horns and hocks, sell at ten cents.

A Funny Thing.—Last Saturday the 3d inst, as the express train from Montreal was running with great speed to make up lost time, between St. Johns and Rouse's Point, the engine man discovered a woman standing in the centre of the track, frantically swingging a basket, evidently with the intention of stopping the train. The wistle soon sunded for "*down brakes hart*," and with great exertion the train was brought to rest within a few feet of the woman, who never stirred from the track, or evinced the slightest fear.

The engiman, fire-man, and brake man, and Superintendant, (who happened to be on the train,) ran up to the woman to find out what horrible accident had happened ahead, to call forth such a strong demonstration on her part. Each asked eagerlp the cause for her signal. "*Lawful sakes*," said she, "*I never seed one of them machines before in my life*, and I do declare its the funniest thing I ever did see."—*Burlington Free Press*

It is all moonshine about the Connecticut girls petitioning to Congress to "have leap year come considerable oftener."

Support Home Papers.

This voice is beginning to be listened by the Western Press, and it should be heeded by the Western people. Home papers have done more for the West, than can be calculated in dollars and cents, and it is truly surprising, as it is ungrateful, that so great a number of Western people prefer to patronize a distant newspaper, to the exclusion of one published near home. Distant newspapers as a general thing, are of little intrinsic value, and as a means of advocating our local interests, they are no use whatever. Why then should they be regarded with that favor which belongs only to those which are really and intrinsically useful? It is extremely difficult to find an excuse for those who persist year after year to patronize distant newspapers, in preference to those who are ever ready to advocate and promote their local and individual interests. Of course such persons claims the right of doing as they please, without regard to circumstances, they very often do wrong. It appears to us, mere gratitude for services rendered, apart from any other inciting motives, should induce Western people to patronize Western papers. Here newspaper do everything for the people.

Is a grant of land to be petitioned for from the government, who are the ablest advocates of the petitioners? Who persevere so long and so steadily in urging the claims of the State and of the people to the consideration and respect of Congress? The newspaper—the humble newspapers. Are they paid for this? Not one cent.

Is a railroad or plankroad to be built, who does most of the preliminary work—who appeals most ably to the people in its behalf—who labors mort to gather information from the experience of others, and lay it before the community, so that the people may be warned against improvidence or encouraged to profit by circumstances analagous to those which may have been advantageous to others? The newspaper do this. And are they not paid for this? no; they are not. Sometimes they may be thanked, but just as frequently blamed for their services; but of for being paid, no one thinks of such an act of justice.

There are a thousand other services which newspapers render the community, which need not be enumerated, as no reader can be ignorant of the fact that they are on all subjects the exponents of public opinion, and for all useful objects they are the advocates of the gratification of the popular desir. Nor are they less useful in the reprobation of vice than they are able in the cause of human happiness. What is it that the offender dreads more than the scating rebuke of the press? Nothing: Neither the pulpit nor the Bar can make him quail, as can the humblest country newspaper.

In the cause of morality—in the advocacy of human rights—in spreading abroad for the information of the people, new facts in science and in arts—in bringing together a knowledge of passing events from all the nations, tribes and peoples of the world—what so industrious, what so influential, what so useful as a newspaper? Every paper is a cyclopædia of knowledge, and such knowledge, too, as may be sought for in vain elsewhere.

As then its cost, what is it? Less for a year than a single "treat all round" of a few cigars. Less than any one of the thousand luxuries which with most people have become indispensable with their daily fare.

With all these advantages which can be purshesed so cheaply, why is it that so large a number of human beings refuse to avail themselves of a newspaper? We may be able to account for some intermediate motives which actuate them, but we cannot account for the primary cause. Who will enlighten us on this subject? Of course no one can, except he who refuses to take a newspaper.—*Janesville Gaz.*

A Short Romantic Love Story.

We clip the following little bit of romance in real life from the Baltimore Clipper:

AN EXCITING SCENE.—Some three ago a young gentleman, after having been refused the hand of a beautiful young lady then residing in Charles street, on account of his poverty left this city for California, declaring that he would return at some future time possessed of riches, at all events enough to make himself and his intended comfortable. After assurances of unalterable affection from the young lady, he left for New York, where he took passage in an old worn out vessel for the El Dorado.—After the lapse of some ten months the vessel reached her destination, and the young gentleman immediatley set out for the gold mines, determining that he would not write to his friends, but as soon as fortune should favor him with enough of the precious metal he would return unexpectedly and by this means ascertain if his lady-love had been true to her promise.

A few days scince he arrived in New York, and left for this city, in fond anticipation of suprising the dearest object of his heart. On his arrival here he immediately repaired to the lady's former residence, and was much disappointed to hear that the idol of his affections had left the city, shortly after his departure, with her parents to visit the Northern States and, becoming so much pleased with the change, her parents had settled in the city of New York. The gentleman left the house with a heavy heart, determining, after calling upon some of his intimate friends, to return to New York in search of the lady. On his way out Charles street, when near the corner of Monument street, he saw a little girl about two years old, who so much resembled the object of his search that he stopped for a moment to gaze upon her features, when who should turn the corner but the identical young lady, as he imagined, arm in arm with a gentleman. Our California friend stood aghast for a moment, then rushed forward, caught the lady in his arms, and burst forth in a flood of tears. The gentleman accompanying the lady was all amazement, and for more than a minute could not speak.

As soon as his speaking faculties returned he caught the California gentleman by the collar, and demanded an explanation, which was satisfactorily given, and all the parties left the spot in high glee, the young lady hanging in a most affectionate manner on the arm of our California friend. The lady and gentleman who had turned the corner were brother and sister, and the young lady was the cousin of the affianced bride of the gentleman from California. When we left the scene we really thought our California friend would go into hysterics, so pleased was he to hear that the object of his search was true to her vows, and dying with impatience to clasp him in her arms. They proceeded to the residence of the young lady, who resides Conway street, and the meeting of the lovers can "better be imagined than described."

Returning Missionaries.—A private letter to the Commercial, from Shanghai, mentions that Mrs. Taylor, the devoted missionary at Sanghai, is compelled to return to the United States in consequence of ill health. Mrs. Boon, wife of Bishop Boon, return for the same reason. also Rev. Dr. Bridgeman, whose health is much impaired. All the above missionaries sailed in the ship Adelaide, Capt. Cobb.

Energy of Character.

A bold, vigorous man—what a tone he gives to the company he may be in, to the society in which he lives, to the nation wherein he was born! Men seem inebriate with the atmosphere around him, so completely are they overcome in his presence. He is never weary, never languid; there his nothing enervating falls from him in action or speech. He strengthens and arouses. He sets men of no confidence on their feet, not purposely, but by his own example. They see him, one of themselves, the boy they went to school with, expanded into man, and drawing all after him in the vortex in which he moves. He is a perpetual reproach to the sluggard, a joy to the timid, those who want confidence, and who fancy they are by temperament or situation precluded from possessing or manifesting the daring animating power. Energy of character is continually renovating society—elevating man to a level whence they see so easily it is or seems to be great and joyful, as strong and vigorous as he who, by act or thought, lifted them up. It is animating to see men press on in the race of emulation, inspiree by some fellows who figures in the past, or is present among them. The enthusiasm one man can create by bold and earnest action is astonishing. One jovial free hearted, generous stranger, coming by accident or otherwise among us, will often upset or invigorate a clique of friends inured, completly trained, into dullness and customary quiet.—The enthusiasm of the moment overbears all our preconceived notions of order, our silent and respectful decorum; our fear of giving offence, that piriful but common vice, which makes us careful even to folly in what we say, is by the current of this man's spirit rolling through us and forcing up ours, swept away; and the night, the day, the time whenever it is forms a bright spot in our history. It is from this public meetings derive their interest, and public opinion its force. We are sure of meeting some earnest man that will cheer us, give us keener, fuller sensations, and thus one or two beings, connected with the millions by mystic chains of sympathy communicate the fire of their own minds to every man, until is powerful energy awakens the dormant intellect of all.

High and Low Pressure.—The N. Y. Mirror says, when we speak of the high pressure steamers on the Western rivers, do not some readers ask—what is the meaning of *high pressure?* We imagine that they do, and that they will thank us for answering the question. Those who know already, occupy themselves with other articles.

Attend, then reader pupil. The Steam Engine is set in motion by the driving back ward and forward of the piston in the cylinder, just as a cork might be driven in a tube, by the steam one end to the other, and this is affected by the steam. The steam is let in below the piston, and drives it up and is then let in above, and drives it down. Of course, when the piston has descended to the bottom of the cylinder, the steam which drives it down is to be open near the top, and the steam let in below must force out the steam above.

But this cylinderful of steam is to be driven out against the atmosphere. The whole inner surface of the cylinder is pressed by the atmosphere about fifteen pounds to the square inch. Now if the steam let in below does not exceed fifteen pounds to the square inch, the piston will not rise. We must have a pressure of steam greater than this, to produce motion at all. But if the steam above the piston can be suddenly cooled back into water, it will be put out of the way, and a vacuum will be found in its place. There will be nothing to prevent the upward motion—every ounce of pressure below will be effective. The atmosphe itself, if allowed to enter below would drive up the piston.

In the low pressure engines, the steam which has driven the piston in one direction, is condensed into water, and taken entirely out of the way. In these engines, if the steam let in gives a pressure of fifteen pounds to the inch within the cylinder, this will move *without any pressure on the boiler outward.* It is only above this pressure that the strain begins. But in the high pressure engines, there is no apparatus for condensing the steam. It is driven out, in the way described, against the atmosphere, and the first fifteen pounds of pressure on the boiler does nothing to move the engine. It is only above this that anything is accomplished.

The engines of our locomotives, and our mills, shops and factories generally, are high pressure. The condensing apparatus adds much to the expense, and requires much space. On all our Eastern steamers, condensing or low pressure is used,

Perhaps this explanation will suffice. The manner of effecting the condensation of the steam, we will not now describe. The reader is satisfied, we trust, in regard to the peculiarity which gives the names *high pressure* and *low pressure.* The former are known by their pulling off a portion of steam, at every stroke into the atmosphere.

☞ The man who don't take a paper, called in the other day to know if Kossuth was an Irishman, and whether he was going to be President. We told him he ought to take a paper, so he could observe the signs of the times. He said he didn't believe much in signs—though he believed the dark of the moon was a good time to plant taters.—*Lafayette Courier.*

Pass the fellow round "who don't take a newspaper" that every body may see what sort of an animal he looks like. Didn't the fellow have *long ears.*—*Toledo Rep.*

Barnum's Elephants.—Barnum's Travelling Menagerie has been laid up the past winter at Schenectady, and will shortly commence its second summer tour. The elephants have all lived through the cold weather, and are in excellent health and condition. Many important additions have been made to the Zoological collection since the last season, including a splendid Royal Bengale Tiger, the largest ever seen in America, and a monster White or Polar Bear. A fine Lioness has also "added" three promissing whelps to the exhibition, and an infant camel has unexpectedly made his appearance, being the first one ever born in this country. The cage and all the travelling paraphernalia have been rehitted, and establishment will doubtless create a great sensation in the towns it visits during the coming six months.

A Singular Suit.—The Lowell (Mass.) Vox Populi states that Catherine Cassidy has brought a suit against the Suffolk Manufacturing Company, for refusing to give her a "line," or recommendation, in consequence of which refusal the was unable to obtain employment in other corporations. A portion of the evidence was heard, when the Judge, on account of the new and important law question raised, took the case from the jury, in order that the whole court might determine the rules of law applicable to it.

PAUPERISM IN NEW YORK.—There was 5,713 persons in the different institutions of the New York alms house department during the month of March. The out-door poor numbered 2,721.

Are You Educating Your Boy?

This inquiry is addressed to every parent who may cast his eye upon it, that has a son, or a ward to educate and fit for active duties of life. Are you during his childhood either instructing him yourself in the rudiments of reading, spelling, arthmetic, geography, the art of writing, English grammar, composition and book keeping, or sending him to a master who is competent to teach him these essentials of a primary education? If so, then you are doing what ought to be done for every boy in the land.

But no faithful parent will, or rather should be contented in barely *knowing* that his boy is professedly attending to these several studies, during the days of his childhood and youth—for many a boy is spending his youthful probation over the books that contain the elementry knowledge necessary for him in future life, without acquiring it. This is a fact to which many who have passed from boyhood to manhood in by gone years have borne their testimony with deep regret and remorse. See then, that your boy attends to these things and acquire knowledge daily.

It is no less important that he be taught also, to labor—so that if need be, he can support himself by labor. There are many, who, when they come to manhood, though they possess fine talents, and what is denominated "a finished education," yet are unable to provide for themselves food and clothing, unless they can find employment in what is called a professional life, or the business thereof.

No such man can be said to have "a finished education," and no education should be qualified with such an epithet that does not thoroughly furnished a man so, that if he cannot provide for himself the necessaries of life in his own chosen way, there are other vocations to which he can readily turn his attention and secure an independent living. Such a man can be an upright and honest officer of government or any other corporation—you can trust him—he is to be relied on—for to hold an office is an accident as it were of his life. Not so however with him who is an accident of the office—who knows no other way of support, but that of favoritism which comes from personal friends or from government. Educate your boy then, if you would make a man of him, so that he shall have the power of a man within him—then will he always demean himself as a man, wherever and whenever he is called to act. This is educating your boy, and furnishing him for the days of manhood.

OLD HAYS.—A friend tells a good story of "Old Hays," when he was crier of the Court of Sessions.

The room was unusualy warm, and he was very apt in the afternoon to drop away in a doze.

On one occasion while the recorder was charging a jury, the old man snored, quite audibly. An officer immediately whispered in his ear: "Uncle Jacob, some one is snoring and disturbing the court." Up jumped Hays, and with his stentorian lungs cried out, "Silence! there must be no snoring in court!" And turning to the recorder, he said: "You can now go on without interruption." The story is sometimes told of him, that being awakened one day by a peal of thunder, he cried out Silence."—*Knickerbocker.*

File your Newspapers.—How interesting it would be to an old man to look into the newspapers which he had read when he was twelve, or sixteen and twenty years old? How many events would this call to mind which he has entirely forgotten! How many interesting associations and feelings would it revive! What a view it would give one of past years! What a knowledge it would preserve, by assisting the memory! And how many valuable purposes of a literary kind even might it be rendered subservient to! How much I wish I could look into such record, whie compousing this article."

The Cristal Palace.—It seems pretty certain that the glass house in Hyde Park will be pulled down, and in anticipation of such a determination on the part of the Government, a company in London have offered Messrs Fox, Henderson & Co., the sum of $350,000 for the building, with a view of removing it the some spot in the outskirts of the metropolis, for the purpose of establishing a winter garden.

☞ If you want a favor of a married woman, brag on her baby. If you want to obtain her eternal enmity, let her turn around and catch you making mouths at it.

The Boston Post gives the weather a sly dig after the following fashion:

"*Farm Work for April.*"—Now clear the snow from your hot beds, shovel walks from the house to the highway, make paths for the cattle to go out and take the air and browse, and prepare the seeds and tools for planting in July, in case of a favorable change in the weather.

The Sun and Moon.—The Sun gives light and the Moon reflects it. The Democrats meet at Baltimore on the first of June.—the Whigs at Philadelphia two weeks afterwards. Positive and negative electricity.

☞ The farmers of the Scioto valley, Ohio, and of the country immediately adjacent have formed an association for the importation of improved blooded cattle. Nearly ten thousand dollars have been already contributed by the members of

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1852.

☞ All legal advertisements sent to this Office for publication, hereafter, must be accompanied by the cash to insure an insertion.

The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

STATE AT LARGE.

JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

First—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
Second—JAMES S. ATHON, of Clark County.
Third—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
Fourth—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
Fifth—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
Sixth—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
Seventh—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
Eighth—LORENZO C. DOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
Ninth—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
Tenth—
Elevenths—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

Reduction of Tolls.—By a telegraphic dispatch from Maj. Edsall we have the gratifying intelligence that the Trustees of the Wabash & Erie Canal have made a reduction of about 50 per cent on the tolls on the Wabash & Erie Canal. We will give further particulars in our next.

Health of Mr. Clay.—By recent accounts from Washington we are pained to learn that this distinguished Statesman is rapidly failing, and cannot be expected to survive more than a few weeks. His family have been summoned from Kentucky to attend on him.

RAILROADS.—As a proof of the capacity of railroads for transporting freight we may mention that we saw a train on the Cincinnati & Cleveland Railroad of 48 cars, viz: 19 baggage cars, 11 stock cars containing each 15 head of cattle, 9 do. filled with hogs, and 9 do. with sheep.

The Fruit Crop.—We are gratified to learn that the fears entertained in relation to the fruit crop have proved in a great measure groundless. Few if any apple trees have been killed, and there is a fair prospect of a reasonable crop of fruit. Peaches will be scarce, and many trees are killed; but the destruction is not near so general as was apprehended.

Throughout Ohio we learn that the prospect of all kinds of fruit except peaches is good.—The apple-trees are uninjured, and it is believed that but few of the peach trees are killed.

The Union Safe!—The South Carolina State Convention have resolved by a vote of 135 to 20 not to dissolve the Union at present. We never had any very serious fears that they would; but as some nervous people possibly may have been apprehensive that Gen. Quattelbum might at the head of the chivalry of that gallant-talking State have overrun the States and destroy the Union, we feel gratified in being able to announce that there is no immediate danger of such a catastrophe, and that South Carolina has consented to remain in the Union a little longer.

The Convention magnanimously resolved that the frequent violations of the constitution and encroachments on the sovereign rights of the States by the general government, would amply justify the State of South Carolina "in dissolving at once all political connection with her co-States, and that she *forbears* the exercise of that manifest right of self-government from considerations of expediency only."

The Union is therefore safe—for the present.

Gen. Scott in favor of the Compromise!—Late accounts from Washington state that Gen. Scott will shortly issue a letter giving in his adhesion to the compromise measures. The decided opposition of the Native Americans in Pennsylvania, and of the order of the United Americans in New York, have had the influence to soften the General's rigor, and Mr. Seward himself is said to have expressed himself in favor of a few diserest lines, to do away with certain prejudices that might exist in the minds not only of Southern Whigs, but of the Whig Union men of the North itself.

So, after all, the General has been driven out of his non-committal entrenchments, and will have to show himself in the open field and make a fair fight of it. We think he is rather too late to make much by the movement.—Southern whigs cannot have much confidence in such eleventh-hour declarations of attachment to their cause, and Northern free soilers will assuredly desert him if he assume the southern platform. He will yet find that honesty is the best policy, even in politics; and that he cannot now impose upon either branch of the whig party. By seeking to conciliate both, he will probably secure neither; but will find himself prostrate, as is sometimes the case when a man attempts to sit on two chairs at once.

Wabash & Erie Packets.—We have before spoken of the superior style in which these Packets are fitted up this season. We took a trip to Toledo on the Caspian, Capt. George D. Davis, who is one of the best and most comfortable fellows living, and whose genial, jolly countenance imparts a degree of happiness to his passengers that makes the trip not only pleasant, but seems so to shorten the time occupied by the trip, that it might almost be fancied to be made with railroad speed.

The packets leave here for the East every morning at 7 o'clock, and for the West at 11 or 12 o'clock. In pleasant weather no more agreeable trip can be taken than on one of these packets.

THE STEAMER TROY has long been a favorite with those of our citizens who are in the habit of crossing the Lake. We recently took a trip on her from Toledo to Cleveland, and were satisfied there is good grounds for the partiality shown the Troy. She is a first-rate boat, and Capt. Wilkins, her gentlemanly commander, is indefatigable in his efforts to render a passage on her pleasant and agreeable. The cabin is splendid, the state rooms spacious and comfortable, and the attendants civil and obliging. No better opportunity can be found for crossing the Lake than to take passage on the Troy.

The Daily TOLEDO BLADE has been considerably enlarged and otherwise improved. We are pleased to notice this evidence of the success of its enterprising publishers,—a success which they richly merit. Although rather too whiggish for our taste, it is in other respects a valuable paper, especially for business men, giving the latest commercial and other telegraphic news. Subscribers along the canal line receive later news from the Toledo papers than any other source.

THE WOODRUFF HOUSE, Sycamore Street, Cincinnati, is one of the most desirable stopping places a traveller can sojourn at. The house is newly furnished throughout, with every thing necessary for the convenience and accommodation of the numerous guests with which it is thronged. No pains are spared by the enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Tuttle, and the polite and gentlemanly clerk, Mr. G. W. Prince, to render the guests comfortable. The table is covered with a profusion of the choicest viands, got up in first rate style, and attended by the most civil and attentive waiters we have ever seen.

We were shown over the whole house, and were surprised to see how well every thing was arranged, and the neatness and good order pervading every branch of the establishment. The parlors, drawing rooms, &c. are furnished in the most sumptuous style,—and in short nothing is left undone to make the Woodruff House deserving public patronage. The situation is central, and convenient for business men, being in the midst of the business part of the city. Any person visiting Cincinnati will do well to register his name at the Woodruff House.

☞ Merchants dealing in Cincinnati will find it to their advantage to call on S. H. Parvin, Merchandize and Produce Broker, 36 Walnut Street, Cincinnati. He is not a dealer in any articles himself, but acts as a general agent for the wholesale merchants, and as a matter of course is always well posted up in such matters, and knows the exact place where bargains are to be had. By always buying from first hands, he gets goods lower than they can be had from jobbers, and will warrant to furnish any description at the very lowest price, and generally lower than dealers could buy elsewhere.

MATTRESSES.—It is, we believe, a well established fact, that mattresses are much more healthy to sleep upon than feathers, and in warm weather they are decidedly more agreeable. Mr. Gresh has commenced the manufacture of all descriptions of these useful articles—Corn Husk, Curled Hair, Moss, Straw, &c.—on Clinton Street, next door to Mr. Colerick's Confectionary. He makes a superior article, and sells them very low—much cheaper in fact than we should suppose they could be afforded.

NEW GOODS!—Our merchants are now all receiving their spring stocks, and we venture to assert that no other town in the State can show better assortments of goods, or furnish them to buyers at lower prices. A glance at our advertising columns will show where the best bargains are to be had.

We have no room to mention all the stores at length, but must satisfy ourself with a brief notice of those who have received their goods since our former notice.

Messrs. HEDEKIN & SON have commenced business in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. Dykes, in Calhoun Street. They have got a splendid stock, and as they intend to do a cash business exclusively, they can and will sell at the very lowest figure.

Messrs. ORFF & REKER are opening a very well assorted stock, which they will sell on the most reasonable terms. Although rather a new establishment, they have already acquired a very favorable reputation.

BAYLESS & Co's goods are arriving.—Judging from those we have seen, we should say that their stock will fully equal any other in the place. We have always found theirs a very good store to deal in.

C. A. GREY has again filled his store with one of the best and most serviceable stocks of goods to be found any where. His goods are always of the best, and prices low.

WALES & McMULLEN are as usual fully equal to any other of their neighbors in the style and quality of their goods, and say they intend to be a little ahead in cheapness.

H. WILLIAMS is receiving a full supply of choice Family Groceries. He devotes himself to this branch of business exclusively, always lays in a good stock of the best qualities, and sells low.

C. L. HILL is opening a larger and better stock of Books & Stationery than ever before brought here. He has also a heavy stock of Wall Paper of the neatest and richest patterns: and is going into the Music line pretty extensively, having made arrangements to furnish all kinds of Instruments from a Jew's Harp, ("David's Harp of solemn sound?") to a Church Organ. He is well deserving public patronage.

Burnt to Death.—A daughter of Mr. Geo. Lopshire of Pleasant Township, Allen Co., aged 4 years, was burnt to death on the 4th inst. She had accompanied her father into a field where he was ploughing, and in which he had set fire to the stubble; was within fifty steps of her father when the fire, swept by the high wind, reached her, and before he could render assistance she was so badly burned that she died in a few hours.

Good.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune states that a leading Whig Senator, whose political sagacity is unsurpassed, feeling himself a good deal aggrieved at the course of political events, declared a while ago for Mr. Webster, to the astonishment of every body. Being pressed for his reasons for so unexpected a lurch, he at last avowed that he believed the Whig party already needed the discipline of an another national defeat; and to effect this purpose he wanted a candidate nominated who could not obtain a single electoral vote. Hence he went for Mr. Webster.

For the Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:

In your editorial remarks in relation to the communication of T. R. Dickinson that appeared in the Times of April 15th, you hit the nail on the head. You must have read from the book in describing his political complexion. He has probably turned more political summersets since he resided in this county than any other man living, in the same length of time. First an Abolitionist, then a Whig, then a Democrat; Herriman and Anti-Herriman; Borden and Anti-Borden; Anti-Dawson then Dawson, &c. &c. And if you wish to understand the means used to influence the people against certain portions of the district, and to create sectional feelings, just read the article of Dickinson's, and the editorials of the *Central* Organ; they are a mere rehearsal of the language used by Dawson and Mudgett while traversing the country during the recess of the Legislature. Now, I do not know but the democrats of Allen county are all they are "cracked up to be;" but to show the hypocrisy of Dickinson, Dawson & Co. (new firm, and whose name next?) I would say they have themselves been *twitons* to their *darling north;* for who will deny that Dawson supported Col. Spencer for the nomination for Congressman in 1847, and that Dickinson as a delegate from this county to the Huntington convention consented to have the vote for DeKalb county cast for Borden? and then both (Spencer and Borden) belonging to that *horrible* Allen County Democracy. Where was the north then Gentlemen, where? Mark the demagogu s!!

AN ANXIOUS ENQUIRER.

DEKALB, May 4th 1852

From the Indiana State Journal.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

SENATE.—*Wednesday, May 5.*—Petitions favoring the Maine liquor law were presented by eleven Senators from citizens of their respective districts, and referred to the temperance committee without reading. The following bills passed: for settlement of decedents' estates, 37 to 4; concerning real property and the alienation thereof, 31 to 9; concerning the accumulation, &c., of personal property, 31 to 9; regulating prosecutions, &c., in bastardy cases, 37 to 4; and for a more uniform mode of doing township business, 30 to 13.—Bills on their second reading were disposed of. The bill for incorporating railroad companies, being the special order of the day, was taken up, discussed and amended.

HOUSE.—Mr. Owen, from the committee on education, reported back Senate bill for the incorporation of academies high schools, &c., which was ordered to a third reading. A large number of temperance petitions were presented. A bill was introduced in relation to persons of unsound mind. Mr. Smith of M. introduced a bill fixing the hours of manual labor at 10 hours per diem. The general assessment bill was then taken up. The House decided in favor of taxing railroads for county purposes in the counties where they may lay, by a vote of 54 to 29. Mr. Stimpfield moved to exempt from taxation the Wabash and Erie canal, which motion was lost: ayes 26, noes 57. Mr. Hicks moved to amend so as to enable persons to deduct their indebtedness owing in the State, from the amount of their taxables. Further amendments were offered and variously disposed of. Mr. Withers moved the previous question, and the bill was lost on final passage: ayes 48 noes 36. Several bills were read a second time, considered as in committee of the whole. Adj.

SENATE.—*Thursday, May 6.*—Remonstrance against the Maine law was presented from citizens of Madison, and petitions in favor of the law, from citizens of four counties, by as many Senators. Bills authorizing taking deposition of superintendent of insane hospital; for a State board of equalization; and a number of others whose provisions have been acted on in other bills by the Senate, were laid on the table. Bill for incorporation of the towns, &c., passed 32 to 10. Bill introduced to try the right of property in certain cases. Bills passed authorizing the appointment of commissioners to take acknowledgement of deeds; declaring the laws governing this State; and touching gaming contracts. The bill for the incorporation of railroad companies was read a third time, when the Senate adjourned.

The general railroad bill passed in the afternoon—27 to 13. Bill regulating decedents &, was amended and laid on the table. Bill for the support of the Deaf and Dumb Institution introduced. Bill exempting certain persons from arrest, passed. Various bills were reported back from revision committee, and laid on the table. Bills on their second reading and messages from the House were disposed of, when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hicks presented temperance petitions, which were properly referred. Bill in relation to promissory notes and bills of exchange was then passed—ayes 75, noes 2. Mr. Stover, from the select joint committee on revision, reported a bill defining the powers and duties of the Governor, which was read a first time. A bill was passed, by a vote of 79 to 3, for the encouragement of the growth of silk. Bill regulating the duties of justices of the peace was taken up, and after many amendments were offered and adopted, was ordered to be engrossed. The House refused to concur in the Senate's amendment to the common pleas bill, on which a committee of free conference was moved and carried. Bill in relation to the surrender of the public works to the counties in which they lie, was taken up, and, after amendments, laid on the table. Bill providing for the inspection of salt, beef, &c., was then read a third time and passed—ayes 57, noes 19.

In the afternoon the House passed a bill on the subject of easements; a bill in regard to fire companies; and a bill in relation to special elections where passed by large majorities.—The bill in relation to negroes and mulattoes coming into this State, was taken from the table, and, after various amendments, was ordered to be engrossed. Several bills were read a second time, when the House adjourned.

SENATE.—*Monday, May 10.*—Petitions favoring lowering tolls on the Wabash and Erie canal, and for aid to an invalid of Rush county, presented and referred. Bills passed to prevent lost of life, &c., by railroads; providing for support Deaf and Dumb Asylum; regulating descendents and apportionment of estates; to encourage the growth of silk; touching easements; to encourage fire companies; and to provide for special elections.

In the afternoon, bill regulating licenses introduced. Bill regulating inspection of beef, salt, &c., was passed, reconsidered and referred to a select committee. Bill for incorporation of insurance fire companies ordered to engrossment.

HOUSE.—Petitions on the subject of temperance were presented and referred. Mr. Holman, from the committee on the judiciary, reported back a bill in relation to fugitives from justice; laid on the table. A number of bills, on different subjects, were passed, to wit: a bill for the preservation of newspapers in the different counties; a bill prescribing the powers and duties of justices of the peace in criminal cases; a bill in relation to the partition of lands; a bill in relation to landlords and tenants, abolishing distress for rent; and a bill declaring what documents shall be published with the Revised Statutes. The House refused to allow, in any case, a higher rate of interest than 6 per cent. The bill concerning descents and the apportionment of estates being under consideration, the House adjourned.

Afternoon, a bill concerning commissions, certificates, and resignations of office was passed; also, bills for the organisation of the supreme and circuit courts; also a bill for the incorporation of high schools, &c., together with a number of other bills of minor importance, when the House adjourned.

SENATE, May 11.—Resolution adopted calling on the State Auditor for best mode of equalizing assessment for taxes. Supplementary railroad bill referred to select committee with instructions to confine its operations to Dearborn county.—The following House bills passed: concerning unlawful detention of lands; regulating telegraph companies; touching vacancies in office and filling the same; regulating relation between master and apprentice; also, Senate bill organizing insurance companies. The code of practice and pleading reported by the Law Reform Commissioners, was taken up, and, pending its first reading, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Messrs. Smith of S. and Crim each brought in bills: the former in relation to descents—the latter concerning adulterated liquors and penalties for selling the same. The bill to enforce the 13th article of the Constitution, after undergoing numerous amendments, was finally passed by a majority of one vote.

A number of bills were passed, to wit: a bill in relation to clerks of the supreme court; a bill in relation to the sheriff thereof; a bill regulating the the tolls of grist mills, &c; compelling certain officers to give additional security; a bill providing for the sale of public works; and a bill abolishing the office of county agent. Mr. Bryant, from the committee on temperance, reported a bill to regulate and restrain the traffic in *strong drinks.* After the reading of the bill defining county boundries, the House adjourned.

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD.—The work on this road is progressing. A number of the contractors have gone to work on this end of the road. The remainder of the line, from Upper Sandusky to Fort Wayne, Indiana, will be let this month, and then the work will be commenced on the whole line. The friends of this enterprise may rest assured that Wm. Mitchell & Co. will push through this as fast as it can possibly be done. They are just the men.—*Bucyrus Forum.*

THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA.—The United States steamer, Saranac it is said will shortly sail from Pensacola for Nicaragua and Costa Rica, conveying an agent of our own Government, and the British Consul General, having for their object the adjustment of our difficulties, so far as the United States and Great Britain are concerned, and with every prospects of the most favorable results.

A SUBSTANTIAL PLATFORM.—We learn that the committee of arrangements, for the reception of the National Democratic Convention, have ordered, *direct from the Hermitage,* 20,000 feet of *prime* HICKORY BOARDS for the construction of the PLATFORM upon which the Convention is to hold its deliberations.—*Balt. Argus*

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER EUROPA.

3 Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The steamer Europa, with Liverpool dates of the 24th, arrived at about six o'clock this evening. She brings 52 passengers.

Fergus O'Connor came passenger in the Europa.

ENGLAND.—On Thursday, in the House of Commons the subject of abolishing the stamp on newspaper and the duty on advertisements came up. Milner Gibson made a long speech in favor of abolishing all taxes on knowledge, and introduced a motion to that effect. The Chancellor of the Exchequer looked upon the quest on as one of revenue, and stated they could not afford to lose £1,500,000 per annum. At his suggestion the discussion was postponed till Friday week.

Sir J. Packington gave notice of a motion to bring in a bill granting a Constitution to New Zealand, and also stated that is was the intention of Government to make an alteration in respect to the Clergy reserves in Canada.

The Peruvian Legation at London cautions all vessels against proceeding to the islands of Lobos de Tierra and Lobos Fuera without permission of the Peruvian government, under penalty of confiscation.

J. Wentworth Buttler has written a letter to the London Times denying that the Guano Islands of Lobos belong to Peru, as they were not enumerated among her possessions when she declared her independance.

Flax planting is going on extensively in the North of Ireland.

The overland mail from India brings intelligence that the ship Fattahsalam left Madras on the 3d of December, with 284 native emigrants for Mauritius. During a gale on the 23d, the hatches were battered down, and every one perished by suffocation.

A remarkable statement appears in the London Times respecting the course to be pursued by Austria, Prussia, and Russia in the event of Louis Napoleon assuming the tittle of Emperor. The substance of it is that Prince Schwarzenberg had addressed a circular to the European Courts expressing his conviction that Napoleon was about to erect an imperial throne, adding that Austria felt no alarm, and advocating the claims of Napoleon to the friendship and alliance of their respective Governments. Prussia answered this circular on the 18th, and Russia on the 29th of February, and the tenor of both replies is that the two powers looked upon the design neither with favor nor hostility; that they believed he is disposed to follow the foreign policy of his uncle, and was now aiming to separate the powers in order to profit hereafter by that separation; but that the three powers, by acting in concert, could keep him in check. Russia and Prussia, however, would recognise him as emperor, if elected to that office, but merely as an elected monarch, and not as the founder of a Napoleonic dynasty.

In the case of Alderman Solomons, a writ of error was being prosecuted to obtain the decision of the highest judicial tribunals.

The ship Brilliant arrived in the Downs from Australia, with gold valued at £217 000. She also reports that the ship Statesman was to sail in February, with 80,000 ounces.—Twenty one vessels, with emigrants from adjacent colonies, were entering the harbor of Port Philip, when the Brilliant sailed.

The sloop of war Orestes has captured a Spanish slaver on the Mozambique channel, after a desesperate resistance.

FRANCE.—La Patrie announces officially that the President has no intention of proclaiming the Empire.

Extensive preparations are making at Paris for the feast on the 10th of May.

It is stated that a camp of exercise, to be composed of 60,000 men, under the command of Napoleon, was about to be formed.

The editor of the Charivari has received official caution to be more to be more careful in his publications.

AUSTRIA.—A telegraphic despatch from states that the prosecutions against the mother and sisters of Kossuth had been stopped, and they will be allowed to come to America.

The Vienna Lloyds contredicts the statement that a conference is to be held at London respecting the Danish succession.

ITALY.—At Genoa the state of trade had revived wonderfully since the commercial treaty had been made.

At London the gold mining shares had improved in demand, and on the 2d prices were tending upwards.

PERSIA.—The cholera has again broken out in different parts of Persia, and is committing frighful ravages.

MARKET.—Liverpool, April 24.—Breadstuffs—There has been a good demand for Four at 6d per bbl. advance. Western Canal, Philadelphia and Baltimore 20s 6d a 21s. Ohio 21s a 21s 6d. Sales of white corn at 29s 3d a 29s 9d, and yellow at 30s a 30s 6d, which is 3d in advance. Gardiner's circular quotes wheat as having advanced 1d, flour 6d, and corn 6d a 1d per qr. Mc. Henry quotes large sales of red wheat at 5s 9d and white at 6s.

Provisions—There have been large sales of old beef. Old beef is quoted at 65s. There no bacon on hand. Pork is in good request. Lard is steady, and in good demand at 48s.

Money Market.—Money is plenty, and the rates of discount at the Bank of England have been reduced to two per cent. Console had touched 99½ and closed at 99¼.

French Design upon Rome—The Temporal Power of the Pope in Danger.—In the foreign advices lately we have several times spoken of the arrival of Prince Canino Bonaparte at Civita Vecchia, and more lattely his return to Paris has been recorded, with the statement that the Pope refused him permission to enter Rome, though the Prince claimed only to desire to see his family there, and attend to some private business. The correspondent of the New York Times, however, writing from Turin, April 14th, puts a more serious aspect on the visite of the visit of the Prince, as follows:

I wrote, also, that this unexpected visit of the ex-President of the Roman Assembly was connected with the future political conduct of the Prince President of France. The following astonishing fact will fully corroborate my former assertions. A few days past, a Signor Calendrelli, a high officer of the Sardinian Government, residing in Turin, read, at the end of a letter apparently addressed to him self from Paris, the signature of one of the sons of Prince Canino, with whom he had any acquaintance. But his wonder increased still more frow the contents of the letter. The writer announced that his father had been sent to Rome by the President of the French Republic, *upon a very important mission;* and invited Signor Calandrelli to start immediately for Paris. The reader, after a careful perusal of the letter and of the address, discoverch that it was for the *Ex-Minister of War of the Roman Republic,* and dispached to him the paper with preliminary excuses for the error, resulting from the identity of the names. In fact, the Secretary of war of the Roman Republic resided in Turin, and following the advice of the writer, left immediately for Paris.

From this fact, which I gathered from an official source, and from various rumors which circulate in the diplomatic cirrles, announcing that Louis Napoleon is on the point of publis'ing a Decree greater than the imperial Scheme, you may be certain that Pius IX is yet in danger of losing his temporal power, and the Papal Government will be trusted to one of Bonaparte's family.

Sad Affair.

Covington has been the scene of one of the saddest and most deplorable occurrences it has ever been our fortune to record. The People's Friend of last Saturday speaks of it as follows:

☞ It becomes our painful duty to record a most unfortunate and melacholy affair occurring here on yesterday about 9 o'clock A. M. It appears from all that we have been able to learn, that Capt. Duncan and Hon. E. A. Hannegan, who are brothers-in-law and who have lived on the kindest possible terms, (Capt. Duncan boarding with Mr. Hannegan for the last two years) had been the day and evening before indulging rather freely in the the use of liquor. On the morning of said occurrence, Capt. Duncan went up stairs to Mr. Hannegan's room, and an altercation ensued between the parties—when Capt. Duncan gave Mr. Hannegan, a slap in the face; Mr. Hannegan, upon the indignity he felt, and the impulse of the the moment, struck Capt. Duncan with a knife in the lower part of the stomach, inflicting a severe and what is thought a dangerous wound. We understand he suffers but little pain.

Mr. Hannegan, recovering from his passions, aroused by the supposed indignity, suffers the most excruciating torture in the reflection that he has, perhaps, struck down as kind a friend as he has on earth.

Since the above was written Capt. Duncan has died, having but about twenty-six hours after he was stabbed. From private letters and a conversation with a citizen of Covington we have some additional particulars of interest. To all inquiries as to the cause of the difficulty, its origin, &c., Capt. Duncan invariably replied "Nothing, it was nothing," and seemed determined not to reveal anything that would afford additional evidence against Mr. Hannegan. It is said that a short time before he died he observed that he, himself, was to blame. It is thought by some that he made private declarations as to the whole matter, but if so they have not yet been made public. He died after suffering the most intense pain, calm and composed at 12 o'clock on Saturday last, fully and freely forgiving Mr. Hannegan. Immediately after the occurrence Captain Duncan requested the Massonic fraternity, of which both he and Mr. Hannegan were members, to take him in charge. They did so, and he was buried with the honors of that order on yesterday (Sabbath) afternoon. The funeral took place from Mr. Hannegan's residence, where Capt. Duncan died. The latter was the only living brother of Mrs. Hannegan, who still lives, the object of universal pity.—The anguish of Mr. Hannegan's mind is said to be most intense and excruciating. The consequences of his rash act have drived him to a state closely bordering insanity. Capt. Duncan was a member of his family, highly esteemed by all who knew him. He had resided in Covington but about two years, as a merchant, and had gained the good-will and friendship of the entire community by his universal affability and gentlemanly demeanor. He formerly was a citizen of Newark, Ohio, and commanded the only company of mounted riflemen from Ohio in the Mexican war.—His bravery and courage were undoubted, and many of his old acquaintances will hear of his death with the most poignant grief, the deepest sorrow. He leaves no family, never having been married. His age was about forty. At the time of his death he seemed to be in the prime of life—was hearty, hale, and of fine commanding personal appearance.

But he is gone. Covington has lost one of its best citizens, and its most prominent family has been buried in woe, the tide of which, time can never roll back. No steps have been as yet taken for the arrest of Mr. Hannegan, the entire community though highly excited, deeply sympathizing with him in his loss, the consequence of his own act. Momentary passion and the influence of liquor are generally supposed there to be the whole cause of the calamity.

"Better be with the dead,
Whom we have sent to peace,
Than on the torture of the mind to lie
In restless ecstacy. Duncan is in his grave.
Passion has done it's worst; nor steel, nor poison,
Malice domestic, foreign levy, nothing,
Can touch him further!"

[*Lafayette Jour.*

☞ Since our issue of yesterday we have learned that Mr. Hannegan has delivered himself up to the proper authorities, and it was supposed an examination would be had yesterday afternoon. What the result of that examination was or whether in fact it was held, we have not as yet learned.

The report that Captain Duncan made a will before his death incorrect. Aside from a few verbal requests and directions he made no disposition of his perperty.

No coroner's inquest nor post-mortem examination was held after the death.

Although it was raining heavily on Sabbath afternoon, more than a thousand persons attended the funeral.

Capt. Duncan is said to have admitted frequently that he slapped Mr. Hannegan in the face, previous to being stabbed. He died forgiving him, without a murmer or complaint, only regretting, as he said, that he had not died in Mexico.—*Lafayette Journal, May 11th.*

The Japan Expedition.—Commodore Perry the commander of this expedition, visited New Bedford last week, for the purpose of obtaining information of our whaling captains in relation to the coast of Japan, and securing their co-operation in the enterprise. Another object which he had in view was to recommend that those of our ships which could make it convenient, should touch at Jeddo during the next season for supplies, thereby facilitating the opening of commercial relation with the country.

BALTIMORE, April 26, P. M.

The Florida Democratic Convention, on the 19th, nominated James E. Broome for Governor; A. R. Maxwell for Congress; Messrs. Yulee and Spencer State Delegates at large to the Baltimore Convention and adopted a series of resolutions. The first affirms the Virgizia resolutions of '98; the second endorses the Baltimore resolutions of '44; the third depricates the revival of any past issues; the fourth appoints 14 delegates to the National Convention, uninstructed. No pretence was expressed. Douglas is understood to be first choice for President, and Jefferson Davis for Vice President.

Illinois Democratic Convention.—The convention was numerously attended, and great harmony and good feeling prevaded the body. Judge Douglas was unanimously recommended as the democratic candidate for the Presidency. On this subject the State Register says:

"The *unanimous* endorsement of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS as a candidate for the Presidency, is not less honorable to Illinois than to the distinguished statesman who thus recomended by the acclamations of a sovereign State; and should he be elected as the standard bearer of the party of the Union, we confidently hope for a majority of fifty thousand to be rolled up in his favor. Whoever may be nominated will receive the cordial support of the party, but no man can compete with Stephen A. Douglass in Illinois. His talents and patriotism have won him legions of friends, who will stand by him to the last."

EARTHQUAKE.—We learn from the Intelligencer, that an earthquake was very preceptibly and generally felt in Washington city on Thursday last, a little after o'clock, P. M.—The vibrations continued three or four seconds.

The Baltimore Sun, also, says, a shock of an earthquake was very sensibly felt in that city, about quarter past one o'clock.

At Raleigh, North Carolina, the shock was felt, and with greater violence.

KOSSUTH meets with more success in Boston, in his efforts to get material aid, than he has, probably, in any other city. Though his bonds are not to be redeemed till the very uncertain period of Hungarian independence, and pay no interest until that time, yet he has succeeded in getting rid of $27,000 in that city. The Transcript says he will carry away about $50,000 from Boston.

New York and the Presidency.—The Fillmore men, it is said, are carrying all the primary meetings around about Buffalo.—Even Hollis White, somewhat known as a Seward manager and canal enlargement operator, is defeated in his town in Niagara county.

Important from Buenos Ayres.—Advices to the 21st of Feb. have been received form Buenos Ayres. The packet is filled with details of the entrance of Urquiza's army into the city. The troops, numbering about 28,000 and eight abreast, took four hours to pass a given point, and were received with a demonstration of rejoicing. Among the new measures of the new Government talked of, are mentioned:

"The early formation of a constitutional government with a Senate and House of Representatives; the solid Confederation of the States; a sound currency, with a gold and silver basis; to reduce the expenses of Government, and pay the public debt; to reduce the Army and Navy to the smallest possible number; to establish schools and general education; a free navigation of the rivers, to all citzens of the Confederation; and to open steam navigation with the most remote tributaries; encourage agriculture, the cultivation of waste lands; and the removal of the Indians; to improve the roads in the interior."

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, May 3d.

The Dilatoriness of Congress—The Evils of Congressional President-Making.

Congress is too much absorbed in President making to make much progress in any of their appropriate business. Of all the measures that were brought to the notice of Congress in the President's Message, on proper subjects for legislation, not one has yet been acted upon, or even noticed. The committees, if they have done any thing have not had an opportunity to make reports of what they have done. The evils of Congressional interference in President making, is beginning to be felt as the great evil of the day, and either it must be abolished or the government itself must be destroyed.

It is an evil that every member of Congress, or his friends, are expectants and almost exclusive recipients of Presidential patronage. It is an evil that members of Congress, and ex-members of Congress not only distribute the offices and contracts, but are the only persons that have any influence in regard to the adjustment and payment of the claims on the government. Still, our government, taking it altogether, is good, because there is not much of it. If there were more of it, it would be insufferable. We are saved by our State governments, from the corruption and oppression which is growing out of our central government.

FRENCH STEAMERS BETWEEN HAVRE AND N. YORK.—Messrs Edward Corbiere and Chas. Levisseur, of Havre have formed a company for the establishment of a line of French steamships to run between Havre and New York, in connection with the Franklin and the Humboldt, so as to make a trip each way every two weeks. They have raised for the purpose ten millions of francs, nine millions of which they propose to use in building and fitting the ships, an one million as floating capital. They design to built three vessels, of 2,000 to 2,200 tuns each with 1,000 horse-power engines. They ask the Government to pay them one million of francs per ship yearly for the mail service; this contract to last 15 years.

EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES IN LOUISIANA.—A law has passed the Lousiana Legislature, and goes into effect in six months time, which prohibits the emancipation of slaves into that state, except upon the express condition that they shall be sent out of the United States within twelve months; and requiring the payment of $150 to be applied in payment of his passage to Africa and support after arrival.

THE CHURCH TROUBLE.—The New York Herald, of the 30th ult., caution d that there was was a good prospect of the settlement of the great Methodist Episcopal Church case. The reference ordered by the Circuit Court, to take testimony and report the value of the Book Concern, in dispute between the Northern and Southern divisions of the Church, was brought to a hearing before Commissioner Nelson the day before. The only principal difference of opinion appears to be in reference to the value of the stereotype plates.—*Cincinnati Enq.*

Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.—That this medicine will cure liver complaint and dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases; it acts as specifically upon the liver as calomel; *calomel* prostrates the system—the bitters strengthen and never prostrates the patient, and will give renewed life and health to the delicate invalid, and restore the liver to its functions, and give digestion and appetite in those severe cases wherein the ordinary medicines fail in producing any effect.

S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

We would call special attention to this excellent Family Medicine, with the satisfaction one feels in praising a benefactor. Its established reputation recommends it in preference to any new preparation, and whoever requires a genuine approved medicine should read the Doctor's advertisement and try his Shaker Sarsaparilla. ☞ See advertisement in another column.

Petroleum and Rheumatism.

NOBLE CO., IND., Jan. 30, 1852.

To the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Petroleum:

I take pleasure in stating that I have been benefitted by the use of your Rock Oil—the Red kind—the same that is now sold by Mr. H. B. Reed and Mr. W. Wall, in Wayne. I was seized in August last with a violent attack of *Rheumatism* in one knee and leg, with tormenting pains, so that I could not walk, except with difficulty. After suffering for about two months, I applied your Petroleum, which commenced at once to drive off the pains, and in a week was almost entirely well and am now well. I consider this Oil worthy the attention of the afflicted. Having an opportunity by being in Wayne to day, I have just bought another Bottle to try for particular ailments of a little girl. I reside at the old "Gordon Stand" on the plank road, 17 miles north from Wayne. J. MACKAY.

Col. Benton nominated for Congress.—The democrats of Jefferson county, Mo., have nominated the Hon. Thomas H. Benton as a candidate for the House of Representatives in the St. Louis district.

MARRIED—In this city, on Tuesday last, by Rev. Mr. Steadman, Rev. JOHN D. MEESON, to Miss LOUISA COVINGTON.

For the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:

The following lines, published in the Plattsburgh Republican of 20th March, were written by a lady of Schuyler Falls, N. Y., and addressed to young parents who among strangers had lost their first born and only child, a bright and beautiful girl of two years of age. These lines speak so touchingly to the hearts of the bereaved parents and are yet so full of consolation to all who have known similar bereavements,—and there are many such in our community,—that I will ask you to republish them.

Lines Addressed to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. S.

The blossoms of but two short summers breath'd
Their fragrance 'round her;—Death's sure dart has sped
Her young life's pure and joyous stream is stay'd—
The bright, the beautiful, is with the dead!

She was an only child;—with fair high brow,
And curling chesnut hair, and bright dark eyes;
And rosy cheeks, and lips that wore each smiles,
As vainly oft to catch the painter tries.

Oh she was beautiful! would we could paint
Her likeness;—but alas! her image now
Lives only in the loving kindred hearts
That 'neath the Chastener's rod in anguish bow.

Parents, it was no sin to fondly love
That lovely one: The tears ye shed to-day,
Are such as Angels unreproved might weep,
And God's own delight to wipe away.

They gush from out the fount of holy love.
Which He hath made to spring within the breast;
To cool the fever of the tortur'd brain,
And soothe the heart, by sorrow's hand oppress'd.

Though it were joy all earthly joys above,
To clasp your darling to your breasts, to gaze
On her fair form, to feel her soft arms twine
Around you, and to watch her winning ways;

Though every lisped word—yea e'en the sound
Of her light footsteps, music was by far
Sweeter than any other, and her eyes
To you shone brighter than Heaven's brightest star:

And though to see her suffer, fade, and die;
And feel your home all desolate, and lone;
Is anguish, bitter anguish; God is just;—
He gave, and hath but taken back His own.

Yes, she has gone from this cold land away,
To dwell forever in that brighter clime,
Where never more the blighting storms have sway,
That gather darkly o'er the chores of time.

The chilling winds of winter, never more
May torture her young breath to fev'rish strife:
To need no more with tears kind Heaven implore,
To guard her from the fearful ills of life.

Fond mother, mourning for the first-born child,
Thou has known sorrow ne'er to be forgot,
Oh would, at thee call thy daughter back to earth,
To bear the pain, the grief, of woman's lot?

'Tis sad that thus 'mid strangers thou art called
To bow to this thy young heart's bitt'rest woe;
Far from thy early home, and childhood's friends,
Whose sympathizing tears with thine should flow

But thou last found that stranger's hearts can feel
To aid and sympathize: and fervent prayer
From stranger's lips

NEW STORE!

THE subscribers respectfully announce that they are now opening an entire

New Stock of Goods

in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. Dykes, in Calhoun Street, which have been bought low for Cash and will be sold in the same way. By this way of doing business they will be enabled to

Sell Cheaper

than any other store in the place, as the purchaser does not have to be taxed to make up for the losses of bad debts. Among the

DRY GOODS

are a splendid lot of DRESS GOODS—Black Silks, Chambray Ginghams, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Poplins Alpaccas, plain and dotted Swiss and Jackonetts.

Calicoes 5, 8, and 10 Cents a Yard!

cheaper than ever before sold here. Swiss, Jackonett, Cotton, Linen, Thread, and wove Insertions and Edgings, an excellent assortment. Taffeta Ribbons, Hosiery all kinds from 12 cents a pair. Gloves do do; best quality Kid do. 75

Bleached and Brown Muslins from 5 Cents!!

Fans, Parasols, Leghorn, Straw, and Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, Carpet, Warp, Wadding, Batting, &c. &c. In short, a full assortment of Dry Goods of the Latest styles and best qualities, and warranted at the lowest prices.

Groceries.

A choice stock of fine Coffees, Teas, Sugars; Molasses Syrup only 50 cents a gallon! Codfish, Mackerel, Spices, Tobacco, &c.

Harware and Queensware,

A full and well selected assortment.-

Give us a call, and examine goods and prices The highest price paid for all kinds of PRODUCE. HEDEKIN & SON.

May 15, 1852. y45

DRIED APPLES—100 bushels superior Dried Apples, for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.—First quality for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

CHEAP SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

A. GREY informs the public that he is now receiving his Spring and Summer Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries.

Queensware, Hardware, &c. &c

His Goods will be found to be the best and cheapest in town, as they have all been bought for cash in the most favorable terms, and will be

Sold at the Smallest Profits.

Persons wishing to buy will find the Goods at "THE OLD STORE" to be, as usual, of the very best quality; and as regards cheapness, all he asks is that the public shall call and judge for themselves. The Old Store can not and shall not be beat, however much its neighbors may boast They may *talk* but we *will sell* good articles cheap.

May 14, 1852. 3m45

Wholesale & Retail

BOOK STORE!

C. L. HILL

AGAIN takes the pleasure of informing the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has the largest, best selected, and most magnificent Stock of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books

ever brought to this city. It embraces all the different kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS in use in this part of the state; a choice variety of the Latest and best LITERATURE, cheap Novels, &c. Those who wish to purchase excellent Literary works can find an extensive assortment at his well known Cheap Book Store.

Law, Medical, Scientific, Historical, Poetical, and Standard Works; *Day Books, Ledgers, Memorandums, &c. &c*

Also, the Heaviest Stock of French, English and American

Cap & Letter Papers,

of all qualities and prices, ever before offered in this market.

Together with a large and grand assortment of

Notions and Fancy Articles,

as Card Cases of the latest and best Styles.—Pocket Books, Port Monies, Port Folios, Fancy Toilet Boxes, Albums, Fancy Writing Desks, Note Paper, Envelopes, Gold and Steel Pens, Holders, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Mottoes, Ink Stands, Pencils, &c. &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Melodeons, the dulce' music of which is not even surpassed by the sweet melodies of the feathery songsters; Boardman & Gray's Pianos, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c. of beautiful Styles. Also Violin and Guitar Strings.

Fine Cutlery—A large and splendid variety; all of which will be sold at reduced prices.

Calhoun Street, May 14 1852

100 Kegs NAILS, assorted sizes for sale by COMPARET & HUBBELL.

Strayed from Fort Wayne.

ON Tuesday 21st April, a light Grey MARE, heavy set, about fourteen or fifteen hands high with a black spot on the left shoulder, and shaved all around; hind legs rather heavy, and likely to have a colt a few days after she left; having also a light mane and tail. Any person bringing her to DENIS DONOVAN, Fort Wayne (who is the owner) shall be well rewarded.

May 12th, 1852. p3w45

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 5th day of June, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: All the tract or parcel of land known and described as follows, being a part of the section of land in Township thirty two (32), North of Range thirteen (13) East, in Allen county, Indiana, known as the Jack Hackley Reserve: Commencing on the St. Joseph River, at the north east corner of a tract of sixty-five acres sold by said Hackley off the west end of his Reserve, thence south thirty-four (34) degrees, east thirty-four chains and seventy links, thence north fifty six degrees east fourteen chains fifty-five links, thence south thirty four degrees east twenty-seven (27) chains fifty two (52) links, to the line of said Reserve, thence along the said line fifty six degrees east forty-four chains and four links, thence north thirty four degrees west six chains sixty-six and two-thirds (66⅔) links, thence north fifty six degrees east fifteen (15) chains, thence north thirty-four degrees west sixty-three chains and sixty and two thirds (60⅔) links, to the St. Joseph River, thence with the meanders of said river to the place of beginning: and on failure to realize the full amount of judgement, interest and cost costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Jack W. Hackley at the suit of Oliver B. Tweedy, et al.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 7th, 1852. [$4 75] 4w45

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 5th day of June, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2), in Lot No. ninety-seven (97) in the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Goggenheimer at the suit of John Hough, Jr.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 12, 1852. ($9 12) 4w45

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

W. JACOBS on hand again with another very extensive and most beautiful assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Spring and Summer Wear.

Feeling most grateful to the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he now assures them that he has to offer a very choice selection of Goods in his line, manufactured expressly to his orders, by the *very best Workmen*. His stock of

LADIES' FINE WEAR

will be found the latest and most approved styles of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston markets, of almost every conceivable variety. Also,

Children's, Youths' Boys' and Men's Wear

of every kind. In short, the *under standings*, from the cradle to the heavy headed, can be embellished at this establishment with that which is *neat, genteel, fashionable, comfortable* and *serviceable*, and

AT PRICES FAR BELOW

any thing in this market, as our motto is Quick Sales, Small Profits, and Ready Pay; and all *Rips* (if any should occur) *Repaired without charge.*

I have now in my employ some very superior workmen, and my Fine Goods to order executed in the very best manner, and at the lowest prices. I am also constantly Manufacturing in Fort Wayne, all kinds of Women's, Men's and Boys'

HEAVY WEAR.

Please give me a call at my old stand, next door to Mr. Wall's Drug Store, and directly opposite Mr. Peter Kaiser's Store, on Calhoun St.

WM. JACOBS.

April 20th, 1852. n44

Spring has Come.

Fashionable Clothing Store.

J. G. THIENE would respectfully inform the public that he has received an unusually full assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

comprising the most magnificent Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Gentlemen's Good, all of which he will make up to order in the neatest and

MOST SUPERB STYLE,

so that no one can complain either of their fits or prices. His stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

is extensive and grand; it consists of

Coats, Vests, Pants, &c. &c.

He has also on hand a great variety of Kossuth, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Gloves, &c., and Umbrellas for from 65 cents to $1 65. In fact he has such a vast profusion of nice things that he can only mention a part at this time.

He would also state that he offers his goods at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

and cannot stand to barter with any. He has adopted this method lately in order to be the best way of doing business; and as his work is well made, far more durable than the eastern slop work, and very cheap, he feels confident he can give entire satisfaction to all who wish anything in his line.

Shop in Smith's Building, Calhoun Street.

May 6th, 1852. 2m44

Old No. 3 again in Advance!

TWELVE DAYS FROM NEW YORK!

MOSES DRAKE Jr. has received by express another of those

Splendid Stocks of Goods

for which the old stand is famous. It embraces every thing needful—all of the best qualities and NEWEST FASHIONS, of course—nothing cheap as ever to be found there. They will be sold at the usual No. 3 LOW PRICES.

May 1, 1852

Goods by Railroad.

THE FARMERS' DEPOT is now receiving a full assortment of the Latest and most desirable styles of

Spring and Summer Goods

of all kinds, including a beautiful stock of Berages, Lawns, Ginghams Delaines Berage De Laines and White DRESS GOODS; Printed Summer Shawls, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Mitts, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c. &c.

For the gentlemen we have Summer Cassimeres Linens, and all the new styles of Summer Goods. Fur and Plush Kossuth hats, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Do. In short, we have a great, grand, and glorious assortment of Dry Goods, selected with unusual care, which we intend to sell at the very smallest possible advance on

New York Prices!

We are also receiving our usual supply of

Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware.

We intend doing a strictly Cash and Barter Business, by which means we can sell at much less advance on cash prices than heretofore, and purchasers who give us a call will the ebyc result their own interests, and secure good Bargains. Call and try.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 1, 1852

New Goods, New Goods!

FIRST ARRIVAL.

We are now receiving a Splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

to be sold at our usual Low Prices, for CASH or BARTER

WILSON & TRESSELT.

1852. 1852.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Eckford Lines.
Franklin Glass Works,
Oswego Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN, and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments

May 1, 1852.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their Forwarding and Commission House expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

20 Bales Heavy SHEETINGS for sale low COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Them Goods Have Arriv'd!!

WE have just received a part of our New Goods—and more daily expected. No time for particulars this week—suffice it to say they are Cheaper than the Cheapest, and Better than the Best. We are bound to sustain our reputation, of being the cheapest Store in town. Call and see—no charge—if you don't buy.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

No. 37 Columbia Street.

April 30, 1852.

200 Bushels DRIED APPLES, a most splendid article, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

50 Half Bbls WHITE FISH, just received and for sal by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

Boots, Shoes & Leather, &c.

At No. 6, Phanix Block, Calhoun Street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

JACOB FOELLINGER has just returned from the East, with a very full and well selected assortment of SHOES and BOOTS of all kinds—including Ladies' Gaiters, all colors; Men's Boots, half Congress Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins—in fact all varieties. Misses and Children's Wear in great variety; Gentlemen's Fine French Boots; Calf Boots, all qualities, from $2 75 to $5 50. Congress Gaiters and Boots, Buckskin Taylor Ties, &c. &c.—Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, and Brogans of all sorts. Boys' and Youths' Wear in great variety.

These goods having been carefully selected at the best eastern establishments, and by a practical shoemaker, customers may rely on getting superior articles, and they will be sold on the most favorable terms—

Far Cheaper than ever before!

He still carries on the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and will make any article to order on the shortest notice. A full assortment of

Home-Made Boots and Shoes

kept constantly on hand.

A large stock of SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, Calf and Kip, Linings, Binding, Lasts, Pegs, and a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, will be sold to the trade as cheap as they can be bought at any other place in the West.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852. 6m43

DRESS MAKING.

MRS L. FORD, late of AUBURN, New York respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the house of Mrs Bowen on Barr Street. All work entrusted to her will be promptly executed in the neatest and most fashionable style.

* * *The latest Fashions regularly received*

May 1, 1852. 43.

WOODRUFF HOUSE,

Sycamore Street, between Third and Fourth

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

P. E. TUTTLE,
G. P. TUTTLE,
Proprietors.

G. W. PRICE, *Clerk.*

THOMAS WATKINS, Jr.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

6m40 TOLEDO, OHIO.

CARPETS.

A Good assortment of CARPETS on hand and for sale *very cheap.*

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

Wonderful! Discovery.

THE subscriber has discovered that those indebted to him, are determined not to pay him until compelled by law, and he has determined to give them a hearing in that way, as soon as he can see the proper officers. He will be found at the store of Bayless & Co.

R. MASON.

Fort Wayne, April 2, 1852. 39tf

New Bonnets—Spring Styles.

MRS. DYKES has just received 6 dozen Ladies' Bonnets, of the latest Spring Styles.

Other Spring Goods daily expected.

April 22, 1852.

DR. VON BONHORST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.—Several years successful practice in this profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

Old Gold wanted, for which the full value will be given

Sept. 20, 1851. y41

Prince's Melodeons,

(The best and cheapest Musical Instrument in use.)

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

GEO. A PRINCE & CO.'S celebrated Melodeons are most universally acknowledged to be the best instruments of the kind manufactured in this country. The many improvements they have made in this hitherto inferior instrument, now make it one of the most desirable and useful articles of furniture that can be used in a family. In families, especially, where Sacred Music is taught or practiced, The whistling, whining or squeaking tones these instruments used to possess, have now given place to a clear, profound tone, nearly resembling that of the "Flute Stop" in the organ. Probably no musical instrument of any description ever made has met with so extensive and unprecedented a sale as the "Prince Melodeon."

They are warranted *never to get out of tune*, are better adapted to the human voice than any other instrument, and wherever they have been introduced are rapidly superseding Pianos. They are offered at prices so low as to place them within reach of all lovers of music, and being furnished in the first style, form a beautiful article of furniture. For small churches, these instruments have no equal. One of them is in use at the German Reformed Evangelical Church in this city.

Prices,—Four Octave, $45; Five Octave, $75; Do, Do, Piano Style, $100

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the sale of these instruments, and will furnish them at manufacturers' prices.—He has on hand one four octave instrument, which may be examined at his residence. Any other size furnished to order.

THOMAS TIGAR.

April 24, 1852.

Election of Railroad Directors.

THE Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, will meet at Bluffton on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, to elect ten Directors. Stockholders to be entitled to vote, must subscribe for stock at least 30 days before the election. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the board of corporators.

W. ROCKHILL, *President.*

S. G. UTTON, *Clerk pro tem.* 6w42

MUSIC.

Miss Emma Smallhouse

INFORMS the Young Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she is prepared to give instruction on the PIANO and in SINGING. Her residence is on Calhoun street, three doors south of the Public Square, east side.

Feb 6, 1852. 3m31

Caution.

WHEREAS, my wife Eliza Duffy, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

p3w43] OWEN DUFFY.

Lake Township, Allen Co., April 30th, 1852

Land For Sale.

THE subscriber offers the following lands for sale to wit: the S. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 11, Township 32, north of Range 12 east; containing 40 acres, and the south and east part of 62 30-100 acre tract, supposed to contain 52 acres, known as fractional lot number 2 in section 3, Town 31 north of Range 11 east, adjoining the plat of the village of Kraco, and the equitable interest of the E. half of the S. W. quarter of section 29, Town 31, north of Range 13 east; containing 80 acres.—These lands are all well selected, and a good title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to HENRY COOPER, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 14, 1852. 41tf

SHAWLS—A very heavy stock of Brochas, Jenny Linds, long and square Cashmeres, &c. &c. All varieties from $1 00 to $30 00.

MRS. EYKES.

Fall and Winter

FASHIONS,

JUST RECEIVED

At No. 54, Columbia St.,

FORT WAYNE.

MISS WELLS would call the attention of the Ladies to her new stock of

Millinery Goods and Bonnets,

of every kind, feeling assured that she has something to please the taste of all. She has a great variety of Costumes, embracing everything new and elegant for Dresses, Cloaks, Mantelletts, &c. Among her

FANCY GOODS

are a great variety of beautiful rich Flowers and Plumes, Ribbons, Dress Silks, and Trimmings of different kinds.

Dresses, Cloaks, and Bonnets made to order in the newest and and best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

Nov 7, 1851. y18

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: A part of the Wells Reserve, Lying at the Junction of the St. Marys and St. Joseph Rivers, commencing at a stake on the east line of the land he occupied at the time of the execution of the said mortgage, by Clingman's house, near a Walnut tree, thence north three chains and seventy-five hundredths to a stake near a Cherry tree, thence east sixteen chains to a stake near a thorn bush, thence south to a stake near a large Sycamore tree, three chains and seventy five hundredths, thence west to the place of beginning: containing six acres, in Allen county, state of Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of William Lydle at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 21, 1852. [$4 25.] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: One Town Lot number ten (10) in block on other thirty-one (31), in Ewing's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Samuel Siberts at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 29, 1852. [$2 75] 6w41

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a fieri facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and four, Original Plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of James Barnett at the suit of Ferguson, Collins & Co.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 23, 1852 ($2 75) 4w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Vendi Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852 at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 51 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Henry Cooper at the suit of Joseph L. Clark, Dorman, Snydam & Nixon, et al

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 19, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number eighteen (18) in Block Play, and Lots number two hundred and fifty six (256) and two hundred and fifty-seven (257) Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of John G. Walpole at the suit of Jacob G. Bowser.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 22, 1852 ($3 00) 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 15th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: The undivided half (½) of the north east quarter (¼) of the north west quarter (¼) of Section thirty-three (33) Township thirty-one (31), north of Range twelve (12) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Asa Pierce at the suit of Peter Wagoner.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 12, 1852. [$3 00] 5w41

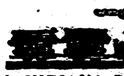
Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), and east half (½) of the north-west quarter (¼), and east half (½) of the south-west quater (¼) of section thirty five (35), Township thirty-one (31), range thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Reid and William Reid at the suit of James G. Homer, Bell, and others

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 7, 1852. [$3 00] 3w44



OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

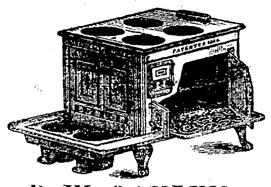
BOOKS are opened for subscription to the Stock at the Ohio & Railroad Company, at the office of the undersigned in this city, payable in cash at such time, and in such proportions as may be required by the board of directors.

Subscriptions may also be made payable in good agricultural lands, at their cash value, to be agreed upon by the party offering, and the undersigned, at the time of subscribing.

PETER P. BAILEY,

Assistant Treasurer, O. & Ind. R. R.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 11, 1852. tf32



B. W. OAKLEY,

No. 79, COLUMBIA STREET.

STONE FRONT

WOULD respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has now on hand and keeps at all times the best assortment of stoves in the west.

Cooking Stoves.

Embracing all the new varieties and latest improved patterns of *airtight* and Premium Stoves.

Box Stoves,

The very best of Box Stoves, heavy plates and varying in size from eighteen inches to three feet and a half long.

PARLOR STOVES.

A great variety of the latest style and most improved patterns for beauty and durability.

TIN WARE—At wholesale or retail. He is prepared to fill all orders with promptness and despatch, and his friends may depend upon having their goods put up with care. *All article manufactured by him are warranted.*

JOB WORK.

COPPER, TIN or SHEET IRON, WORK and all kinds of Repairing done to order and warranted to give satisfaction

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Rags, Roots, Beeswax and Feathers CASH value in exchange.

HARDWARE—A very heavy stock well selected for this market, and bought with special *reference to the low price of wheat.* Among his stock will be found MECHANICS TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths, Millwrights, and most other branches. Also, FARMERS TOOLS such as Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes, Grass and Grain, Axes, Hammers, Grubbing Hoes, Brush Scythes, Ox Trace and Halter Chains, all sizes of Black or bright coil Cable Chains.

IRON AND STEEL.—A heavy assortment of American and Imported Iron of all the usual sizes, among which may be found the best quality of Swedes Iron and Russia Nail Rods, also Sanderson and Cast Steel.

NAILS—Eastern and Juniata Nails of all sizes, from 2 to 40 and Spikes from 4 to 6 inches, also the best Horse Shoe and wrought Nails ever brought to this market.

Jan. 14th, 1852.

PLOWS! PLOWS!!

JUST received, and for sale an assortment of the well known *PEACHOCK PLOWS*, both Steel and Cast Mouldboards, high and low heads, of the latest improvements, all warranted to perform equal to any in use.—We expect to keep a supply of these Plows on hand.

AYRES, WILLIAMS, & CO.

Feb. 21, 1852 3m33

WOOL CARDS.

WE have received an assortment of the best Wool Cards from a Manufacturing Establishment in East, and will sell the same at Boston prices, to wool carders or any other persons who may give us a call.

Never the same kind on our Carding Machine, as I find them to be the best we have ever used.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 30, 1852. 3m31

AGENTS WANTED,

To Sell new and Popular Books.

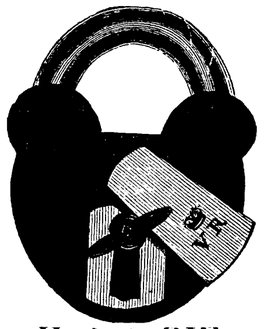
WE are in want of Agents to canvass this part of the State for our new Books.

A small capital of *but* $10 or $15 will be required to commence with, and an active person can earn from $3 00 to $5 00 per day. Some of our agents make much more.

Persons desirous of engaging in this profitable business, may obtain our plan of operation, and a list of our Publications, by inclosing postage paid.

M. F. TOOKER & CO.

No 172 Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio. 5w39



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Pad Lock)

OFFERS the largest assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever brought to Fort Wayne. *Carpenters', Cabinet Makers', Coopers', Blacksmiths', Gunsmiths' and Saddlers'* TOOLS in every variety, and of the most approved Makers.

Farming Utensils

of all kinds, a large supply.

BUILDING MATERIALS

including many new Patterns of *Door Locks and Latches*, making the best assortment of this kind of Goods to be found in the West.

IRON, NAILS AND STEEL

of all sizes and of *warranted quality* Blacksmiths will find a large assortment of all sizes, to select from, including Russia Nail Rod, Swedes Iron, German and English Blister Steel, at prices lower than ever.

Saddlers' Hardware and Carriage Trimmings,

a larger assortment than ever and complete in every department.

COOKING STOVES

of all kinds, consisting of the most desirable Patterns made in Albany, Utica, Buffalo, Dayton, and Cincinnati. Those preferring an *Elevated Oven Cook Stove*, will find a new pattern of that kind got up this season, having many more conveniences than the old kinds. BOX and PARLOR STOVES of the latest Patterns including several styles of *open Stoves.*

Tinware, Copper & Sheet Iron Work

in connection with the above is an extensive *TIN SHOP* with Stock sufficient to execute any order in that line.

Tin Plate and Sheet Iron for sale by the quantity. Dec 20, 1851.

Rochester Garden Seeds,

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Fort Wayne, March 10, 1852.

The Plow that Beats the World.

JOHN RICH'S

Patent Iron Beam Plow,

TROY, N. Y.

THIS PLOW has become the universal favorite of the farming community wherever it is known, and needs only to be introduced to be in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It has taken the first premium at all the Fairs where it has been exhibited, viz: Saratoga, Montgomery, and Rensselaer Co.; and at the great Fair of the American Institute at Castle Garden, New York, it was awarded the first Premium, a Silver Medal, for the Plow of the best and cheapest mode of construction.

The undersigned having purchased the right of making and vending these superior Plows in Northern Indiana, is now manufacturing them at Freeman's City Foundry, north of the City Mills, Fort Wayne, where they will be offered for sale. Farmers are invited to call and examine them. WM. B. BARTHOLOMEW.

Fort Wayne, March 12th, 1852. 13m36

CINCINNATI

Stove Depot

No. 51 Columbia Street,

NIAGARA BUILDINGS,

Sign Red Stove.

A. D. BRANDRIFF

WOULD call attention of the public to his large and well selected Stock of

Cooking Stoves & Tin Ware.

Having for a number of years been engaged in the manufacture and sale of Stoves, feels confident that he can make selection that will suit the wants of this community. His Stoves are of the new est kind, made of the very best quality of Iron, and for beauty and convenience of cooking cannot be excelled by none; all of which are warranted to bake first rate and give general satisfaction.

To attempt a full description of the various styles and qualities with their numerous advantages, would be useless, the only object of this short notice is to induce purchasers to call and examine for themselves. Then I will give them a detailed statement of the different qualities and advantages of each particular stove, and also my

Very Low Prices,

which would astonish even the natives.

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.

A large and complete assortment of Tin Ware at wholesale and retail, at prices that cannot help to please

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOB WORK of all kinds done to order by the best of workmen. House cutter and spouting made and put on to order at the shortest notice.

March 6, 1852. 6m35

HOSIERY—Just received at No. 81 Columbia Block, a full assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hose, Knitting Yarn, &c.

MRS DYKES.

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN quart bottles, the Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

For Female Complaints it stands without a rival. More Evidence! Another Rema kable Cure! Read it!

CINCINNATI, Ind., June 11, 1851.

Dr. S. D. Howe & Co.—Gents: I have been afflicted with a cough for the last three or four years, which cough sometimes near taking me to the grave, despite of all the medical aid from my family physician. I had despaired of ever again being restored to health. Six months ago I noticed the advertisement of Dr. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla Extract; immediately sent and procured one bottle; and, gentlemen, the result of taking two bottles of Dr. Howe's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla has caused me to say to you, and any whom it may concern, that I am entirely relieved from all cough, pain in the breast, &c.

MRS. NATHAN GRAVES.

Remember it is warranted to be

Purely and Entirely Vegetable.

And as a Female and Family Medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Quart bottles $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

For sale by I. BAKER

(Successor to D. Howe,)

Proprietor,

No. 1, College Hall Building, corner of Fourth and Vine streets, two doors above Fourth, Cincinnati, O.; to whom all orders must be addressed, and by

W. G. LANGLEY, Fort Wayne.
Dr. A. WILLIAMS, Bluffton.
JESSE DAVIS, Huntington.

Dec 27, 1851 y25

NOTICE

To Railroad Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received at Lima, Ohio, on the Chicago and Indiana Railroad, for grading and clearing and making said road, from Piqua, Miami co. to Lima, until the 19th day of May next. Also at Delphos, until the 24th day of May, for that portion of said road, from Lima to Van Wert.

Also at Fort Wayne, Ind., until the 5th day of May next, for that portion extending from Van Wert to Fort Wayne, Ind.

Plans, Profiles, and specifications may be seen at the above named places, 30 days previous to the time of letting. For further information call on the Engineers, who will be in attendance at the said places, with whom bids may be left.

Pittsburgh Courier, Massillon News, Shield and Banner, Mansfield, Toledo Blade, and Republican, and papers on the line of Bucyrus, Upper Sandusky, Lima, Delphos, and Van Wert will copy until time of letting, and send bills to the undersigned for payment at Fort Wayne.

WM. MITCHELL & CO.

Fort Wayne, April 15th, 1852. 6w41

[1852.]

Troy and Western Line

ON THE CANAL AND RIVER,

Leaves New York and Buffalo Daily Running in Connection with Steamers and Propellers on the Lakes.

NO TRANSHIPMENT AT ALBANY OR TROY.

Cargo of Each Boat Fully Insured.

PROPRIETORS:

Rice, Clapp & Co. N.Y., U. Lernberg & Co. Buf.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Rice, Clapp & Co. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.
Chas. A. Folger & Co. 101 Pier, Albany.
P. L. Stendrat & Co. cor Front & Dock St. Buf.
Mark Packard, T. & W. Lane, and ship direct from No. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.

6m40] T. WATKINS, *Agent, Toledo, O.*

STRAYED.

A Gray Stallion Colt, 2 years old, about 14½ feet high, mane and tail more dark, and a white star in front of the head, has been missing about three weeks. A liberal reward will be paid to the individual who returns him to

FRANCIS SEVENEICK, or
BEKER & BROTHERS.

Fort Wayne, April 29, 1852. p3w42

JOB Printing neatly executed on the shortest notice at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

Help a Poor Man through the World

THE subscriber having associated himself with George Buchanan at the

FULTON FOUNDRY,

Near Rudisill and Wolke's Woolen Factory is prepared to execute all kinds of work usually done at a Foundry and Machine Shop, such as erecting Steam Engines for Saw and Grist Mills, or propelling any kind of Machinery, together with all the Machinery and fixtures for the same.

Brass and Iron Castings

Of all kinds made to order. Brass and Iron Turning, and all kinds of finishing done with neatness and despatch.

E. H. BUNNELL.

N. B. Both the proprietors of this establishment being practical Mechanics of long experience, and superintending and working at the business themselves, all their work will be done under their immediate inspection, so that the public are guaranteed that all work leaving our shop will be done in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and thereby we hope to receive a liberal patronage.

We give the public to understand that our work will be done at the lowest possible rate for.

READY PAY.

"A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling."

E. H. BUNNELL.
GEO. BUCHANAN

Fort Wayne, Jan. 14th, 1852. y28.

Groceries & Confectionaries

D. K. BRACKENRIDGE has now on hand a full and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

of the choicest quality, which will be sold as low as at any other establishment in the city. Also all kinds of

FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

Fresh Malaga, Cluster and Sultana Raisins; Smyrna and Turkey Figs; and a new and choice article of *FIG PASTE*, rich and fine; Almonds—shelled, paper and hard; Filberts, Walnuts, Peanuts, and Chestnuts;

Oysters, Lobsters, Pickles, Preserves, &c.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

Fresh Candies always on hand, or manufactured to order, and warranted pure, either at Wholesale or Retail. Parties furnished with confectionary, Cakes, &c. at short notice

GENUINE ALBERT

A supply constantly on hand of a first rate article, *made in the good old way,—at cheap rates only*—at the old stand, next door to Hill & Orbison's, by F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

LAMPS.—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps—Suspension, Side, Solar, Chamber, and other patterns. Also *Burning Fluid* For sale by W. E. LANGLEY.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 37, Columbia Street, in Hanna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

New Goods

direct from the manufactories, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

Our store has already the reputation of being the

Cheapest Store in Town,

and we are determined that no pains shall be spared to make its name a reality.

Our assortment is complete Farmers, Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find any thing and every thing that pertains to Merchandize, and so cheap, too, that you can get your arms full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purses.

The highest price, *in Cash*, will always be paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the St. Joe Mills, or at Comparet, Hubble & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of Salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest price.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is *the place* to get them. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

Fort Wayne, Oct 31, 1851.

1850. 1850.

J. F. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } Toledo
Smith, Rowe & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. }
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York,*
Kent, Post, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati,*
John Rench, *Dayton.*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

1850 1850.

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission

MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Peas and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,

FORT WAYNE, Ia.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " "
Samuel Hanna, " " "
Lesell, Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
R. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

Family Groceries.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of GROCERIES for family use, consisting in part of Old Java Coffees, Crushed, Pulverized, Orleans, and Muscovado Sugars; Black, Imperial, and Y. H. Teas; Cloves, Peppers, Spices, &c. All of which we offer at the lowest prices. WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept. 9, 1851.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any less quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3 COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil

A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 300 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by

SAMUEL M. KIER,

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

The health-giving balm from Nature's secret spring,
The bloom of health, and life, to man will bring;
As from her depths the magic liquid flows,
To calm our sufferings, and assuage our woes.

PETROLEUM.—It is necessary, upon the introduction of a new remedy, to the notice of the public, that something should be said in relation to its powers, in healing disease, and the manner in which it acts. Man's organization is a complicated one; and to understand the functions of even one organ, requires the study of years. But to understand that certain medicines produce certain impressions upon those organs may be learned by experience in a short time. It is by observing, in watching the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine and attested its merits, it is our duty to bring it before the public, so that the benefits to be derived from it, may be more generally diffused. It have no right to hold back a remedy whose powers are calculated to remove pain, and to alleviate human suffering and disease.

The Petroleum has been fully Tested!

About one year and a half ago it was placed before the public, *but carefully and cautiously.* Every one not acquainted with its virtues, doubted its healing properties. The cry of humbug was raised against it. It had some friends. Those that were cured through its wonderful agency. These spoke out in its favor. The lame, through its instrumentality were made to walk—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the torturing pains of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, were restored to health and usefulness. Several who were blind have been made to see. In writing about a medicine we are aware that we should write truth—that we should make no statements that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—proofs of them, who will testify in terms stronger than we can write them, to the efficacy of this Remedy, who will testify that the Petroleum has done for them what no medicine ever could become—cases that were pronounced hopeless and beyond the reach of remediable means—cases abandoned by Physicians of acknowledged ability, have been made to explode. This is the

MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!"

We will by before you the certificates of some of the most remarkable cases (see circular with the oil) to give them all, would require more space than would be allowed by this notice. Since the introduction of the Petroleum, about one year and a half ago, many Physicians have been convinced of its efficacy, and now recommend it in their practice.—If the Physicians do not recommend it, the people will have it of themselves—for its transcendant power to heal, will and must become known and appreciated—when the voices of the cured speak out; when the cures themselves, stand out in bold relief, and when he who for years has suffer d with the tortures and pangs of an incurable disease, that has been shortening his days and blasting him to the narrow house appointed for all the living," when he speaks out in its praise, who will doubt it? The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy—It is put up as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without any thing being added to or taken from it.

It gets its ingredients from the bed of substances which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human competition. The Petroleum in this respect is like MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues in most chronic diseases, are acknowledged not only by Physicians, but by the community at large. These singular fluids flowing out from the earth, impregnated with medicinal substances of different proportions, and holding them in such complete solution as to require the aid of Chemistry in order to detect them, bears ample proof to the fact, that they are compounded by the master hand of Nature, for the alleviation of human suffering and disease. It is a *natural* remedy; and as Nature never *half* does her work, it is a medicine of unequalled Power, as we have the most abundant testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable we do not pretend,—but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Mumps, Toothache, Eruptions on the skin Pimples on the Face, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm, Tetter Scald Head, Pains in the bones and joints, old Sores, Ulcers, Wens, Ague, Erysipelas, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature tending to produce Consumption

Burns and Scalds Diseases of Bladder and Kidneys, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Corns and Bunions.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WALL & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 20, 1851. y24

PRINTS.

200 PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever. by

TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.

August 23, 1851.

BOYLE & HOSKINSON's NEW LINE OF STAGES

HAVE commenced running TRI-WEEKLY to ST. MARY'S, Ohio, connecting with SAM'L. DOYLE's line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Hedekin House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 521f

ALBERT E. JONES,

PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,

Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.

I Have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to 1 000. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured about twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sole agency for the State for

Soddart & Co's Piano Fortes,

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six thousand of these instruments, in the last few years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For constant use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these Instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $800 each.

Boudoir Pianos.

I am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MURCH & WHITE'S

Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos,

which are intended for Parlors, Churches, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in elegant Rosewood cases, and exquisitely finished as any Piano Fortes at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled Instruments. Unlike attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Ornaments.

Having located myself permanently in this City, and having one of the finest rooms for the sale of PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of all kinds, and Publishing and the sale of

Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers particularly*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now complete for a constant supply and full stock, on such terms as will enable me to offer them at *Lowest Eastern Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. I say Eastern prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my stock at Eastern rates, and am confident I cannot fail to please, if the very best Goods that can be or cured, with correct prices, can do so. All orders from the country will receive special and prompt attention, and Goods in all cases returnable if not satisfactory or such as are ordered.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3y31

ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has enlarged his well known establishment, situated across the WEST end of the principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the foot of the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

In this enlargement, in addition to his usual *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins, Kips, Linings Bindings Morocco, Harness, Trimmings, Shoe-ing, Findings, Lasts, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work,

the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,

of almost every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Linds, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants' elegant Styles; Men's Boys', and Youth's, of all sorts and prices

Also, India Rubber and Metallic Shoes and Booties for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL.

It is and will be the object of the proprietor to do a liberal business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if continued, be fully satisfied that they receive full value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 615

BOOKS! BOOKS!

S. STOPHELET has just received at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS a new and complete assortment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery, etc. etc., which he offers for sale at Reduced rates.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in this city. Among the number to be found the following LATE WORKS by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Leslie's complete Receipt Book, Miss Beecher's Domestic Economy, American Bee Keeper's Manual, Life of Virgin Mary, Catholic and Episcopal Prayer Books, Lives of James K. Polk, Silas Wright, and John C. Calhoun, Cotton's Deck and Port, do. Sea and Land, do. Land and Sea, do. three years in California, Writings of Frederick Bremer, Lynch's Expedition to the Dead Sea, Nineveh and its Remains—by Layard, Chevrier's Sandwich Islands, Georgia Scenes Kurd Letters, Views a Foot, Works of Edgar A. Poe, Cooper's Works, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Brewster's Optics, Letters to Young Men, Irving's Complete Works, Business Man's Assistant, Letters from Italy N. P. Willis' Poetical Works, Mrs. L. S. Gourney's Poetical Works, Headley's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

School Books.

Davie's Legendre. Algebra. Arithmetic, Geometry.
Ray's Algebra. Arithmetics.
Colburn's Arithmetic
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemestry.
Robinson's Philosophy
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Elementary Spelling.
Kirkham's Grammar.
Bullion's English and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Wayland's Elements of Moral Science.
Hedge's Logic.
McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.
PARKER'S SERIES SCHOOL BOOKS.

Fulton & Eastman's Book Keeping, Boyer's and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, German & English Pronouncing Dictionary, together with a complete assortment of all School Books now in use.

His Stock of Stationery

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Memorandum Books, Pass Books Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands Paper Folders, Port Folios, Pen Knives, Envelopes, David's and Buck's Ink, Note Paper, Note Envelopes, Pen holders, etc. etc. *Also a select assortment* of Fancy Articles.

A large Stock of WRAPPING PAPER *warranted full count;* and a

Good Assortment of Blank Books.

Anything that is usually kept by Book Stores can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

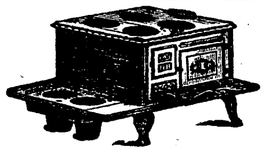
Fort Wayne, Oct. 15th, 1851.

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y



B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

NEW CABINET WAREHOUSE.

B. H. TOWER

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of E. Stapleford's Auction Room where may be found all kinds of

Cabinet Furniture

now in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought any where, *New York not excepted.*—He is confident that with the long experience he has had in the above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to suit all who may favor him, with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved style, as the fashions come in use, and warranted good.

He will keep on hand and make to order, on short notice, SOFAS, DIVANS, WARDROBES, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOKCASES, Secretaries, Centre and Card tables, extension sliding frame Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Lee and Hall Tables, enclosed basin, STANDS, circular front corner basin, Stands wash and light Stands dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stools Ladies Fancy Sewing, CHAIRS, Gentleman's Office, Chairs, Mahogany Rocking Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor Chairs.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

Of all descriptions. Also Round Right and left Screw Rail which is the largest, stoutest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take the lead in the largest shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials,—

Warranted Good or no Sale.

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost anything of produce he farmer raises, and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 28th 1850. y14

MOSES DRAKE, Jr

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IA

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery. Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

New Store and New Goods.

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and choice assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE, & CUTLERY.

all which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

Will be Sold at Small Profits!

They deem it unnecessary to further particularize, but respectfully request the public to call before *or after* purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock

They may be found at No. 37, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y5

Daguerreotype Gallery.

Mr. A. McDonald

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself here, and has just received from the East, a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and warrants will warrant to be equal to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to those that wish

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has made him a acquainted with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful Art, and feels justified in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

Durability or Life-Like Resemblance.

He would simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE of themselves, to give him a call *before going elsewhere*, and if he cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to put to size transient operators, or others.

Daguerreian Rooms Columbia street, one door South of Taylor's New Store, third story.

Persons in the Profession would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Materials, before going East, as he can sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 14, 1851.

Family Grocery and Provision Store.

M. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their usefulness, by taking the store lately occupied by I. Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Stock of

Fresh Groceries.

Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.

which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

MEAT MARKET.

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by them on the canal) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, sheep, &c.

Sept. 20.

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 849. 2

NEW DRUG STORE

WATSON WALL,

No. 1, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR.)

IS constantly receiving fresh supplies of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally, will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

John Farr's Quinine.	Pink Root,
Sulph. Acet. Morphine	Camphor,
Pure Nitrate Silver.	Cream Tartar,
Piperine,	Dovers Powders,
Yellow Barks,	Gum Arabic (white.)
Red "	Gum Gamboge,
Blue Mass, "	Turkish Opium,
Eng. Calomel, extra.	Red Precipitate,
" Ipecac.	Epsom Salts.
" Rheubarb opt.	Flor. Sulphur,
Pulv. Jalap.	Spts Nitre.
Lac. Aloes.	Aqua Ammonia
Red Rhei.	Sulph. Ether.
India Senna.	Hon. Sarsaparilla,
Alex. "	Ref. Borax.
Liquorice,	Ground Ginger,

PAINTS, OILS, &C.

Pure White Lead.	Chrome Green,
No. 1 " "	Chrome Yellow,
Dry Wh. Lead Ore,	Sp. fit. Indigo,
Red " "	Putty,
Litharge. "	Sand Paper.
Best Eng. Ven. Red.	Cider Vinegar,
Spanish Whiting,	

Spirits of Turpentine,
Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills.
Winter strained Sperm Oil,
Summer " " "
Winter " Lard Oil,
Burning Fluid.
Alcohol, 76 and 92 per cent.
Castor Oil (cold pressed),
Copal Varnish (Queen City).
Couch Varnish " "
Japan Dryer,
Paris Green, ground in oil,
" " dry.

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 24, 1852.

WILLIAMS' Cash Grocery Store.

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street where can be found Groceries and other articles of the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as are to be had in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

Chocolate and Cocoa
Imperial, Young Hyson & Black Tea,
Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd & N. O. Sugar;
Golden Syrup, N. O. Molasses, Vinegar, Rice
Pearl Barley Starch
Saleratus, Citron, Currants Spices, Raisins, whole half & qr. boxes
Candies and Nuts, Dried Fruit, Codfish, Mackerel, & Herring, Candles, and Soap, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards
Cloths Pins, Brooms, Hoes, and Trace Chains, Family Flour best Brands.
Whitewash, Dust, scrub Stove and Blacking Brushes,
Bed Cords, Well and Hay Ropes, Decanter and Buggy Mats, Paint Oil, Sash Putty, and Whiting, Glass and Nails, Lead, Shot Powder and Caps, Steam and Lard Oil, Indigo, Madder, Copperas and Alum, Carpet Chain and Cotton Yarn Tobacco of All kinds, Axes, Hatchets, Knives and Forks, Shovels, Hoes, and Trace Chains, Family Flour best Brands.

In short everything kept in establishments of the kind except *Liquors*

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and

No Shaving in Prices.

I am determined to make this the CHEAP ATH GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. WILLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

GREAT BARGAINS

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE be appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates* and on *Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **40,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. TERMS. One fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known HARRISON LANDS in this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

CLOCKS.—A new article of Brass 30 hour Time Pieces—warranted to keep good time. Only $2 00 each.

August 15th 1851. W. E. LANGLEY.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb., prime N. O. SUGAR at 8 cents per lb., 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETING for $1. The prettiest CALICOES you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The fact is, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap is at TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co's No. 1, Hanna's Block, East End

July 9th, 1851.

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 63
" " 80
" " 81
" " 111
" " 111
" " 166
" " 344
" " 345
" " 536
" " 538
" " 561

EWING'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3 Block No. 27
" 4 " 27
" 8 " 21
" 9 " 21
" 4 " 26
" 3 " 28
" 8 " 30
" 4 " 32

COUNTY ADDITION
Lot No 48
" " 49
" " 72

TABOR'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3
" " 29
" " 30

ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
Lot No 42
" " 61
" " 65
" " 66
" " 118
" " 119
" " 120

OLD PLAT.
Lot No. 28
" " 59
" " 62
" " 89

Out Lot No 8, Hanna's Addition, ¼ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22 1850

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having greatly extended his operations, still continues the business in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a Systematic and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, quality, location, and value of* Lands, which will be afforded *gratuitously* to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,706	Noble County	7,747
DeKalb "	7,524	Whitley "	7,797
Steuben "	2,767	Huntington "	3,974
Lagrange "	1,365	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,470	Miami "	1,727
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,920
Jay "	1,666	Cass "	2,640
Wells "	2,720	Fulton "	1,979
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,329
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,349
Fountain "	2,747	Montgomery "	1,770
Putnam "	1,797	Clinton "	1,797
Parke "	1,535	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,970	Porter "	2,230

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title, indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LANE AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1840.

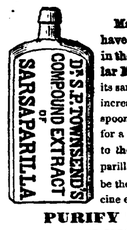
DR. TOWNSEND'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.



Many valuable Improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its sanative powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important item to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this fact alone proves it to be the **Strongest and Cheapest** medicine ever invented to

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

STUBBORN ULCERS,	COSTIVENESS AND PILES,
RINGWORM, OR TETTER,	HEART DISEASE,
RHEUMATISM,	GENERAL DEBILITY,
SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL,	FEMALE DO.
ERYSIPELAS,	COUGHS, COLDS, ETC.,
EFFECTS OF MERCURY,	ENLARGEMENT OF THE JOINTS,
DROPSY,	ULCERS AND FEVER SORES,
PIMPLES ON THE FACE,	LIVER COMPLAINT,
DYSPEPSIA,	

NEURALGIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few exceptions all the above frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive all such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. B. REED,

51 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

Furniture and Chair Warehouse.

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing at the cheapest on hand every variety of

Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal in all respects to any in the place, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

LOOKING GLASSES.

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we sell wholesale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in the line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouse on Columbia Street, opposite H. B. Reed's Drug Store; ask Clinton street, opposite Collector's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST, NORTH SIDE OF CANAL

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grist* to grind will always find no other mill so well fitted in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

W. H. BANKS. [1851.] P. OHNECK.

BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters,

Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

OUT DOORS!

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the Lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorised sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality it desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [1f40] F. P. RANDALL.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

S. H. SHOAFF,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

(UNDER THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

CALHOUN STREET FORT WAYNE.

Patent Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.

The Croton Antibilious Pills.

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable construction, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an antibilious cathartic, tonic and digestive medicine is daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they require no alteration in diet or interruption from business, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by both sexes at all times and under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Constipation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAM'L. H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Cheap Shoe Store, east of the Lime House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Eastern and Home Made

Boots & Shoes,

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Stogas, Brogans, &c., warranted a superior article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Polkas, Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all kinds sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.

Having had many years' practical experience he flatters himself that he is a sufficient judge of the article to buy

NONE BUT THE BEST,

and he will sell them so low that it will *be Cheaper to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will therefore sell

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c. of all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 23, 1851. 1f16

SHOAFF & COLLINS,

at the City Drug Store,

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

Genuine Drugs & Medicines

which having been bought for *Cash* will be sold at rates lower than have ever before been offered in this city.

Some of their friends in setting forth in their advertisements, the vast extent of their stock in trade, having used up so much of the type both of letters and figures, they are compelled to content themselves with but a slight and concise notice of some of the most important articles with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among these will be found Quinine, Opium, Calomel, Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually enumerated in the *voluminous* advertisements of the day. Together with every other article in the Drug line including Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Druggists' Glass ware, Segars, Tobacco.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, Medical and Surgical Instruments choice Wines, Brandies and Bandies for Medical Purposes also the usually well selected stock of choice

GROCERIES.

including Green and Jack Teas, of purity and flavor, Fulton and Java Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, &c. &c.

Agents for Conkling Wood & Co's Fire Proof Paint, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 17th, 1851.

Liver Complaint

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility

Diseases of the Kidneys.

AND all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 12—No 45. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, May 15, 1852. Whole No. 9-7.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid up, except at the option of the publisher. Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per square of Ten lines, for the first three weeks, and that rate for subsequent insertions. A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, on the most reasonable terms.

NEW ENGLAND
Live Stock Insurance Co.,
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, CATTLE, and SHEEP Insured against *death, or damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will be at the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon the returns for a Livelihood, should call or immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured, before they are injured or take sick or die. E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Wm. Coughtry, *Inspector.*
November 12, 1851. 519

Insurance Agency.

THE subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

The Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct 30 1851. 545

Ohio Live Stock
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or disease of any description whatever, at very low rates.

DIRECTORS—Wm. Burnet, R. S. Rowe, S Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Prince, S. W. Render Sec. Wm. Burnet, Pres't.
Office No. 5, Front Street, Cincinnati.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over H. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. 564p

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods Produce, Horses and Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per Lake Steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessels of vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any market on the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 467

CITY
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.

Will insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE *Stores, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in portand their cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.*

DIRECTORS.

C. B. Reeder, Wm Burnet
George Carpenter, J. G. Tibbat,
J. M. Blair, H. Raper,
J. P. Kilbreth, E. S. Haynes,
H. L. Hoffman.
E. B. Reeder, *President.*

N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

✱✱ Office,—No 2 Front st. st. between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1843. 28—tf

READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.
A VIGOROUS LIFE,
Or a Premature Death.
Kinkelin on Self Preservation,
ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information on the habitudes and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who purchase it or offer under the due covers (sealed) of only an postpaid interesting, truth also lifted the extensive effects of reckoning and benefits to thousands who are addicted to declining physical energy, as the victims of premature and neat debility, and of sleeping and melancholy despondency, He K. would advise.

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A pamphlet of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Green streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who is Physician under the name of Dr. K., may relinquish confidence in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently call upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid) and be cured at home.

PACKAGES OF MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. 194

NEW GOODS.

WILSON & TRESSELT are now receiving direct from New York, a splendid assortment of New Goods consisting of

Dry Goods. Groceries
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

to which they respectfully invite the attention of those wishing to purchase.

They will also, until the close of navigation, be constantly receiving additions to their stock, which will enable them to keep their assortment as good as any in town.

Those wishing BARGAINS will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell quite as cheap if not a little cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept 9, 1851

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

CHARLES CASE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

OFFICE—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurers office. yd

J. L. FORBES. W. S. HOAGLAND.

WORDEN & HOAGLAND,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

August 16 1851. 76

L. M. NINDE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

✱✱ *Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.* 547p

WILLIAM H. JONES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.

✱✱ OFFICE—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 435

JOSEPH K. FLEGETIN.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
Land and Collection Agent,
FORT WAYNE, IA

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Locating and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co.	New York.
Dibblee, Work & Moore	
John Stewart, Jr. & Co.	
Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton	
Robert Bishop, Esq.	
Clark & Work	
Stedman, Maynard & Co.	*Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Bartlett & Co.	*Boston.*
Allen Hamilton,	*Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch,	
E. W. Tinker.	

OFFICE—On Clinton st., opposite the Brick Church. July 19 1851. y—1

F. E. COLERICK. [1852.] W. K. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents.* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

✱✱ OFFICE—Over H. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.
Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will be attended with prompt and due business entrusted to his care. Office—Removed to residence of T. R. Stockebridge's State corner Main and Calhoun st. 517.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. HARKENRIDER, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection Adjustment, or Security of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES:
Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, Fort Wayne
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Beam, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Bentham, *New York.*
" W. Bealey, "
" Alex Kevan, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store on Calhoun

JOHN HOUGH, JR.
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care, and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton Fort Wayne	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Towsley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Yeomans, White, Dunscombe "	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co. Cleveland.	Halstead, Haines & Co., "
Hitchcock, Wilcox & Wade, "	Halstead & Brokaw, "
W. H. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edwards Kellogg, Esqs. "
Fox & Tyndall, "	Lansing, Fish & Co., Boston.
Milnor, Andrews & Co. "	Goodhind & Loverings, "
Comins, Tweed & Co. "	McDowell & Day, Philadelphia
McKesson & Co. Buffalo.	Wood & Allen, "
Hayward & Yonge, "	Bellin & Fairthorne, "

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville Ky., and of the University of New York and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Hunders's Boarding House, near the Herkimer House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.

May 3, 1851. 143

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their entire attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office near the Mill, Wilson & Cole's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors south of Ward's Inn.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1846.

DR. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in his office on Calhoun street. His services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 16th, 1847. 76

HOMEOPATHY.

DR. LEONARD, M.D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homeopathic Physician*, and Surgeon. He may be found at the Office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged. p5m7

PIQUA HOUSE,
JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.
Corner of Main and Water Sts.,
6m24p PIQUA, OHIO.

Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders. She has several pleasant rooms to warrant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,000 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by

WILSON & TRESSELT.
Sept. 9, 1851.

POETRY.

THE PRINTER.

Among the ranks of human men,
Some go before, and some behind,
But mark them well and you shall find
Not goodness is the Printer.

Of members oft he takes the lead,
And is a gentleman, indeed,
For whom the world has utmost need,
The very self same Printer.

The lessons which you learn at school
That you might not grow up a fool,
Had all in scientific rule,
Been published by the Printer.

How do your Presidents and Kings
Govern so many thousand things,
Thinks the types, and screws, and springs
Belonging to the Printer

The farmer, and mechanic, too,
Would sometimes scarce know what to do
Could they not get a certain view
Of work done by the Printer.

The doctor cannot meet the crowds
Of ill his cause call for books
Upon the pages of the books
Supplied him by the Printer.

The lawyer form wit has passed,
But high as he his head may cast,
He would be but a dunce, at last,
Were it not for the Printer.

Who can that so neatly tells
The various goods the merchant sells,
Inviting all the beaux and belles?
Who is it but the Printer.

Two classes of the human race,
Of different size, of different race,
Appears of this and every place—
How obvious to the Printer.

One sings the bass or slumps and flats,
Bedecked with pantaloons and hats,
And long-tailed coats, and smooth cravats
Of this class is the Printer.

The other sings the treble sweet
Adorned with frocks and bonnets neat,
And look! how handsome and complete,
And lovely to the Printer.

'Tis Hymen's will, of course, you know,
These classes should in couples go,
And since the world will have it so,
So be it, says the Printer.

There's not a man below the skies,
Who better understands to prize
The charms that grace a lady's eyes,
Than does this very Printer!

Young ladies, then, without debate,
'Tis hoped you'll duly estimate,
Before in fact it be too late,
The value of the Printer.

THREE CHEERS.

AN ELECTION DAY ANECDOTE.

On the morning of the election, Mr. Trimmer, one of the candidates for the office of constable in a town "out West," said to his confidential serving man:

You must keep your eyes open to day Jerry. Always are what's to be done and do it:—Remember that the saving of one vote may put one into office. And one thing in particular I want you to bear in mind. There will be some speechifying, and of course I'll be called on; so the moment you hear my name proposed, I want you and your friends to be ready with the *three cheers.*

Jerry had a thick skull and a dull brain; but after considerable scratching of the cranium, he brightened up and said he understood his matter perfectly, and that he could depend upon him.

That's right, said Mr. Trimmer. You are a stupid fellow sometimes, Jerry; but *you* make yourself useful, when you try. Now do your work and I'll reward you. And Jerry—don't forget the three cheers.

The polls were opened. At first the election was dull business; but towards the middle of the forenoon, the people began to assemble, and considerable excitement was raised. The party to which Mr. Trimmer belonged, made the old Red Tavern their head quarters. Liquor was drank in the bar room, and speeches made on the steps, all for the public good.—Mr. Trimmer's purse was opened, and so was his mouth. He treated the crowd to bad liquor and worse harangues; while Jerry at the same time was making himself useful. Affairs prospered favorably, when, after a number speeches were made from the door steps, somebody called for Trimmers.

Trimmers! Trimmers! echoed the crowd.

Now was the critical moment. The candidate for constable had done is share of talking that day; but this was the first time he was called upon for a speech. He passed through the crowd and reached the open space allotted to the speaker.

Trimmer! Trimmer! cried a small boy in the crowd.

Trimmer bowed. Trimmer cast his eyes about him to see what had become of *Jerry.*

Hem! coughed the candidate a little disconcerted.

Putter through, screamed the small boy.

Trimmer bowed, and attempted to smile.—But his had set his heart on the three cheers and he need them to encourage him. After some hesitation, however he began—

Fellow citizens.

A dead silence followed.

Hem—the day is one of—of—immense importance to the country.

Trimmer glanced his eyes around him for some manifestations of approbation. How he cursed the stupid Jerry in his heart, for not making the embarrassing silence with simultaneous applause. He was cut short by the provoking spectacle of Jerry and a companion elbowing their way through he crowd toward the speaker.

Give us room, cried Jerry. Out of the way here. Let us pass.

Having attracted the popular eye, and drawn attention entirely from the speaker to himself, he emerged from the crowd with his companion, and placed directly under the nose of the horrified Trimmer a stool and two chairs.

What does this mean? whispered Mr. Trimmer, turning very white, then flushing very red.

Wall, said Jerry, loud enough to be heard by the whole crowd, I couldn't do no better. You said you wanted three cheers but we couldn't get but *two* CHEERS *and a stool!*

Up went a roar at laughter, and down went the disconcerted candidate. The confusion was great, speechifying was at an end, and Jerry's mistake about the three cheers defeated Trimmer's election.—*Carpet Bag.*

A wit being told that an old acquaintance was married, exclaimed—"I am glad to hear it." But, reflecting a moment, he added, in a tone of compassion and forgiveness—"and yet I don't know why I should be; he never did me any harm."

Advice to Wives.—Should you find it necessary, as you undoubted will, many of you, to chastise your husbands, you should perform this affectionate duty with the soft end of the broom, and not with the handle.

The Known and Unknown.

Great though man is intellectually, still all the knowledge which he possesses is as vanity, compared to the great mysterious unknown—that which he does not know. He makes the lightning his messenger, and sends words of hope, love, or fear to distant places on its fiery wings. He takes iron from the mine and wood from the forests; the one he makes his steed, and the other his driver, and away he roars on the iron track faster than the eagle cleaves the air. He throws his iron bridge over the seas; and his iron cords span the yawning chasm, where Niagara's waters run dark and deep. The ocean billows are smoothed by the wheels of his steamships; he pierces through the Alps with the chisel and drill; he makes his path may beneath great rivers, and walks dry shod beneath the keels of huge ships. All this he does, and much more, by the force of his splendid mind—that constructive faculty implanted in him by his great Creator. But great though man is intellectually, and vast though the as his mind are, to comprehend and plan; extensive as is his knowledge of things in earth, water, air and sky, still as this but teaches him that he knows nothing in comparison with that which is beyond his ken.

The astronomer had constructed his telescope six feet in diameter, and with it he seeth clearly five hundred times farther than he can with his naked eye; with it he hath made many discoveries in the starry heavens, for he can tell the height of the mountains and the depths of terrific craters in the moon; he hath constructed other systems beside our own solar corner of the universe; but these things only impress more strongly upon his mind the simple fact, "he is but a babe in knowledge." He sees double, triple and quadruple stars; one red, another blue; one crowned with revolving rings, and another oscillating like a pendulum; and viewing these immensities, the conclusion is forced upon his mind, that this earth in the universe of worlds, is like a cork on the great ocean, and himself like a butterfly which dances in the sunbeam.

It may be acknowledged that man can know but little of those immensities which are so far removed from the sphere in which he dwells, but it is different with those things which are brought under his strict observation. There is some force in this remark, still the knowledge which man has accumulated in all the generations of his existence, forms but a small mound in comparison with the unknown. No machine hath yet been built which can cleave the air like the swallow, or dwell continually amid the storms of the ocean like the "petrel."—No steam or other engine ever constructed, can give out such an amount of power every day, with three pounds of fuel, as the human machine, which, in a full grown man, consumes only three pounds of food. In apparently very simple things we know comparatively little. Who can detect the influence in a bank note which carries disease and death from one infected person to another, hundreds of miles distant. Plagues and fearful diseases are carried on the wings of the wind, but not chemist by the most refined analysis, has been able to detect the subtile destroyer, which tells man "he dwells in a cottage of clay and is crushed before the moth."

We enter the flowery garden, and on sense tell us there are substances floating in the atmosphere which has been cast off by the rustling rose and geranium, to give pleasure to the mind; but those substances cannot be seen by the eye, heard by the ear, or felt by the hands; they are too fine for the scale of the chemist his weights and measures are yet far too coarse to weigh an atom or circumscribe its dimensions; and here may lie some of those secrets which for want of a better term chemists give the name of "isomeric compounds." In the organic cell of the lowest and lowliest known existences, there is a world beyond the search of the most powerful microscope that has yet been constructed. If there is in an overpowering sense of man's ignorance derived from an examination of the universe, as strong a sense of our ignorance is derived from contemplation of a single molecule of matter,—the universe of a drop of water—a single organic cell.

It is not to be supposed, however, that because many things are now hidden a secret to us, they will always remain so. There is a limit to the mental grasp of man—beyond it he cannot go, but the world is full of wonders yet to be discovered—nature hath already revealed many of her secrets, and she will tell us many more. The qualities of a great and good discoverer and inventor are, a good judgment—common sense—reflection, industry, observation, and arrangement. Newton was preeminently distinguished by those qualities; and the falling of an apple, his observing mind took that which, to all others had, since the world began, excited no curious emotion, and it led to the discovery of that law which binds the sweet influences of the Pleiades, guides the planets in their courses in the stellar heavens, and which as hath been well observed by an eloquent astronomer, "conveys the thrill of the thrush's song to the remotest star in the universe." Every man, then, who has the least ambition to extend the borders of our knowledge—no matter what a field there is before us still,—should observe, reflect, arrange, and gather up facts,—for science is but a collection of well arranged facts.—*Scientific American.*

MINNESOTA is doubtless a great country, and St. Paul's a thriving place; but we should judge by the following extract from the Minnesota Pioneer that they do not have much better beef there than we do in Fort Wayne. In that respect St. Paul's and Fort Wayne are about on an equality.

Fresh Tenderlines.—The work oxen now being driven down from the pineries, the butchers shops of St. Paul are again supplied beeves. Their yokes, sawed in, are about as tender *stakes* as any part of the animal. Slices of sled tongues for soup, would probably be cheaper; and ox chain links, rather more substantial food; and as juicy and palatable. The choicest pieces of the animal, between horns and hocks, sell at ten cents.

A Funny Thing.—Last Saturday the 3d inst, as the express train from Montreal was running with great speed to make up lost time, between St. Johns and Rouse's Point, the engine man discovered a woman standing in the centre of the track, frantically swinging a basket, evidently with the intention of stopping the train. The whistle soon sounded for "*down brakes hard,*" and with great exertion the train was brought to rest within a few feet of the woman, who never stirred from the track, or evinced the slightest fear.

The engineer, fire-man, and brake man, and Superintendent, (who happened to be on the train,) ran up to the woman to find out what horrible accident had happened ahead, to call forth such a strong demonstration on her part. Each asked eagerly the cause for her signal. "*Lawful sakes,*" said she, "*I never seed one of them machines before in my life,* and I do declare its the funniest thing I ever did see."—*Burlington Free Press*

It is all moonshine about the Connecticut girls petitioning to Congress to "have leap year come considerable oftener."

Support Home Papers.

This voice is beginning to be reiterated by the Western Press, and it should be heeded by the Western people. Home papers have done more for the West, than can be calculated in dollars and cents, and it is truly surprising, as it is ungrateful, that so great a number of Western people prefer to patronize a distant newspaper, to the exclusion of one published near home. Distant newspapers as a general thing, are of little intrinsic value, and as a means of advocating our local interests, they are no use whatever. Why then should they be regarded with that favor which belongs only to those which are really and intrinsical ly useful? It is extremely difficult to find an excuse for those who persist year after year to patronize distant newspapers, in preference to those who are ever ready to advocate and promote their local and individual interests. Of course such persons claims the right of doing as they please, without regard to circumstances, they very often do wrong. It appears to us, mere gratitude for services rendered, apart from any other inciting motives, should induce Western people to patronize Western papers. Here newspaper do everything for the people.

Is a grant of land to be petitioned for from the government, who are the ablest advocates of the petitioners? Who persevere so long and so zealously in urging the claims of the State and of the people to the consideration and respect of Congress? The newspaper—the humble newspapers. Are they paid for this? Not one cent.

Is a railroad or plankroad to be built, who does most of the preliminary work—who appeals most ably to the people in its behalf—who labors most to gather information from the experience of others, and lay it before the community, so that the people may be warned against improvidence or encouraged to profit by circumstances analagous to those which may have been advantageous to others? The newspaper do this. And are they not paid for this? no; they are not. Sometimes they may be thanked, but just as frequently blamed for their services; but of for being paid, no one thinks of such an act of justice.

There are a thousand other services which newspapers render the community, which need not be enumerated, as no reader can be ignorant of the fact that they are on all subjects the exponents of public opinion, and for all useful objects they are the advocates of the gratification of the popular desire. Nor are they less useful in the reprobation of vice than they are able in the cause of human happiness. What is it that the offender dreads more than the scathing rebuke of the press? Nothing: Neither the pulpit nor the Bar can make him quail, as can the humblest country newspaper.

In the cause of morality—in the advocacy of human rights—in spreading abroad for the information of the people, new facts in science and in arts—in bringing together a knowledge of passing events from all the nations, tribes and peoples of the world—what an industrious, what so influential, what so useful as a newspaper? Every paper is a cyclopædia of knowledge, and such knowledge, too, as may be sought for in vain elsewhere.

As then its cost, what is it? Less for a year than a single "treat all round" of a few cigars. Less than any one of the thousand luxuries which with most people have become indispensable with their daily fare.

With all these advantages which can be purchased so cheaply, why is it that so large a number of human beings refuse to avail themselves of a newspaper? We may be able to account for some intermediate motives which actuate them, but we cannot account for the primary cause. Who will enlighten us on this subject? Of course no one can, except he who refuses to take a newspaper.—*Zanesville Gaz.*

A Short Romantic Love Story.

We clip the following little bit of romance in real life from the Baltimore Clipper:

AN EXCITING SCENE.—Some three ago a young gentleman, after having been refused the hand of a beautiful young lady then residing in Charles street, on account of his poverty left this city for California, declaring that he would return at some future time possessor of riches, at all events enough to make himself and his intended comfortable. After assurances of unalterable affection from the young lady, he left for New York, where he took passage in an old worn out vessel for the El Dorado.—After the lapse of some ten months the vessel reached her destination, and the young gentleman immediately set out for the gold mines, determining that he would not write to his friends, but as soon as fortune should favor him with enough of the precious metal he would return unexpectedly and by this means ascertain if his lady-love had been true to her promise.

A few days since he arrived in New York, and left for this city, in fond anticipation of surprising the dearest object of his heart. On his arrival here he immediately repaired to the lady's former residence, and was much disappointed to hear that the idol of his affections had left the city, shortly after his departure, with her parents to visit the Northern States, and, becoming so much pleased with the change, her parents had settled in the city of New York. The gentleman left the house with a heavy heart, determining, after calling upon some of his intimate friends, to return to New York in search of the lady. On his way out Charles street, when near the corner of Monument street, he saw a little girl about two years old, who so much resembled the object of his search that he stopped for a moment to gaze upon her features, when who should turn the corner but the identical young lady, as he imagined, arm in arm with a gentleman. Our California friend stood aghast for a moment, then rushed forward, caught the lady in his arms, and burst forth in a flood of tears. The gentleman accompanying the lady was all amazement, and for more than a minute could not speak.

As soon as his speaking faculties returned he caught the California gentleman by the collar, and demanded an explanation, which was satisfactorily given, and all the parties left the spot in high glee, the young lady hanging in a most affectionate manner on the arm of our California friend. The lady and gentleman who had turned the corner were brother and sister, and the young lady was the cousin of the affianced bride of the gentleman from California. When we left the scene we really thought our California friend would go into hysterics, so pleased was he to hear that the object of his search was true to her vows, and dying with impatience to clasp him in her arms. They proceeded to the residence of the young lady, who resides Conway street, and the meeting of the lovers can "better be imagined than described."

Returning Missionaries.—A private letter to the Commercial, from Shanghai, mentions that Mrs. Taylor, the devoted missionary at Sanghai, is compelled to return to the United States in consequence of ill health. Mrs. Boon, wife of Bishop Boon, return for the same reason, also Rev. Dr. Bridgeman, whose health is much impaired. All the above missionaries sailed in the ship Adelaide, Capt. Cobb.

Energy of Character.

A bold vigorous man—what a tone he gives to the company he may be in, to the society in which he lives, to the nation wherein he was born! Men seem inebriate with the atmosphere around him, so completely are they overcome in his presence. He is never weary, never languid; there his nothing enervating falls from him in action or speech. He strengthens and arouses. He sets men of no confidence on their feet, not purposely, but by his own example. They see him, one of themselves, the boy they went to school with, expanded into man, and drawing all after him in the vortex in which he moves. He is a perpetual reproach to the sluggard, a joy to the timid, those who want confidence, and who fancy they are by temperament or situation precluded from possessing or manifesting the daring animating power. Energy of character is continually renovating society—elevating man to a level whence they see so easily it is or seems to be great and joyful, as strong and vigorous as he who, by act or thought, lifted them up. It is astonishing to see men press on in the race of emulation, inspired by some fellows who figures in the past, or is present among them. The enthusiasm one man can create by bold and earnest action is astonishing. One jovial free hearted, generous stranger, coming by accident or otherwise among us, will often spur or invigorate a clique of friends inured, completely trained, into dullness and customary quiet.—The enthusiasm of the moment overbears all our preconceived notions of order, our silence and respectful decorum; our fear of giving offence, that pitiful but common vice, which makes us careful even to folly in what we say; by the current of this man's spirit rolling through us and forcing up ones, swept away; and the night, the day, the time whenever it is forms a bright spot in our history. It is from this public meetings derive their interest, and public opinion its force. We are sure of meeting some earnest man that will cheer us, give us keener, fuller sensations, and thus one or two beings, connected with the millions by mystic chains of sympathy communicate the fire of their own minds to every man, until its powerful energy awakens the dormant intellect of all.

High and Low Pressure.—The N.Y. Mirror says, when we speak of the high pressure steamers on the Western rivers, do not some readers ask—what is the meaning of *high pressure?* We imagine that they do, and that they will thank us for answering the question. Those who know already, occupy themselves with other articles.

Attend, then reader pupil. The Steam Engine is set in motion by the driving back ward and forward of the piston in the cylinder, just as a cork might be driven in a tube, by the steam one end to the other, and this is effected by the steam. The steam is let in below the piston, and drives it up, and is then let in above, and drives it down. Of course, when the piston has descended to the bottom of the cylinder, the steam which drives it down is to be open near the top, and the steam let in below must force out the steam above.

But this cylinderful of steam is to be driven out against the atmosphere. The whole inner surface of the cylinder is pressed by the atmosphere about fifteen pounds to the square inch. Now if the steam let in below does not exceed fifteen pounds to the square inch, the piston will not rise. We must have a pressure of steam greater than this, to produce motion at all. But if the steam above the piston can be suddenly cooled back into water, it will be put out of the way, and a vacuum will be found in its place. There will be nothing to prevent the upward motion—every ounce of pressure below will be effective. The atmosphe itself, if allowed to enter below would drive up the piston.

In the low pressure engines, the steam which has driven the piston in one direction, is condensed into water, and taken entirely out of the way. In these engines, if the steam let in gives a pressure of fifteen pounds to the inch within the cylinder, this will move *without any pressure on the boiler outward.* It is only above this pressure that the steam begins. But in the high pressure engines, there is no apparatus for condensing the steam. It is driven out, in the way described, against the atmosphere, and the first fifteen pounds of pressure on the boiler does nothing to move the engine. It is only above this that anything is accomplished.

The engines of our locomotives, and our mills, shops and factories generally, are high pressure. The condensing apparatus adds much to the expense, and requires much space. On all our Western steamers, condensing or low pressure is used.

Perhaps this explanation will suffice. The manner of effecting the condensation of the steam, we will not now describe. The reader is satisfied, we trust, in regard to the peculiarity which gives the names *high pressure* and *low pressure.* The former is known by their puffing off a portion of steam, at every stroke into the atmosphere.

☞ The man who don't take a paper, called in the other day to know if Kossuth was an Irishman, and whether he was going to be President. We told him he ought to take a paper, so he could observe the signs of the times. He said he didn't believe much in signs—though he believed the dark of the moon was a good time to plant taters.—*Lafayette Courier.*

Pass the fellow round "who don't take a newspaper" that every body may see what sort of an animal he looks like. Didn't the fellow have *long ears.*—*Toledo Rep.*

Barnum's Elephants.—Barnum's Travelling Menagerie has been laid up the past winter at Schenectady, and will shortly commence his second summer tour. The elephants have all lived through the cold weather, and are in excellent health and condition. Many important additions have been made to the Zoological collection since the last season, including a splendid Royal Bengale Tiger, the largest ever seen in America, and a monster White or Polar Bear. A fine Lioness has also made her three promising whelps to the exhibition, and an infant camel has unexpectedly made his appearance, being the first one ever born in this country. The cage and all the travelling paraphernalia have been refitted, and establishment will doubtless create a great sensation in the towns it visits during the coming six months.

A Singular Suit.—The Lowell (Mass.) Vox Populi states that Catherine Cassidy has brought a suit against the Suffolk Manufacturing Company, for refusing to give her a "line," or recommendation, in consequence of which refusal she was unable to obtain employment in other corporations. A portion of the evidence was heard, when the Judge, on account of the new and important law question raised, took the case from the jury, in order that the whole court might determine the rules of law applicable to it.

PAUPERISM IN NEW YORK.—There was 5,715 persons in the different institutions of the New York alms house department during the month of March. The out-door poor numbered 3,721.

Are You Educating Your Boys?

This inquiry is addressed to every parent who may cast his eye upon it, that has a son, or a ward to educate and fit for active duties of life. Are you during his childhood either instructing him yourself in the rudiments of reading, spelling, arithmetic, geography, the art of writing, English grammar, composition and book keeping, or sending him to a teacher who is competent to teach him the essentials of a primary education? If so, then you are doing what ought to be done for every boy in the land.

But no faithful parent will, or rather should be contented in barely *knowing* that his boy is professedly attending to these several studies during the days of his childhood and youth—for many a boy is spending his youthful probation over the books that contain the elementary knowledge necessary for him in future life, without acquiring it. This is a fact to which many who have passed from boyhood to manhood in by gone years have borne their testimony with deep regret and remorse. See then, that your boy attends to these things and acquire knowledge daily.

It is no less important that he be taught also, to labor—so that if need be, he can support himself by labor. There are many, who, when they come to manhood, though they possess fine talents, and what is denominated "a finished education," yet are unable to provide for themselves food and clothing, unless they can find employment in what is called a professional life, or the business thereof.

No such man can be said to have "a finished education," and no education should be qualified with such an epithet that does not thoroughly furnished a man so, that if he cannot provide for himself the necessaries of life in his own chosen way, there are other vocations to which he can readily turn his attention and secure an independent living. Such a man can be an upright and honest officer of government in any other corporation, you can trust him—he is not relied on for to hold an office is an accident as it were of his life. Not so however with him who is an accident of the office—who knows no other way of support, but that of favoritism which comes from personal friends or from government. Educate your boy then, if you would make a man of him, so that he shall have the power of a man with him—then will he always demean himself as a man, wherever and whenever he is called to act. This is educating your boy, and furnishing him for the days of manhood.

OLD HAYS.—A friend tells a good story of "Old Hays," when in was crier of the Court of Sessions.

The room was unusualy warm, and he was very apt in the afternoon to drop away in a doze.

On one occasion while the recorder was charging a jury, the old man snored, quite audibly. An officer immediately whispered in his ear: "Uncle Jacob, some one is snoring and this nothing the court." Up jumped Hays, and with his stentorian lungs cried out, "Silence! there must be no snoring in court!" And turning to the recorder, he said: "You can now go on without interruption." The story is sometimes told of him, that being awakened one day by a peal of thunder, he cried out Silence."—*Knickerbocker.*

File your Newspapers.—How interesting it would be to an old man to look into the newspapers which he had read when he was twelve, or sixteen and twenty years old? How many events would this call to mind which he has entirely forgotten? How many interesting associations and feelings would it revive! What a view it would give one of past years! What a knowledge it would preserve, by assisting the memory! And how many valuable purposes of a literary kind even might it be rendered subservient to! How much I wish I could look into such record, while composing this article."

The Crystal Palace.—It seems pretty certain that the glass house in Hyde Park will not be *pulled down,* and in anticipation of such a determination on the part of the Government, a company in London have offered Messrs Fox, Henderson & Co., the sum of $350,000 for the building, with a view of removing it the same spot in the outskirts of the metropolis, for the purpose of establishing a winter garden.

☞ If you want a favor of a married woman, brag on her baby. If you want to obtain her eternal enmity, let her turn around and catch you making monkeys at it.

The Boston Post gives the weather a sly dig after the following fashion:

"*Farm Work for April.*"—Now clear the snow from your hot beds, shovel walks from the house to the hog sty, make parks for the cattle to go out and take the air and browse, and prepare the seeds and tools for planting in July, in case of a favorable change in the weather.

The Sun and Moon.—The Sun gives light and the Moon reflects it. The Democrats meet at Baltimore on the first of June.—the Whigs at Philadelphia two weeks afterwards. Positive and negative electricity.

☞ The farmers of the Scioto valley, Ohio, and of the country immediately adjacent have

GENUINE ALBERT

Promptly cured by one bottle of a first rate article, which is the *good old way*—all *Liquors, only*—at the old stand, next door to *Bates* Hill & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

LAMPS.—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps—Suspension, Solar, Solar, Chamber, and other patterns. Also *Burning Fluid* For sale by W. E. LANGLEY.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

THOWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 37, Columbia Street, in Hanna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

New Goods

directly from the manufactories, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any house in the city. Our store has already the reputation of being the

Cheapest Store in Town,

and we are determined that no pains shall be spared to make it name a reality.

Our assortment is complete. Farmers, Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find anything and every thing that pertains to Merchandize, and so cheap, too, that you can get your money full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purses.

The highest price, *in Cash*, will always be paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the St. Joe Mills, or at Compeers, Hubble & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of Salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest prices.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is *the place* to get them. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

Fort Wayne, Oct. 31, 1850.

1850. 1850.

A. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Wilson & Co.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

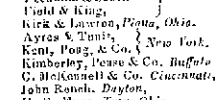
FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } Toledo
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. }
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King. }
Kirk & Lawren, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York.*
Kent, Pong, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Resch. *Dayton.*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

1850.  1850.

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Peas and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL, FORT WAYNE, In.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " " "
Samuel Hanna. " " " "
J. de L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
E. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

Family Groceries.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of GROCERIES for family use, consisting in part of Old Java Coffees, Crushed, Pulverized, Orleans, and Muscovado Sugars; Black Imperial, and Y. H. Teas; Cayenne, Pepper, Spices, &c. All of which we offer at the low cash prices. WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept. 9, 1850.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat.

We will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any less quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3 COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil

A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 400 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by

SAMUEL M. KIER,

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

The healthful balm from Nature's secret spring,
The balm of health, and life, to man will bring;
As from her mantle the mantle found flow,
The sick are suffering, and massage are woes.

PETROLEUM—It is necessary, upon the introduction of a new medicine, to the notice of the public, that something should be said in relation to its powers, in healing disease, and the manner in which it heals. Nature's organization is so complicated, and so imperfect the knowledge of disease, so imperfect, that in the space of years. But to understand that certain remedies produce certain impressions upon their organs we are limited by experience to short limits. It is by observing and watching the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine, we are entitled its merits; it is our duty to bring it before the public, as in the benefits to be derived from it, may be more generally diffused. But I claim no right to hold back a remedy whose powers are adapted to remove pain and to alleviate human suffering and disease.

The Petroleum has been fully Tested!

Almost one year and a half ago it was placed before the public as a remedy of wonderful virtues. Every one not acquainted with its virtues, doubted its healing properties. Thousands of bottles are now in use. It has many friends. Those who have tested it are its warm friends. Those who have tested it through its wonderful agency. Those who have seen its virtues. The lame, through its instrumentality, were made to walk—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the lashing pains of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, were reduced to health and usefulness. Scrofula, in some cases, had been made to see. In other cases it failed. But we are aware that we should write testimonials, and make no statements that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—crowds of them, who will testify in behalf of what they have seen and felt. Some will testify to the efficacy of the Petroleum, who will testify that the Petroleum has done for them what no medicine ever could before—cases that were pronounced hopeless and beyond the reach of medicine—cases abandoned by Physicians of unquestioned celebrity, have been made to vacilate—This is the

MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!!

Well may it be called from the remarkable cures of some of the most remarkable cases (see circular with the oil) to cure them it would require more space than would be allowed for this notice. Since the introduction of the Petroleum, almost one year and a half ago, many Physicians have been convinced of its efficacy, and are now using it in their practice, and if the Physicians do not recommend it, the people will have it of themselves—for its transcendent power to heal, will and must be one honest and impartial—who is the man or woman who has not a friend or relative cured by it? Who has not a friend or relative, who has been by years suffered with the tortures and pangs of an intolerable fire in the back, shortening his days and unfitting him for the transacting of business? Of this thing, if what he speaks and relates proves false, who will doubt it? The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy—It is put up as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without anything being added to or taken from it.

It contains ingredients from the bed of asphaltum which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human comparison. The Petroleum is this respect is like MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues in most chronic diseases, are acknowledged. And only by Physicians, but by the community at large. These chronic diseases, flowing out from the earth, in combination with mineral substances of different proportions, and indeed, there in such complete substance as to require the aid of chemistry in order to establish its existence. Such is the Petroleum. It is a remedy, or as Nature intended it, a remedy for many of the most of the most fatal diseases. It is a natural remedy, and as Nature never had made an imperfect or unequalized power, so we have the most abundant testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable we do not pretend—but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Hoarseness, Dysentery, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Mumps, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Pain in the Side, Pain in the Back, Lame Back, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Pain in the Joints, Spinal Complaint, Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Agues, Dyspepsia, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature, leading to pulmonary Consumption.

Burns and Scalds, Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Corns and Bunions.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WARD & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 20, 1851. 52

PRINTS.

200 PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever by

TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.

August 23 1851.

DOYLE & HOSKINSON'S NEW LINE OF STAGES

HAVE commenced running TRI-WEEKLY to St. MARYS, Ohio, connecting with SAM'L DOYLE'S line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Hedekin House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 2m

ALBERT E. JONES,

PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,

Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.

I have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to $1,000. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured about twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sole agency for the State for

Soddart & Co's Piano Fortes,

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six thousand of these instruments, in the last few years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For constant use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $800 each.

Banjo Pianos.

I am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for combination of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of listening appreciated without being heard. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MORCH & WHITE'S

Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos.

which are intended for Parlors, Churches, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in beautiful Rosewood cases, and as finely finished as any Piano Fortes at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled instruments. I invite attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Ornaments.

Having located myself permanently in this City, and having opened a house for the sale of

PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds, and Publishing and the sale of

Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges, Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers particularly*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now complete for a constant supply and full stock, on such terms as shall enable me to offer them at *Lowest Cash Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. I say to my prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my Stock at Eastern rates, and am confident I cannot fail to please, if the very best Goods that can be procured, with correct prices, and no *humbug*, will do it. All orders from the country will receive special and prompt attention, and Goods in all cases returned if not satisfactory as such as were ordered.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3m31

ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has enlarged his well known establishment, situated across the WEST end of the principal bridge across the Fort Wayne, being at the foot of the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE,

in the enlargement, in addition to his usual *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins, Kips, Linings, Bindings, Morocco, Harness, Saddle, Shorting, Findings, Lasts, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work.

the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,

of almost every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Linds, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants', elegant Stylish Men's Boys', and Youth's, of all sorts and prices.

Also, India Rubber and Metallic Shoes and Bonters for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL.

His and will be the object of the proprietor to do a liberal business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if convinced, be fully satisfied that their money will value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 1f15

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS!

STOP, SIR! Has just received at the Fort Wayne Office Buildings a new and complete assortment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery, etc., etc., which he offers for a low at Reduced prices.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in this city. Among them are to be found the following LATE WORKS by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Leslie's complete Receipt Book, Miss Beecher's Domestic Economy, American Bee Keeper's Manual, Life of Warren Hastings, Gulliver and Lemuel Gulliver, Lives of James K. Polk, Silas Wright, and John C. Calhoun, Colonel Hockenbury's Tour, Sea and Land, do. Land and Sea, do. three years in California, Wonders of Prometheus Unchained, Expeditions to the Dead Sea, Nineveh and its Remains, by Layard, Lacoyer's Sandwich Islands, Georgia Scenes, Rural Poems, Venus Praxis, Works of Egan, Cooper's Works, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Brewster's Optics, Letters to Young Men, Irving's Complete Works, Business Man's Assistant, Letters from Italy, N. P. Willis' Poetical Works, Mrs. L. S. Spurney's Poetical Works, Bentley's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

School Books.

Davies's Legendre, Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry.
Ray's Algebra, Arithmetic.
Colburn's Arithmetic.
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemistry.
Emerson's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Elementary Spelling.
Kirkham's Grammar.
Bullion's English and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Worcester's Elements of Moral Science.
Hedge's Logic.

McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.

PARKER'S SERIES SCHOOL BOOKS.

Fulton & Eastman's Book Keeping, Bayne's and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, German & English Pronouncing Dictionary, to gether with a complete assortment of all School Books used in area.

His Stock of Stationery

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Morocco Pocket Books, Pass Books Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands, Paper Folders, Port Folios, Pen Knives, Envelopes, Brown's and Black's Ink, Note Paper, Gold Paper, Paper borders, etc. etc. Also a select assortment of Fancy Articles.

A Juge Stock of WRAPPING PAPER *varnished full count*, and a

Good Assortment of Blank Books.

Anything that is usually kept by Book Stores can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 18th, 1850.

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction in all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 15, 1849. 15y

B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 29 COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

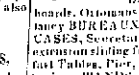
NEW CABINET WAREROOMS.

B. H. TOWER

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of E. Strodefand's Auction Room where may be found all kinds of

Cabinet Furniture

now in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought anywhere, *New York not excepted.*—He is confident that with the long experience he has had in the above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to suit all who may favor him with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved style, is the fashionable cement in use, and warranted good.



He will keep on hand or will make to order, on short notice, SOFAS; DIVANS, WARDROBES, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOK CASES, Secretaries, Centre and Card tables, extension sliding frame Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Lee and Hall Tables, enclosed basin, STANDS, circular front corner basin Stands wash and light Stands dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stools, Ladies Fancy Sewing CHAIRS, Gentlemen's Office Chairs, Mahogany Rocking Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor Chairs.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

Of all descriptions. Also Round Right and left Screw Rail which is the largest, strongest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take the lead in the largest shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge.

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials.

Warranted Good or no Sale.

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost anything of produce he farmer raises and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 26th 1850. y14

MOSES DRAKE, Jr

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IA

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c*

Also, the best Northern Sale and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

New Store and New Goods.

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and fashionable stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE & CUTLERY,

all of which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

Will be Sold at Small Profits!

They deem it unnecessary to further particulars, but respectfully request the goods-buying public to call before or after purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock

They may be found at No. 37, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y15

Daguerreotype Gallery.

Mr. A. McDonald

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Ft Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself here, and has just received from the East, a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and will warrant to be equal to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to them that

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has made himself acquainted with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful Art, and feels perfect in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

Durability or life like Resemblance.

He would simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE of themselves, to give him a call before going elsewhere, and I cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to go to any other operators, or others.

Daguerreian Rooms Calhoun Street, one door South of Taylor's New Store, third story.

Persons in the Profession would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Materials, before going East, as he can Sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 11, 1851.

Family Grocery and Provision Store.

M. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their usefulness, by taking the store lately occupied by I Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Store of

Fresh Groceries.

Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.

which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

MEAT MARKET.

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by them on the canal) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c.

Sept. 23

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 249. 2

NEW DRUG STORE

WATSON WALL,

No. 1, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR,)

IS constantly receiving fresh supplies of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

Jalap Farin Guaiaine.	Pink Root.
Sulph. Acet. Morphine	Camphor.
Pure Nitrate Silver.	Cream Tartar.
Pipe ines.	Brown Powders.
Yellow Barks.	Gum Arabic (white)
Red "	Gum Gamboge.
Blue Mass.	Turkish Opium.
Eng. Calomel, extra.	Red Precipitate.
" Iprecac.	Epsom Salts.
" Rhubarb rept.	Flos. Sulphur.
Calc. Jalap.	Spts. Nitre.
Lac. Sulph.	Aqua Ammonia.
Rad. Ipec.	Sulph. Ether.
India Senna.	Hyp. Sarsaparilla.
Aloes.	Oil. Anisa.
Liquorice,	Ground Ginger.

PAINTS, OILS, &C.

Pure White Lead.	Chrome Green.
No. 1 " "	Chrome Yellow.
Dry Wh. Lead Ore.	Sp. Br. Indigo.
Red " "	Prussian Blue.
Litharge.	Sweet Paper.
Best Eng. Ven. Red.	Cider Vinegar.
Spanish Whiting.	

Spirits of Turpentine.
Linseed Oil (raw) Boston Mills.
Winter strained Sperm oil.
Summer " " Lard Oil.
Winter " "
Burning Fluid.
Alcohol, 95 and 98 per cent.
Castor Oil (pale pressed).
Copal Varnish (Hayes City).
Couch Varnish " "
Japan Dryer.
Paris Green, ground in oil.
Dry.

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 24, 1852.

WILLIAMS'

Cash Grocery Store.

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street where can be found Groceries and a heavy stock of the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as any to be had in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

Chocolate and Cocoa	Whitewash, Dust, scrub
Imperial, Young Hyson	Stove and Blacking
& Black Tea.	Brushes,
Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd	Red Cords, Well and
& N. O. Sugar.	Bucket Rope, Dog and
Golden Syrup, N. O.	Buggy Mats, Paint
Molasses, Vinegar, Rice	Oil, Sash Putty, and
Pearl Barley Starch	Whiting, Glass and
Saleratus, Citron, Cur-	Nails, Lead Shot Pow-
rants Soda, Raisins,	der and Caps, Steam
whole bbl & qr. bxes	and Lard Oil, Indigo,
Candies and Nuts, Dri-	Madder, Copperas and
ed Fruit, Codfish, Mac-	Alum, Copper Chain
kerel, & Herring, Cra-	and Cotton Yarn To-
dles, and Soap, Bucket,	bacco of All kinds,
Tubs, Washboards	Axes, Hatchets, Knives
Clothes Pins, Brooms,	and Forks, Shovels,
Hoes, and Trace Chains,	Family Flour best
	Brands.

In short everything kept in establishments of the kind except *Liquors*

Orders from a distance promptly attended to and

No Shaving in Prices.

I am determined to make this the CHEAP CASH GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. WILLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

GREAT BARGAINS

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates and on Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **19,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. Terms, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known Hamilton Lands: this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

CLOCKS.—A new article of Brass 30 hour Time Pieces—warranted to keep good time. Only $2 00 each.

W. E. LANGLEY.

August 15th 1851.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb., prime N. O. SUGAR at 5 cents per lb., 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETING for $1; the purest CALICOES you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The fact is, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap is at TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co's, No. 1, Hanna's Block, East End.

July 26th, 1851.

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.	COUNTY ADDITION
Lot No. 63	Lot No 48
" " 64	" " 49
" " 61	" " 50
" " 115	TABOR'S ADDITION.
" " 116	Lot No. 3
" " 356	" " 30
" " 331	" " 39
" " 332	HOUGH'S ADDITION.
" " 333	Lot No. 32
" " 335	" " 61
" " 336	" " 65
EWING'S ADDITION.	" " 66
Lot No. 1	" " 113
" " 2	" " 119
" " 6	" " 184
" " 7	OLD PLAT.
" " 8	Lot No. 26
" " 9	" " 59
" " 10	" " 62
" " 11	" " 89

Out lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ¼ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 26, 1850.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber having greatly extended his operations, and enlarged the business to every extent, is now prepared to offer to purchasers, public or private, the *Select Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Purchasing of Property*, and other services pertaining to my agency.

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of the different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana—has numerous and carefully selected Lands, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, location, and value of Lands*, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted for raising purposes, situated as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,700	Noble County	2,710
DeKalb "	7,924	Whitley "	7,792
Steuben "	2,978	Huntington "	5,704
Lagrange "	1,945	Wabash "	3,783
Kosciusko "	7,470	Miami "	1,027
Blackford "	2,274	Carroll "	1,000
Jay "	1,626	Cass "	2,959
Wells "	2,730	Fulton "	1,219
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,322
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,540
Fountain "	2,247	Montgomery "	1,778
Putnam "	1,737	Clinton "	1,597
Parke "	1,558	Marion "	1,028
Boone "	1,276	Porter "	2,236

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of Fort Wayne, Huntington, Lagro, Wabash, Peru and Marion.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 26, 1850.

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1840.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

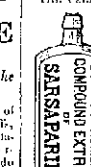
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.



Many valuable improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its sanative powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important fact to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this fact alone proves it to be the Strongest and Cheapest medicine ever invented to

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

Scrofula or King's Evil,	Costiveness and Piles,
Rheumatism,	Heart Disease,
Scrofula or King's Evil,	General Debility,
Erysipelas,	Female do.
Effects of Mercury,	Coughs, Colds, etc.,
Dropsy,	Enlargement of the Joints,
Pimples on the Face,	Ulcers and Fever Sores,
Dyspepsia,	Liver Complaint,
Neuralgia, Nervous Debility, Palpitation of the Heart.	

IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few exceptions all the more frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive all such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. B. REED,

451 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

Furniture and Chair Warehouse.

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing at the corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, a large and well selected stock of

Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal in a superior to any in the place, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

LOOKING GLASSES.

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we will wholesale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in the line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouses on Columbia Street, opposite H. B. Reed's Drug Store; and Clinton Street, opposite Collerton's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work* or *Grist* to grind will always finding a ready market for their grain.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

W. H. HANKS. [1851.] D. SWINEY.

BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters.

Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

OF DONE.

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the Lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High pressure system* on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the Line; and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five section, one healthy district, in one tract.

The undersigned has also on *sale* large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties, and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay anyone to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [1f10] F. P. RANDALL.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana: Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

S. H. SHOAFF,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

(UNDER THE OLD FELLOWS' HALL.)

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE.

Patent Medicines, Drugs Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.

The Croton Antibilious Pills.

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable construction, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an antibilious cathartic, tonic and digestive medicine is daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they requiring alteration in diet or interruption from business, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by both sexes at all times and under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Constipation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAMUEL H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Cheap Shoe Store, east of the Lillie House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Eastern and Home Made

Boots & Shoes,

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Stogas, Brogans, &c., warranted a superior article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Polkas, Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all kinds sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.

Having had many years' practical experience, he flatters himself that he is a sufficient judge of the article to buy

NONE BUT THE BEST,

and he will sell them so low that it will be *Cheaper to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will therefore sell

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c., of all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 23, 1851. 6f16

SHOAFF & COLLINS,

at the City Drug Store.

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

Genuine Drugs & Medicines

which having been bought for Cash will be sold at more low rates than have ever before been offered in this city.

Some of their friends in setting forth in their advertisements, the vast extent of their stock in trade, having used up so much of the type both of letters and figures, they are reduced to the common themselves with but a slight and casual notice of some of the most important articles with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among them will be found Quinine, Opium, Calomel, Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually found, and in the testimonies advertisements of the day, use the words every one, which is the Drug line including Paints, Varnishes, Brushes, Druggists' Glassware, Sugars, Tobacco.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Performing Tooth Brushes, Medical and Surgical Instruments choice Wines, Pure Brandies and Gin for Medical Purposes also the usually well selected stock of choice

GROCERIES.

including Green and Jack Teas, of purity and flavor, Rio and Java Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, &c., &c.

Agents for Cooking Wood & Co's Fire Proof Paint. Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 12th, 1851.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1852.

☞All legal advertisements sent to this Office for publication, hereafter, must be accompanied by the cash to insure an insertion.

The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

STATE AT LARGE.

JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

First—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
Second—JAMES S. ATHON, of Clark County.
Third—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
Fourth—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
Fifth—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
Sixth—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
Seventh—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
Eighth—LORENZO CLOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
Ninth—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
Tenth—
Eleventh—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

Reduction of Tolls.—By a telegraphic dispatch from Maj. Edsall we have the gratifying intelligence that the Trustees of the Wabash & Erie Canal have made a reduction of about 50 per cent on the tolls on the Wabash & Erie Canal. We will give further particulars in our next.

Health of Mr. Clay.—By recent accounts from Washington we are pained to learn that this distinguished State-man is rapidly failing, and cannot be expected to survive more than a few weeks. His family have been summoned from Kentucky to attend on him.

RAILROADS.—As a proof of the capacity of railroads for transporting freight we may mention that we saw a train on the Cincinnati & Cleveland Railroad of 48 cars, viz: 19 baggage cars, 11 stock cars containing each 15 head of cattle, 9 do. filled with hogs, and 9 do. with sheep.

The Fruit Crop.—We are gratified to learn that the fears entertained in relation to the fruit crop have proved in a great measure groundless. Few if any apple trees have been killed, and there is a fair prospect of a reasonable crop of fruit. Peaches will be scarce, and many trees are killed; but the destruction is not near so general as was apprehended.

Throughout Ohio we learn that the prospect of all kinds of fruit except peaches is good.—The apple trees are uninjured, and it is believed that but few of the peach trees are killed.

The Union Safe!—The South Carolina State Convention have resolved by a vote of 135 to 20 not to dissolve the Union at present. We never had any very serious fears that they would; but as some nervous people possibly may have been apprehensive that Gen. Quattlebum might at the head of the chivalry of that gallant-talking State have overrun the States and destroy the Union, we feel gratified in being able to announce that there is no immediate danger of such a catastrophe, and that South Carolina has consented to remain in the Union a little longer.

The Convention magnanimously resolved that the frequent violations of the constitution and encroachments on the sovereign rights of the States by the general government, would amply justify the State of South Carolina in dissolving at once all political connection with her co-States, and that she *forbears* the exercise of that manifest right of self-government from considerations of expediency only.

The Union is therefore safe—for the present.

Gen. Scott in favor of the Compromise!—Late accounts from Washington state that Gen Scott will shortly issue a letter giving in his adhesion to the compromise measures. The decided opposition of the Native Americans in Pennsylvania, and of the order of the United Americans in New York, have had the influence to soften the General's rigor, and Mr. Seward himself is said to have expressed himself in favor of a few discreet lines to do away with certain prejudices that might exist in the minds not only of Southern Whigs, but of the Whig Union men of the North itself.

So, after all, the General has been driven out of his non-committal entrenchments, and will have to show himself in the open field and make a fair fight of it. We think he is rather too late to make much by the movement.—Southern whigs cannot have much confidence in such eleventh-hour declarations of attachment to their cause, and Northern free soilers will assuredly desert him if he assume the southern platform. He will yet find that honesty is the best policy, even in politics; and that he cannot now impose upon either branch of the whig party. By seeking to conciliate both, he will probably secure neither; but will find himself prostrate, as is sometimes the case when a man attempts to sit on two chairs at once.

Wabash & Erie Packets.—We have before spoken of the superior style in which these Packets are fitted up this season. We took a trip to Toledo on the Caspian, Capt. George D. Davis, who is one of the best and most comfortable fellows living, and whose genial, jolly countenance imparts a degree of happiness to his passengers that makes the trip not only pleasant, but seems so to shorten the time occupied by the trip, that it might almost be fancied to be made with railroad speed.

The packets leave here for the East every morning at 7 o'clock, and for the West at 11 or 12 o'clock. In pleasant weather no more agreeable trip can be taken than on one of these packets.

THE STEAMER TROY has long been a favorite with those of our citizens who are in the habit of crossing the Lake. We recently took a trip on her from Toledo to Cleveland, and were satisfied there is good grounds for the partiality shown the Troy. She is a first-rate boat, and Capt. Wilkins, her gentlemanly commander, is indefatigable in his efforts to render a passage on her pleasant and agreeable. The cabin is splendid, the state rooms spacious and comfortable, and the attendants civil and obliging. No better opportunity can be found for crossing the Lake than to take passage on the Troy.

The Daily TOLEDO BLADE has been considerably enlarged and otherwise improved. We are pleased to notice this evidence of the success of its enterprising publishers,—a success which they richly merit. Although rather too whiggish for our taste, it is in other respects a valuable paper, especially for business men, giving the latest commercial and other telegraphic news. Subscribers along the canal line receive later news from the Toledo papers than any other source.

THE WOODRUFF HOUSE, Sycamore Street, Cincinnati, is one of the most desirable stopping places a traveller can sojourn at. The house is newly furnished throughout, with every thing necessary for the convenience and accommodation of the numerous guests with which it is thronged. No pains are spared by the enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Tuttle, and the polite and gentlemanly clerk, Mr. G. W. Prince, to render the guests comfortable. The table is covered with a profusion of the choicest viands, got up in first rate style, and attended by the most civil and attentive waiters we have ever seen.

We were shown over the whole house, and were surprised to see how well every thing was arranged, and the neatness and good order pervading every branch of the establishment. The parlors, drawing rooms, &c. are furnished in the most sumptuous style,—and in short nothing is left undone to make the Woodruff House deserving public patronage. The situation is central, and convenient for business men, being in the midst of the business part of the city. Any person visiting Cincinnati will do well to register his name at the Woodruff House.

☞ Merchants dealing in Cincinnati will find it to their advantage to call on S. H. Parvin, Merchandize and Produce Broker, 36 Walnut Street, Cincinnati. He is not a dealer in any articles himself, but acts as a general agent for the wholesale merchants, and as a matter of course is always well posted up in such matters, and knows the exact place where bargains are to be had. By always buying from first hands, he gets goods lower than they can be had from jobbers, and will warrant to furnish any description at the very lowest price, and generally lower than dealers could buy elsewhere.

MATTRESSES—It is, we believe, a well established fact, that mattresses are much more healthy to sleep upon than feathers, and in warm weather they are decidedly more agreeable. Mr. Grosh has commenced the manufacture of all descriptions of these useful articles—Corn Husk, Curled Hair, Moss, Straw, &c.—on Clinton Street, next door to Mr. Colerick's Confectionary. He makes a superior article, and sells them very low—much cheaper in fact than we should suppose they could be afforded.

NEW GOODS!—Our merchants are now all receiving their spring stocks, and we venture to assert that no other town in the State can show better assortments of goods, or furnish them to buyers at lower prices. A glance at our advertising columns will show where the best bargains are to be had.

We have no room to mention all the stores at length, but must satisfy ourself with a brief notice of those who have received their goods since our former notice.

Messrs. HEBERTS & SON have commenced business in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. Dykes, in Calhoun Street. They have got a splendid stock, and as they intend to do a cash business exclusively, they can and will sell at the very lowest figure.

Messrs. ORFF & REKER are opening a very well assorted stock, which they will sell on the most reasonable terms. Although rather a new establishment, they have already acquired a very favorable reputation.

BAYLESS & Co's goods are arriving.—Judging from those we have seen, we should say that their stock will fully equal any other in the place. We have always found theirs a very good store to deal in.

C. A. GREG has again filled his store with one of the best and most serviceable stocks of goods to be found any where. His goods are always of the best, and prices low.

WALTS & McMULLEN are as usual fully equal to any other of their neighbors in the style and quality of their goods, and say they intend to be a little ahead in cheapness.

H. WILLIAMS is receiving a full supply of choice Family Groceries. He devotes himself to this branch of business exclusively, always has in a good stock of the best qualities, and sells low.

C. L. HILL is opening a larger and better stock of Books & Stationery than ever before brought here. He has also a heavy stock of Wall Paper of the neatest and richest patterns; and is going into the Music line pretty extensively, having made arrangements to furnish all kinds of instruments from a Jew's Harp ("David's Harp of solemn sound?") to a Church Organ. He is well deserving public patronage.

Burnt to Death.—A daughter of Mr. Geo. Lopshire of Pleasant Township, Allen Co., aged 4 years, was burnt to death on the 4th inst. She had accompanied her father into a field where he was ploughing, and in which he had set fire to the stubble; was within fifty steps of her father when the fire, swept by the high wind, reached her, and before he could render assistance she was so badly burned, that she died in a few hours.

Good.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune states that a leading Whig Senator, whose political sagacity is unsurpassed, feeling himself a good deal aggrieved at the course of political events, declared a while ago for Mr. Webster, to the astonishment of every body. Being pressed for his reasons for so unexpected a lurch, he at last avowed that he believed the Whig party already needed the discipline of an another national defeat; and to effect this purpose he wanted a candidate nominated who could not obtain a single electoral vote. Hence he went on Mr. Webster.

For the Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:

In your editorial remarks in relation to the communication of T. R. Dickinson that appeared in the Times of April 24th, you hit the nail on the head. You must have read from the book in deed thing his political complexion. He has probably turned more political summersets since he resided in this county than any other man living, in the same length of time. First an Abolitionist, then a Whig, then a Democrat; Herriman and Anti-Herriman; Dawson and Anti-Burden; Anti-Dawson then Dawson, &c. &c. And if you wish to understand the means used to influence the people against certain portions of the district, and to create sectional feelings, just read the article of Dickinson's, and the editorials of the *Central Organ*; they are a mere rehearsal of the language used by Dawson and Hedgett while traversing the country during the recess of the Legislature. Now, I do not know but the democrats of Allen county are all they are cracked up to be;* but to show the hypocrisy of Dickinson, Dawson & Co. (new firm, and whose name next?) I would say they have themselves been *traitors* to their *darling north*; for who will deny that Dawson supported Col. Spencer for the nomination for Congressman in 1847, and that Dickinson as a delegate from this county to the Huntington convention consented to have the vote for DeKalb county cast for Borden? and this at both (Spencer and Borden) belonging to that *horrible* Allen County Democracy. When was the north then South men, where? Mark the demagogue sir!!

AN ANXIOUS ENQUIRER.

DEKALB, May 4th 1852.

From the Indiana State Journal.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

SENATE.—*Wednesday, May 5.*—Petitions favoring the Maine liquor law were presented by eleven Senators from citizens of their respective districts, and referred to the temperance committee without reading. The following bills passed: for settlement of decedents' estates, 37 to 1; concerning real property and the alienation thereof, 31 to 9; concerning the accumulation, &c., of personal property, 31 to 9; regulating possessions, &c., in bastardy cases, 37 to 4; and for a more uniform mode of doing township business, 30 to 13.—Bills on their second reading were disposed of. The bill for incorporating railroad companies, being the special order of the day, was taken up, discussed and amended.

HOUSE.—Mr. Orson, from the committee on education, reported back Senate bill for the incorporation of academies high schools, &c., which was ordered to a third reading. A large number of temperance petitions were presented. A bill was introduced in relation to payment of mechanics and laborers, making 10 hours per diem. The general assessment bill was then taken up. The House decided in favor of taxing railroads for county purposes in the counties where they may lay, by a vote of 54 to 29. Mr. Stonfield moved to exempt from taxation the Wabash and Erie canal, which motion was lost: ayes 26, noes 57. Mr. Hicks moved to amend so as to enable persons to deduct their indebtedness owing in the State, from the amount of their taxables. Further amendments were offered and variously disposed of. Mr. Wither moved the previous question, and the bill was lost on final passage: ayes 48 noes 26. Several bills were read a second time, committed to a committee of the whole. Adj.

SENATE.—*Thursday, May 6.*—Remonstrance against the Maine law was presented from citizens of Madison, and petitions in favor of the law, from citizens of four counties, by as many Senators. Bills authorizing taking deposits in of superintendent of insane hospital, for a State board of equalization; and a number of others whose provisions have been noted on in other bills by the Senate, were laid on the table. Bill for incorporation of the towns, &c., passed 32 to 10. Bill introduced to vary the right of property in certain cases. Bills passed authorizing the appointment of commissioners to take acknowledgement of deeds; declaring the laws governing this State; and concerning gaming contracts. The bill for the incorporation of railroad companies was read a third time, when the Senate adjourned.

The general railroad bill passed in the afternoon—27 to 13. Bill regulating descedents &c., was amended and laid on the table. Bill for the support of the Deaf and Dumb Institution introduced. Bill exempting certain persons from arrest, passed. Various bills were reported back from revision committee, and laid on the table. Bills on their second reading and messages from the House were disposed of, when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hicks presented temperance petitions, which were properly referred. Bill in relation to promissory notes and bills of exchange was then passed—ayes 75, noes 2. Mr. Stover, from the select joint committee on revision, reported a bill defining the powers and duties of the Governor, which was read a first time. A bill was passed, by a vote of 79 to 3, for the encouragement of the growth of silk. Bill regulating the duties of justices of the peace was taken up, and after many amendments were offered and adopted, was ordered to be engrossed. The House refused to concur in the Senate's amendment to the common pleas bill, on which a committee of free conference was moved and carried. Bill in relation to the superintendent of the public works in the counties in which they lie, was taken up, and after amendments, laid on the table. Bill providing for the inspection of salt, beef, &c., was then read a third time and passed—ayes 57, noes 19.

In the afternoon the House passed a bill on the subject of easements; a bill in regard to fire companies; and a bill in relation to special elections where passed by large majorities.—The bill in relation to negroes and mulattoes coming into this State, was taken from the table, and, after various amendments, was ordered to be engrossed. Several bills were read a second time, when the House adjourned.

SENATE.—*Monday, May 10.*—Petitions favoring lowering tolls on the Wabash and Erie canal, and for aid to an invalid of Rush county, presented and referred. Bills passed to prevent loss of life, &c., by railroads; providing for support Deaf and Dumb Asylum; regulating descedents and apportionment of estates; to encourage the growth of silk; locating easements; to encourage fire companies; and to provide for special elections.

In the afternoon, bill regulating licenses introduced. Bill regulating inspection of beef, &c., was passed, reconsidered and referred to a select committee. Bill for incorporation of insurance fire companies ordered to engrossment.

HOUSE.—Petitions on the subject of temperance were presented and referred. Mr. Holman, from the committee on the judiciary, reported back a bill in relation to fugitives from justice; laid on the table. A number of bills, on different subjects, were passed, to wit: a bill for the preservation of newspapers in the different counties; a bill prescribing the powers and duties of justices of the peace in criminal cases; a bill in relation to the partition of lands; a bill in relation to landlords and tenants, abolishing distress for rent; and a bill declaring what documents shall be published with the Revised Statutes. The House refused to allow, in any case, a higher rate of interest than 6 per cent. The bill concerning descents and the apportionment of estates being under consideration, the House adjourned.

Afternoon, a bill concerning commissions, certificates, and resignations of office was passed; also, bills for the organization of the supreme and circuit courts; also a bill for the incorporation of high schools, &c., together with a number of other bills of minor importance, when the House adjourned.

SENATE, May 11.—Resolution adopted calling on the State Auditor for best mode of equalizing assessment for taxes. Supplementary railroad bill referred to select committee with instructions to confine its operations to Dearborn county.—The following House bills passed: concerning judicial detention of lands; regulating telegraph companies; touching vacancies in offices and filling the same; regulating relations between master and apprentice; also, Senate bill organizing insurance companies. The code of practice and pleading reported by the Law Reform Commissioners, was taken up, and, pending its first reading, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Messrs. Smith of S. and Grim each brought in bills: the former in relation to descents—the latter concerning adulterated liquors and penalties for selling the same. The bill to enforce the 13th article of the Constitution, after undergoing numerous amendments, was finally passed by a majority of one vote.

A number of bills were passed, to wit: a bill in relation to clerks of the supreme court; a bill in relation to the sheriff thereof; a bill regulating the tolls of gristmills, &c.; compelling certain officers to give additional security; a bill providing for the sale of public works; and a bill abolishing the office of county agent. Mr. Bryant, from the committee on temperance, reported a bill to regulate and restrain the traffic in *strong drinks*. After the reading of the bill defining county boundaries, the House adjourned.

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD.—The work on this road is progressing. A number of the contractors have gone to work on the end of the road. The remainder of the line, from Upper Sandusky to Fort Wayne, Indiana, will be let this month, and then the work will be commenced on the whole line. The friends of this enterprise may rest assured that Wm. Mitchell & Co. will put through this as fast as it can possibly be done. They are just the men.—*Bucyrus Forum.*

THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA.—The United States steamer, Saratoga is said will shortly sail on Panama to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, conveying an agent of our own Government, and the British Consul General, having for their object the adjustment of our difficulties, so far as the United States and Great Britain are concerned, and we hear every prospects of the most favorable results.

A SUBSTANTIAL PLATFORM.—We learn that the committee of arrangements, for the reception of the National Democratic Convention, have ordered, *direct from the Hermitage*, 50 feet of *prime* HICKORY BEAMS for the construction of the PLATFORM upon which the Convention is to hold its deliberations.—*Balt. Argus*

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER EUROPA.

3 Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The steamer Europa, with Liverpool dates of the 24th, arrived at about six o'clock this evening. She brings 52 passengers.

Fergus O'Connor came passenger in the Europa.

ENGLAND.—On Thursday, in the House of Commons, the subject of abolishing the stamp on newspaper and the duty on advertisements came up. Milner Gibson made a long speech in favor of abolishing all taxes on knowledge, and introduced a motion to that effect. The Chancellor of the Exchequer looked upon the question as one of revenue, and stated they could not afford to lose £5,500,000 per annum. At his suggestion the discussion was postponed till Friday week.

Sir J. Packington gave notice of a motion to bring in a bill granting a Constitution to New Zealand, and also stated that it was the intention of Government to make an alteration in respect to the Clergy reserves in Canada.

The Peruvian Legation at London continues all vessels against proceeding to the islands of Lobos de Tierra and Lobos Fuera without permission of the Peruvian government, under penalty of confiscation.

J. Wentworth Buttler has written a letter to the London Times denying that the Guano Islands of Lobos belong to Peru, as they were not enumerated among her possessions when she declared her independance.

Flax planting is going on extensively in the North of Ireland.

The overland mail from India brings intelligence that the ship Fattalsalam left Madras on the 3d of December, with 284 native emigrants for Mauritius. During a gale on the 22d, the hatches were battered down, and every one perished by enforcation.

A remarkable statement appears in the London Times respecting the course to be pursued by Austria, Prussia, and Russia in the event of Louis Napoleon assuming the title of Emperor. The substance of it is that Prince Schwarzenberg had addressed a circular to the European Courts expressing his conviction that Napoleon was about to erect an imperial throne, adding that Austria felt no alarm, and advocating the claims of Napoleon to the friendship and alliance of their respective Governments. Prussia answered this circular on the 18th, and Russia on the 29th of February, and the tenor of both replies is that the two powers looked upon the design neither with favor nor hostility; that they believed he is disposed to follow the foreign policy of his uncle, and was now aiming to separate the powers in order to profit hereafter by that separation; but that the three powers, by acting in concert, could keep him in check. Russia and Prussia, however, would recognise him as emperor, if elected to that office, but merely as an elected monarch, and not as the founder of a Napoleonic dynasty.

In the case of Alderman Salmons, a writ of error was being prosecuted to obtain the decision of the highest judicial tribunals.

The ship Brilliant arrived in the Downs from Australia, with gold valued at £217 000. She also reports that the ship Statesman was to sail in February, with 80,000 ounces.—Twenty one vessels, with emigrants from adjacent colonies, were entering the harbor of Port Philip, when the Brilliant sailed.

The sloop of war Orestes has captured a Spanish slaver on the Mozambique channel, after a desperate resistance.

FRANCE.—La Patrie announces officially that the President has no intention of proclaiming the Empire.

Extensive preparations are making at Paris for the feast on the 10th of May.

It is stated that a camp of exercise, to be composed of 60,000 men, under the command of Napoleon, was about to be formed.

The editor of the Charivari has received official caution to be more to be more careful in his publications.

AUSTRIA.—A telegraphic dispatch from states that the prosecutions against the mother and sisters of Kossuth had been stopped, and they will be allowed to come to America.

The Vienna Lloyds contradicts the statement that a conference is to be held at London respecting the Danish succession.

ITALY.—At Genoa the state of trade had revived wonderfully since the commercial treaty had been made.

At London the gold mining shares had improved in demand, and on the 3d prices were tending upwards.

PERSIA.—The cholera has again broken out in different parts of Persia, and is committing frightful ravages.

MARKET.—Liverpool, April 24.—Breadstuffs—There has been a good demand for Four at 6d per bbl. advance. Western Canal, Philadelphia and Baltimore 20s 6d a 21s. Ohio 21s a 21s 6d. Sales of white corn at 22s 3d a 22s 9d, and yellow at 30s a 30s 6d, which is 3d in advance. Gardiner's circular quotes wheat as having advanced 1d, flour 6d, and corn 6d a 1d per qr. Mr. Henry quotes large sales of red wheat at 8s 9d and white at 9s.

Provisions—There have been large sales of old beef. Old beef is quoted at 60s. There no bacon on hand. Pork is in good request. Lard is steady, and in good demand at 48s.

Money Market.—Money is plenty, and the rates of discount at the Bank of England have been reduced to two per cent. Consols had reached 99¾ and closed at 99⅝.

French Design upon Rome—The Temporal Power of the Pope in Danger.—In the foreign advices lately we have several times spoken of the arrival of Prince Canino Bonaparte at Civita Vecchia, and more lately his return to Paris has been recorded, with the statement that the Pope refused him permission to enter Rome, though the Prince claimed only to desire to see his family there, and attend to some private business. The correspondent of the New York Times, however, writing from Turin, April 11th, puts a more serious aspect on the visit of the Prince, as follows:

I wrote, also, that this unexpected visit of the ex-President of the Roman Assembly was commented with the future political conduct of the Prince President of France. The following astonishing fact will fully corroborate my former assertions. A few days past, a Signor Calandrelli, a high officer of the Sardinian Government, residing in Turin, read, at the end of a letter apparently addressed to himself from Paris, the signature of one of the sons of Prince Canino, with whom he had any acquaintance. But his wonder increased still more from the contents of the letter. The writer announced that his father had been sent to Rome by the President of the French Republic, *upon a very important mission*; and invited Signor Calandrelli to start immediately for Paris. The reader, after a careful perusal of the letter and of the address, discovered that it was for the *Ex Minister of War of the Roman Republic*, and dispached to him the paper with preliminary excuses for the error, resulting from the identity of the names. In fact, the Secretary of war of the Roman Republic resided in Turin, and following the advice of the writer, left immediately for Paris.

From this fact, which I gathered from an official source, and from various rumors which circulate in the diplomatic circles, announcing that Louis Napoleon is on the point of publishing a Decree greater than the imperial Scheme, you may be certain that Pius IX is yet in danger of losing his temporal power, and the Papal Government will be trusted to one of Bonaparte's family.

Sad Affair.

Covington has been the scene of one of the saddest and most deplorable occurrences it has ever been our fortune to record. The People's Friend of last Saturday speaks of it as follows:

☞ It becomes our painful duty to record a most unfortunate and unlaboly affair occurring here on yesterday about 9 o'clock A. M. It appears from all that we have been able to learn, that Capt. Duncan and Hon. E. A. Hannegan, who are brothers-in-law and who have lived on the kindest possible terms, (Capt. Duncan boarding with Mr. Hannegan for the last two years) had been the day and evening before indulging rather freely in the the use of liquor. On the morning of said occurrence, Capt. Duncan went up stairs to Mr. Hannegan's room, and an altercation ensued between the parties—when Capt. Duncan gave Mr. Hannegan, a slap in the face; Mr. Hannegan, upon the indignity he felt, and the impulse of the the moment, struck Capt. Duncan with a knife in the lower part of the stomach, inflicting a severe and what is thought a dangerous wound. We understand he suffers but little pain.

Mr. Hannegan, recovering from his passions, aroused by the supposed indignity, suffers the most excruciating tortures in the reflection that he has, perhaps, struck down an kind a friend as he has on earth.

Since the above was written Capt. Duncan has died, having but about twenty-six hours either he was stabbed. From private letters and a conversation with a citizen of Covington we have some additional particulars of interest. To all inquiries as to the cause of the difficulty, its origin, &c., Capt. Duncan invariably replied "Nothing, it was nothing," and seemed determined not to reveal anything that would afford additional evidence against Mr. Hannegan. It is said that a short time before he died he observed that he, himself, was to blame. It is thought by some that he made private declarations as to the whole matter but if so they have not yet been made public. He died after suffering the most intense pain, calm and composed at 12 o'clock on Saturday last, fully and freely forgiving Mr. Hannegan. Immediately after the occurrence Captain Duncan requested the Masonic fraternity, of which both he and Mr. Hannegan were members, to take him in charge. They did so, and he was buried with the honors of that order on yesterday (Sabbath) afternoon. The funeral took place from Mr. Hannegan's residence, where Capt. Duncan died. The latter was the only living brother of Mrs. Hannegan, who still lives, the object of universal pity.—The anguish of Mr. Hannegan's mind is said to be most intense and excruciating. The consequences of his rash act have drived him to a state closely bordering insanity. Capt. Duncan was a member of his family, highly esteemed by all who knew him. He had resided in Covington but about two years, as a merchant, and had gained the good-will and friendship of the entire community by his universal affability and gentlemanly demeanor. He formerly was a citizen of Newark, Ohio, and commanded the only company of mounted riflemen from Ohio in the Mexican war.—His bravery and courage were undoubted, and many of his old acquaintances will hear of his death with the most poignant grief, the deepest sorrow. He leaves no family, never having been married. His age was about forty. At the time of his death he seemed to be in the prime of life—was hearty, hale, and of fine commanding personal appearance.

But he is gone. Covington has lost one of its first citizens, and its most prominent family has been buried in woe, the tide of which time can never roll back. No steps have been as yet taken for the arrest of Mr. Hannegan. The entire community though highly excited, deeply sympathizing with him in his loss, the consequence of his own act. Momentary passion and the influence of liquor are generally supposed there to be the whole cause of the calamity.

"Better be with the dead,
Where we have rest for peace,
Than on the to-tore of the mind to lie
In reckless ecstacy. Duncan is in his grave.
Passion has done his worst; our steel, nor poison,
Malice domestic, foreign levy, nothing,
Can touch him further!"

(*Lafayette Jour.*

☞ Since our issue of yesterday we have learned that Mr. Hannegan has delivered himself up to the proper authorities, and it was supposed an examination would be had yesterday afternoon. What the result of that examination was or whether in fact it was held, we have not as yet learned.

The report that Captain Duncan made a will before his death incorrect. Aside from a few verbal requests and directions he made no disposition of his property.

No coroner's inquest nor post-mortem examination was held after the death.

Although it was raining heavily on Sabbath afternoon, more than a thousand persons attended the funeral.

Capt. Duncan is said to have admitted frequently that he slapped Mr. Hannegan in the face, previous to being stabbed. He died forgiving him, without a murmur or complaint, only regretting, as he said, that he had not died in Mexico.—*Lafayette Journal, May 11th.*

The Japan Expedition.—Commodore Perry the commander of this expedition, visited New Bedford last week, for the purpose of obtaining information of our whaling captains in relation to the coast of Japan, and securing their co-operation in the enterprise. Another object which he had in view was to recommend that those of our ships which could make it convenient, should touch at Jeddo during the next season for supplies, thereby facilitating the opening of commercial relation with the country.

BALTIMORE, April 26, P. M.

The Florida Democratic Convention, on the 19th, nominated James E. Broome for Governor; A. R. Maxwell for Congress; Messrs. Yulee and Spencer State Delegates at large to the Baltimore Convention and adopted a series of resolutions. The first affirms the Virginia resolutions of '98; the second endorses the Baltimore resolutions of '44; the third deprecates the revival of any past issues; the fourth appoints 14 delegates to the National Convention, uninstructed. No preference was expressed. Douglas is understood to be first choice for President, and Jefferson Davis for Vice President.

Illinois Democratic Convention.—The convention was numerously attended, and great harmony and good feeling prevailed the body. Judge Douglas was unanimously recommended as the democratic candidate for the Presidency. On this subject the State Register says:

"The *unanimous* endorsement of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS as a candidate for the Presidency, is not less honorable to Illinois than to the distinguished statesman who thus recommended by the acclamations of a sovereign State; and should he be elected as the standard bearer of the party of the Union, we confidently hope for a majority of fifty thousand to be rolled up in his favor. Whoever may be nominated will receive the cordial support of the party, but no man can compete with Stephen A. Douglass in Illinois. His talents and patriotism have won him legions of friends, who will stand by him to the last."

EARTHQUAKE.—We learn from the Intelligencer, that an earthquake was very perceptibly and generally felt in Washington city on Thursday last, a little after o'clock, P. M.—The vibrations continued three or four seconds.

The Baltimore Sun, also says, a shock of an earthquake was very sensibly felt in that city, about quarter past one o'clock.

At Raleigh, North Carolina, the shock was felt, and with greater violence.

KOSSUTH meets with more success in Boston, in his efforts to get material aid, than he has, probably, in any other city. Though his bonds are not to be redeemed till the very uncertain period of Hungarian independence, and pay no interest until that time, yet he has succeeded in getting rid of $27,000 in that city. The Transcripts says he will carry away about $50,000 from Boston.

New York and the Presidency.—The Fillmore men, it is said, are carrying all the primary meetings around about Buffalo.—Even Hollis White, somewhat known as a Seward manager and canal enlargement operator, is defeated in his town in Niagara county.

Important from Buenos Ayres.—Advices to the 21st of Feb. have been received from Buenos Ayres. The packet is filled with details of the entrance of Urquiza's army into the city. The troops, numbering about 25,000, and eight abreast, took four hours to pass a given point, and were received with a demonstration of rejoicing. Among the new measures of the new Government talked of, are mentioned:

"The early formation of a constitutional government; with a Senate and House of Representatives; the solid Confederation of the States; a sound currency, with a gold and silver basis; to reduce the expenses of Government, and pay the public debt; to reduce the Army and Navy to the smallest possible number; to establish schools and general education, a free navigation of the rivers, to all citizens of the Confederation, and to open steam navigation with the most remote tributaries; encourage agriculture, the cultivation of waste lands; and the removal of the Indians; to improve the roads in the interior."

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, May 3d.

The Disbelievers of Congress—The Evils of Congressional President-Making.

Long gas is too much absorbed in President making to make much progress in any of their appropriate business. Of all the measures that were brought to the notice of Congress in the President's Message, on proper subjects for legislation, not one has yet been acted upon, or even noticed. The committees, if they have done any thing have not had an opportunity to make reports of what they have done. The evils of Congressional interference in President making, is beginning to be felt as the great evil of the day, and either it must be abolished or the government itself must be destroyed.

It is an evil that every member of Congress, or his friends, are expectants and almost exclusive recipients of Presidential patronage. It is an evil that members of Congress, and ex-members of Congress not only distribute the offices and contracts, but are the only persons that have any influence in regard to the adjustment and payment of the claims on the government. Still, one gore on us, taking it altogether, is good, because there is not much of it. If there were more of it, it would be unendurable. We are saved by our State governments, from the corruption and oppression which is growing out of our central government.

FRENCH STEAMERS BETWEEN HAVRE AND NEW YORK.—Messrs Edward Corbiere and Chas. Lecassagne of Havre have formed a company for the establishment of a line of French steamships to run between Havre and New York, in connection with the Franklin and the Humboldt, so as to make two trips each way every two weeks. They have raised for the purpose ten millions of francs, nine millions of which they propose to use in building and fitting the ships, one million as floating capital. They design to built three vessels, of 2,000 to 2,200 tuns each with 1,000 horse-power engines. They ask the Government to pay them one million of francs per annum yearly for the mail service; the contract to last 15 years.

EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES IN LOUISIANA.—A law has passed the Louisiana Legislature, and goes in effect in six months, which prohibits the emancipation of slaves into that state, except upon the exact conditions that they shall be sent out of the United States within twelve months; and requiring the payment of $150 to be applied in payment of his passage to Africa and support after arrival.

THE CHURCH TROUBLE.—The New York Herald, of the 30th ult., contains that there was was a good prospect of the settlement of the great Methodist Episcopal Church case. The reference ordered by the General Conference, testimony and report the value of the Book Concern, in dispute between the Northern and Southern divisions of the Church, was brought to a hearing before Commissioner Nelson the day before. The only principal difference of opinion appears to be in reference to the value of the stereotype plates.—*Cincinnati Enq.*

Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.—That this medicine will cure free complaint and dyspepsia, no one can doubt who uses it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases; it acts as specifically upon the liver as calomel; calomel precipitates the system into bottomless misery and ever postpones the cure; these bitters strengthen and never postpone the cure; and will give renewed life and health to the delicate invalid, and restore the liver to its functions, and give digestion and appetite to those to whom everything else in the ordinary medicines fail to produce any effect.

S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

We would call special attention to this excellent Family Medicine, with the satisfaction one feels in putting a tried article. Its established reputation recommends it in preference to many new preparations, and whenever requires a genuine approved medicine should read the Doctor's advertisement and try his Shaker Sarsaparilla. ☞ See Advertisement in another column.

Petroleum and Rheumatism.

NORTH CO., OHIO, Jan. 29, 1852.

To the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Dispatch:

I take pleasure in stating that I have been benefitted by the use of your Rock Oil, the Red kind, to the same that is made by Mr. R. B. Reed and Mr. W. Wall, in Wayne. I was seized in August last with a violent attack of Rheumatism in one kneecap, with tormenting pains, so that I could not walk, except with difficulty. After suffering for about two weeks, I applied your Petroleum, which commenced at once to drive off the pains, and in a week was almost entirely well and can now walk. I consider this Oil worthy the attention of the afflicted. Having an opportunity by being in Wayne city, I have just bought another Bottle to try for particular friends of a little girl. I reside at the old "Gordon Place" on the plank road, 12 miles north from Wayne. I Remain,

Col. Benton nominated for Congress.—The democrats of Jefferson county, Mo., have nominated the Hon. Thomas H. Benton as a candidate for the House of Representatives in the St. Louis district.

MARRIED—In this city, on Tuesday last, by Rev. Mr. Steadman, Rev. John D. Merson, to Miss Louisa Covington.

For the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:

The following lines, published in the Plattsburgh Republican of 28th March, were written by a lady of Schuyler Falls, N. Y., and addressed to young parents who among strangers had lost their first born and only child, a bright and beautiful girl of two years of age. These lines speak so touchingly to the hearts of the bereaved parents and are yet so full of consolation to all who have known similar bereavements,—and there are many such in our community,—that I will ask you to republish them.

Lines Addressed to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. S.

The blossoms of last two short summers transplanted
Their fragrance shared but—Death's storm has spread
Her cousin blow; more dear joy-ess strewn is sighed—
The bright, the beautiful, is with the dead!

She was an only child;—with fair high brow,
And curling chestnut hair, and bright dark eyes;
And rose cheeks, and lips that wore such smiles,
As rarely off to reach the paradise!

Oh she was beautiful! would we could paint
Her likeness;—but what for image more
Lives only in the loving kindred hearts
That beath the Chastener's rod inemptable love.

Parents, it was no sin to fondly love
That lovely one: The tears you shed to-day,
Are such as Angels temperate weight weep by
And God's own delight to wipe away.

They gush from out the fount of holy love.
Where He doth stands to spring within the breast;
To cool the fever of the natural heart,
And soothe the heart, by sorrow's hand oppressed.

Though it were joy all earthly joys above,
To clasp your darling to your breasts, to gaze
In her fair form, to feel her soft arms twine
Around you, and to watch her alluring ways;

Though every liquid word,—yea e'en the sound
Of her slight footsteps, music seem by far
Sweeter than any other, and her voice
To you shine brighter than Heaven's brightest star:

And though to see her suffer, fade, and die
And feel your home all desolate, and bare;
Is anguish, better anguish, God is just;—
He gave, and hath but taken back His own.

You, she has gone from this cold land away,
To dwell forever in that brighter clime,
Where never note the blighting storm have sway,
That gather darkly o'er the skies of time.

The chilling winds of winter never more
Stop to rage her young heart in its fair strife;
Yet need no more with cross laid down, and bare,
To guard her from the fearful life of life.

Fond mother, mourning for the first-born child,
Then into kinsman sorrow you're to be forced.
Oh would a voice call thy daughter back to earth,
To bear the pain, the grief, of mortality?

Yet said that thou "mid strangers then art called
To bear to this thy young heart's hallowed work;
For from thy early home, and childhood's friends,
Widow sympathizing tears with Christ should flow.

But then hast found that stranger's hearts can feel
Tender and sympathize; and fervent prayer
From a stranger's lips has risen unto Heaven,
That God in mercy, your beloved might spare.

But oft behind dark clouds our Father hides
His smiles of mercy from our mortal eyes;
And oft we prove

NEW STORE!

THE subscribers respectfully announce that they are now opening an entire

New Stock of Goods

in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. Dykes, in Calhoun Street, which have been bought low for Cash and will be sold in the same way. By this way of doing business they will be enabled to

Sell Cheaper

than any other store in the place, as the purchaser does not have to be taxed to make up for the losses of bad debts. Among the

DRY GOODS

are a splendid lot of DRESS GOODS—Black Silks, Chambray Ginghams, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Poplins, Alpacas, plain and dotted Swiss and Jaconets.

Cultivee 5, 8, and 10 Cents a Yard!

cheaper than ever before sold here. Swiss, Jaconett, Cotton, Linen, Thread, and wide Insertions and Edgings, an extra fine assortment. Taffeta Ribbons, Hosiery all kinds from 12 cents a pair. Gloves do. best quality Kid do. 75

Bleached or Brown Muslins from 5 Cents!

Fans, Parasols, Leghorn, Straw, and Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, Carpet, Warp, Wadding, Batting, &c. &c. In short, a full assortment of Dry Goods of the latest styles and best qualities, and warranted at the lowest prices.

Groceries.

A choice stock of fine Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Molasses Syrup only 50 cents a gallon! Codfish, Mackerel, Spices, Tobacco, &c.

Hardware and Queensware,

A full and well selected assortment.

Give us a call, and examine goods and prices. The highest price paid for all kinds of PRODUCE. HEDEKIN & SON.

May 15, 1852. 14x

DRIED APPLES—100 bushels superior Dried Apples, for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

SCOTTISH & MACKEREL—First quality for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

CHEAP SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

C. A. GREY informs the public that he is now receiving his Spring and Summer Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries.

Queensware, Hardware, &c. &c

His Goods will be found to be the best and cheapest in town, as they have all the bought for cash in the most favorable terms, and will be

Sold at the Smallest Profits.

Persons wishing to buy will find the Goods at "THE OLD STORE" to be as usual, of the very best quality; and as regards cheapness, all he asks is that the public shall call and judge for themselves. The Old Store stand and shall not be hard, however much its neighbors may boast. They may *talk* but we *will sell* good articles cheap.

May 14, 1852. 3x15

Wholesale & Retail

BOOK STORE!

C. L. HILL

AGAIN takes the pleasure of informing the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has the largest, best selected, and most magnificent Stock of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books

ever brought to this city. It embraces all the different kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS in use in this part of the state; a choice variety of the latest and best LITERATURE, cheap Novels, &c. Those who wish to purchase excellent Literary Works can find an extensive assortment at his well known Cheap Book Store.

Law, Medical, Scientific, Historical, Poetic, and Standard Works: *Day Books, Ledgers, Memorandums, &c. &c.*

Also, the Heaviest Stock of French, English and American

Cap & Letter Paper,

of all qualities and prices, ever before offered in this market.

Together with a large and grand assortment of

Notions and Fancy Articles,

as Card Cases of the latest and best Styles, Pocket Books, Port Monies, Port Folios, Fancy Toilet Boxes, Albums, Fancy Writing Desks, Note Paper, Envelopes, Gold and Steel Pens, Holders, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Stilettos, Ink Stands, Pencils, &c. &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Melodeons, the dulcet music of which is not even surpassed by the sweet melodies of the feathery songsters; Boardman & Gray's Pianos, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c. of beautiful Styles. Also Violin and Guitar Strings.

Fine Cutlery—A large and splendid variety, all of which will be sold at reduced prices.

Calhoun Street, May 14 1852

100 Kegs NAILS, assorted sizes for sale by COMPARET & HUBBELL.

Strayed from Fort Wayne.

ON Tuesday 21st April, a light Grey MARE, leaves, about fourteen or fifteen hands high with a black spot on the left shoulder, and shod all around; hind legs rather heavy, and likely to have a cold a few days after she left; having also a light mane and tail. Any person bringing her to DENIS DONOVAN, Fort Wayne (who is the owner) shall be well rewarded.

May 12th, 1852. 3x45

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 5th day of June, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: All the tract or parcel of land known and described as follows, being a part of the section of land in Township thirty two (32), North of Range thirteen (13) East, in Allen county, Indiana, known as the Jack Hackley Reserve: Commencing on the St. Joseph River, at the north east corner of a tract of sixty-five acres sold by said Hackley off the west end of his Reserve, thence south thirty-four (34) degrees, east thirty-four chains and seventy links, thence north fifty six degrees east fourteen chains fifty-five links, thence south thirty four degrees east twenty-seven (27) chains fifty two (52) links, to the line of said Reserve, thence along the said line fifty six degrees east forty-four chains and four links, thence north thirty four degrees west six chains sixty-six and two-thirds (66⅔) links, thence north fifty six degrees east fifteen (15) chains, thence north thirty-four degrees west sixty-three chains and sixty and two thirds (60⅔) links, to the St. Joseph River, thence with the meanders of said river to the place of beginning; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Jack W. Hackley at the suit of Oliver B. Tweedy, et al.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

May 7th, 1852. [$4 75] 4x45

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 5th day of June, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2), in Lot No. ninety-seven (97) in the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgement, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Coggenheimer at the suit of Isaac Hough, Jr.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

May 12, 1852. [$8 12] 3x45

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

W. JACOBS on hand again with another very extensive and most beautiful assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Spring and Summer Wear.

Feeling most grateful to the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he now assures them that he has to offer a very choice selection of Goods in his line, manufactured expressly to his orders, by the *very best Workmen*. His stock of

LADIES' FINE WEAR

will be found the latest and most approved styles of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston markets, of almost every conceivable variety. Also,

Children's, Youths' Boys' and Men's Wear

of every kind. In short, the *under standing*, from the trader to the heavy leader, can be established at this establishment with that which is *neat, quite t, fashionable, comfortable*, and *serviceable*, and

AT PRICES FAR BELOW

any thing in the market, as our motto is Quick Sales, Small Profits, and Ready Pay; and all *Rips* (if any should occur) *Repaired without charge*.

I have now in my employ some very superior workmen, and any Fine Goods to order executed in the very best manner, and at the lowest prices. I am done constantly Manufacturing in Fort Wayne, all kinds of Women's, Men's and Boys'

HEAVY WEAR.

Please give me a call any old place, next door to Mr. Wm. Fox's Store, and directly opposite Mr. Peter Kaufman's Store, on Calhoun St.

WM. JACOBS.

April 20 1852 3x17

Spring has Come.

Fashionable Clothing Store.

J. G. THIENE would respectfully inform the public that he has received an invoice and a well selected assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

comprising the most neat Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Gentlemen's Goods, which he will make up to order in the neatest and

MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,

so that no one can complain either of their fit or prices. His stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

is extensive and grand; it consists of

Coats, Vests, Pants, &c. &c.

He has also on hand a great variety of Kossuth, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., and Gaiters for from 50 cents to $1 65. In fact he has such a vast profusion of nice things that he can only mention a part at this time.

He would also state that he offers his goods at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

and cannot stand to barter with any. He has adopted the method of buying to be the best way of doing business, and as his work is well made, for wear durable than the eastern trash, he can afford to sell cheap. He will endeavor to merit a share of patronage from all who want anything in his line.

Shop in Clark's Building, Calhoun Street.

May 6th, 1852. 2m14

Old No. 3 again in Advance!

TWELVE DAYS FROM NEW YORK!

MOSES DRAKE Jr. has received by express a most extensive

Splendid Stocks of Goods

for which the old stand is famous. It embraces every thing needful, all of the best qualities and NEWEST FASHIONS, of course—nothing else is ever to be found there. They will be sold at the usual No 3 LOW PRICES.

May 1, 1852

Goods by Railroad.

THE FARMERS' DEPOT is now receiving a full assortment of the latest and most desirable styles of

Spring and Summer Goods

of all kinds, including a beautiful stock of Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Delaines, Borage De Laines and Waste DRESS GOODS; Prints, Lawns and Summer Shawls, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Mitts, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c. &c.

For the good men we have Summer Cassimeres, Linens, and all the new styles of Summer Goods. Fur and Plush Roseskin Caps, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats. In short, we have a great, grand, and glorious assortment of Dry Goods, selected with unusual care, which we intend to sell at the very smallest possible advance on

New York Prices!

We are also receiving our usual supply of

Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware.

We intend doing a strictly Cash and Barter Business, by which means we can sell at much less advance on usual prices than heretofore, and purchasers who give us a call will find it to their own interests, and secure good Bargains. Call and try.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 1, 1852

New Goods, New Goods!

FIRST ARRIVAL.

We are now receiving a Splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

to be sold at our usual Low Prices, for CASH or BARTER

WILSON & TRESSELT.

1852. 1852.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Eastern Lin s.
Franklin Glass Works,
Oswego Cotton M lls,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Stoves, &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN, and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments.

May 1, 1852.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their Forwarding and Commission House expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be obtained if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

20 Bales Heavy SHEETINGS for sale low COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Them Goods Have Arriv'd!!

WE have just received a part of our New Goods—and more daily expected. No time for particulars this week—suffice it to say they are Cheaper than the Cheapest, and Better than the Best. We are bound to sustain our reputation, of being the cheapest Store in Town. Call and see—no charge if you don't buy.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN,
No. 37 Columbia Street.

April 30, 1852.

200 Bushels DRIED APPLES, a most splendid article, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

50 BARRELS WHITE FISH, just received and for sal by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

Boots, Shoes & Leather, &c.

At No. 6, Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

JACOB HELLINGER has just returned from the East, with a very extensive and well selected assortment of SHOES and BOOTS of all kinds—in clothing Ladies' Gaiters, all colors; Fur Boots, half or gaiters, Excelsiors, Backins—in fact all varieties. Misses and Children's Wear in great variety; Boots, Men's Fine French Boots; Calf Boots, all qualities, from $2 75 to $5 50. Congress Gaiters and Boots, Buckskin Tapsaline Tips, &c. &c. Full and Kip Boots, Shoes, and Brogans of all sorts. Boys' and Youths' Wear in great variety. These goods having been carefully selected at the best eastern establishments, and by a practical shoemaker, customers may rely on getting superior articles, and they will be sold on the most favorable terms—

For Cheaper than ever before!

He still carries on the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and will make any article to order on the shortest notice. A full assortment of

Home-Made Boots and Shoes

kept constantly on hand.

A large stock of SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, Calf and Kip, Linings, Binderies, Lasts, Pegs, and a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, will be sold in the trade as cheap as they can be bought at any other place in the West.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852. 6m43

DRESS MAKING.

MISS L. FORD, late of Auburn, New York, respectfully tends to the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the house of Mrs Brown on Bar Street. All work entrusted to her will be promptly executed in the neatest and most fashionable style.

The Latest Fashions regularly received.

May 1, 1852. 4x.

WOODRUFF HOUSE,

Sycamore Street, between Third and Fourth

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

C. E. TUTTLE,
G. P. TUTTLE,
Proprietors.

G. W. PRINCE, *Clerk.*

THOMAS WATKINS, Jr.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

TOLEDO, OHIO.

CARPETS.

A Good assortment of CARPETS on hand and for sale *very cheap*.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

Wonderful Discovery.

THE subscriber has discovered that those indebted to him, are determined not to pay him until compelled by law, and he has determined to give them a hearing in that way, as soon as he can see the justice of it. He will be found at the store of Hughes & Co.

B. MASON.

Fort Wayne, April 7, 1852. 29x4

New Bonnets—Spring Styles.

MRS. DYKES has just received 6 dozen Ladies' Bonnets, of the latest Spring Styles.

Other Spring Goods daily expected.

April 22, 1852.

DR. VON BONHORST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, four doors north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day. Several years successful practice in the profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

Old Gold wanted, for which the full value will be given.

Sept. 20, 1851. y41

Prince's Melodeons,

(The best and cheapest musical instrument in use.)

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S celebrated Melodeons are about universally acknowledged to be the best instruments of the kind manufactured in this country. The many improvements they have made in this delightful instrument, now make it one of the most agreeable and useful articles of furniture that can be used in a family. In families, especially, whose Sacred Music is taught or practiced.

The wheezing, whining or squeaking tones these instruments used to possess, have now given place to a clear, pure, toned tone, nearly resembling that of the "Voix Celeste" in the organ. Probably no musical instrument of any description ever made has met with so extensive and unprecedented a sale as the "Prince Melodeon."

They are warranted *better to get out of tune*, are better adapted to the climate more than any other instrument, and wherever they have been introduced are rapidly displacing Pianos. They are offered at prices as low as to place them within reach of all lovers of music, and being furnished in the best style, form a beautiful article of furniture. For small churches, these instruments have no equal. One of them is in use at the German Lutheran Episcopal Church in this city.

Prices,—Four Octave, $75; Five Octave, $85; Six, Six, Frame Style, $100.

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the sale of these instruments, and will furnish them at manufacturers' prices.—He has on hand one four octave instrument, which may be exchanged at his residence. Any other size furnished to order.

THOMAS TIGAR.

April 20, 1852.

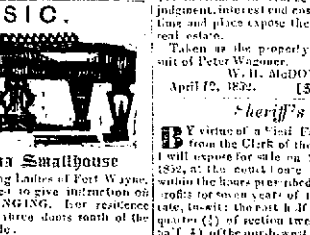
Election of Railroad Directors.

THE Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, will meet at Huffton on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, to elect their Directors. Stockholders to be entitled to vote, must subscribe for stock at least 30 days before the election. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the board of corporators.

W. ROCKHILL, *President.*
S. G. UPTON, *Clerk pro tem.* 6w42

MUSIC.



Miss Emma Smallhouse

INFORMS the Young Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she is prepared to give instruction on the PIANO and in SINGING. Her residence is on Calhoun street, three doors north of the Public Square, east side.

Feb 6, 1852. 3x31

Caution.

WHEREAS, my wife Eliza Duffy, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

p3w43] OWEN DUFFY.

Leiter Township, Allen Co., April 30th, 1852

Land For Sale.

THE subscriber offers the following land's for sale to wit: the S. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 11, Township 32, north of Range 12 east; containing 40 acres, and the south and east parts of 62 30-100 acre tract, supposed to contain 52 acres, known as fractional lot number 2 in section 3, Town 31 north of Range 11 east, adjoining the plat of the village of Keno, and the equitable interest of the Exhibit of the S. W. quarter of section 29, Town 31, north of Range 13 east, containing 80 acres.—These lands are all well selected, and a good title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to HENRY COOPER, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 14, 1852. 41tf

SHAWLS—A very heavy stock of Brocha, Jenny Lind, long and square Cashmeres, &c. &c. All varieties from $1 00 to $31 00.

MRS. LYKES.

Fall and Winter

FASHIONS,

JUST RECEIVED

At No 54, Columbia St.,

FORT WAYNE.

MISS WELLS would call the attention of the ladies to her new stock of

Millinery Goods and Bonnets,

of every kind, feeling assured that she has something to please the taste of all. She has a great variety of Costumes, embracing everything new and elegant for Dresses, Cloaks, Mantelletts, &c. Among her

FANCY GOODS

are a great variety of beautiful rich Flowers and Plumes, Ribbons, Dress Silks, and Trimmings of different kinds.

Dresses, Cloaks, and Bonnets made to order in the newest and and best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

Nov 7, 1851. 18

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: A part of the We Pe Reserve, Lying at the Junction of the St. Marys and St. Joseph Rivers, commencing at a stake on the east line of the land he occupied at the time of the execution of the said mortgage, by Chauncey Hackley, near a Walnut tree, thence north three chains and seventy-five hundredths to a stake near a Cherry tree, thence east sixteen chains to a stake near a thorn bush, thence south to a stake near a large Sycamore tree, three chains and seventy five hundredths, thence west to the place of beginning containing six acres, in Allen county, State of Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of William Lytle at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

April 21, 1852. [$4 25] 6x42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number one hundred and four, Original Plat of the town of Fort Wayne, and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of James Barnett at the suit of Ferguson, Collins & Co.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

May 29, 1852. [$2 88] 4x42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditi Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 31 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Henry Cooper, at the suit of Joseph L. Clark, Dey mus, Sinclair & Nixon, et al.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

May 29, 1852. [$2 75] 4x42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number eighteen (18), in Plan, and Lots number two hundred and fifty six (256) and two hundred and fifty-seven (257) in Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of John G. Wagner at the suit of Joseph G. Bowers.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

April 22, 1852. [$4 00] 6x42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: The undivided half (½) of the north east quarter (¼) of the north west quarter (¼) of Section thirty-three (33) Township thirty-one (31) north of Range twelve (12) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Asa Pierce at the suit of Peter Wagoner.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

April 12, 1852. [$3 00] 5x41

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the north half (½) of the south west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), and the east half (½) of the north east quarter (¼), and east half (½) of the south west quarter (¼) of section thirty five (35), Township thirty-one (31), range thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Reid and William Reid at the suit of James G. Homer, Bell, and others.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.

April 7, 1852. [$3 00] 3x44

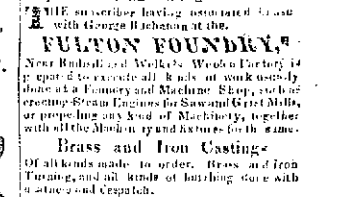
Rochester Garden Seeds,

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Fort Wayne, March 10, 1852.

The Plow that Beats the World.



JOHN RICH'S

Patent Iron Beam Plow,

TROY, N. Y.

THIS PLOW has become the universal favorite of the farming community wherever it has been known, and needs only to be introduced to be in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It has taken the first premium at all the Fairs where it has been exhibited, viz: Saratoga, Montgomery, and Rensselaer Co. and at the great Fair of the American Institute at Castle Garden, New York, it was awarded the first Premium, a Silver Medal, for the Plow of the best and cheapest mode of construction.

The undersigned having purchased the right of making and vending these superior Plows in Northern Indiana, is now manufacturing them at Freeman's City Foundry, north of the City Mills, Fort Wayne, where they will be offered for sale. Farm experimented to sell and examine. WM. B. BARTH FLOWER.

Fort Wayne, March 12th, 1852. 13w36

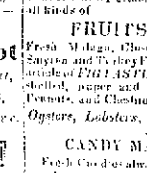
CINCINNATI

Stove Depot

No. 81 Columbia Street,

NIAGARA BUILDINGS,

Sign Red Stove.



A. D. BRANDUP

WOULD call attention of the public to his large and well selected Stock of

Cooking Stoves & Tin Ware.

Having for a number of years been engaged in the manufacture and sale of Stoves, feels confident that he can make satisfaction that will suit the wants of this community. His Stoves are of the superior kind, and for delivery they equal of Iron, and for beauty and convenience of cons ruction are excelled by none; all of which are warranted to bake first rate and give general satisfaction.

To attempt a full description of the various styles and qualities will be to numerous to mention, would be useless, the only object of the notice is to inform our readers to call and examine for themselves. Then I will give them a detailed statement of the different qualities and advantages of each particular stove, and plan my

Very Low Prices,

which will astonish even the natives.

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.

A large and complete assortment of Tin Ware at wholesale and retail, at prices that cannot help but suit the

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOB WORK done at the shortest notice, in the best of workmanship. Shown gutter and roofing made and put up to order at the shortest notice.

March 6, 1852. 6m35

HOSIERY—just received at No. 41 Hanna's Block, a fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Cotton Knitting Yarn, &c.

MRS DYKES.

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN quart bottles, the Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

For Female Complaints it stands without a rival. More Evidence! Another Remarkable Cure! Read it!

COLUMBUS, Ind., June 11, 1850.

Dr. S. D. Howe & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been afflicted with a cough for the last three or four years, which caused me very much pain in the breast, despite of all the medical advice and care my family physicians. I had despaired of ever again being restored to health. Five months ago I noticed the advertisement of Dr. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla. I purchased a bottle, took it, and perceived one bottle good, gentlemen, the result of taking two bottles of Dr. Howe's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, I can now say to you, and one who was a long time a sufferer, that I am entirely relieved from all cough—pain in the breast, &c. MRS. NATHAN GRAVES.

Remember it is warranted to be

Purely and Entirely Vegetable.

And as a Female and Family Medicine it has no equal.

Remember you inquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Quart bottles $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5.

For sale by I. BAKER,
(Successor to S. D. Howe)
Proprietor.

No. 1, College Hall Wharf, at the foot of Ontario Fourth, Cleveland, O., to whom all orders should be addressed.

Agents—Wm. Powell & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.; Wm. Hall & Co., Toledo, Ohio; Wm. Bell, Detroit, Mich.; Dr. Wm. Hall & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Dr. Wm. Hall & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Dr. Wm. Hall & Co.,